

# THE NAPANE

Vol. LIV] No 20 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA-FRID

## THE DOMINION BANK

BIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.  
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

### The Business Of Farming

—like the business of Manufacturing—should be done in a practical business way. Proceeds should be put in a bank. Payments should be made by Cheque. A certain percentage of the profits should be put in a Savings Account as an emergency fund. The man who has a cash surplus in a bank, is protected against bad seasons and hard times.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

## MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000  
Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,248,134  
Total Deposits..... 59,256,044  
Total Assets..... \$3,120,741

### Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch. E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.

Yarker Branch. L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.

## IMPORTED GARDEN SEEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

Also Poultry Supplies

### Raw Furs

Always Wanted at

SYMINGTON'S

111

## Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Paneled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath,  
plaster and wall-paper  
in beauty, durability, ease of

## GUNS

Get your Guns, Gramophone, Sewing Machine repaired Skates hollow ground, Saws gummed and filed, Horse Clippers sharpened, also all kinds of Light Brazing done, Coil Springs made and all kinds light machine work done promptly at

### Smith's Bicycle Repair Shop, West of Campbell House

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Catherine Charlotte Amey, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 66 and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Catherine Charlotte Amey, late of the Township of Erlestontown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Widow deceased, who died on or about the 19th day of March, 1915, are prepared to deliver or send by post prepared to John L. Whiting, Kingston, Ontario, Solicitor for Albert A. Miller and Sperry O. Snyder, Executors of the last will and testament of the said Catherine Charlotte Amey deceased on or before the 17th DAY OF MAY A.D. 1915; their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security if any had by them.

And further take notice that after the said 17th day of May, A.D. 1915, the said executors may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, taking regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN L. WHITING,

Solicitor for the said Executors.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1915.

Approved this 10th day of April, 1915.

J. H. MADDEN.

## Public Health Notice

Notice is hereby given that all house holders and other persons residing in the Municipality of the

## WAR SUMMARY OF THE LATEST EVENTS

Mr. Lloyd George, while preserving reasonable reticence, has cast some light on the present strength of the British armies in France and Belgium. Speaking in the House of Commons Wednesday afternoon he stated that Great Britain had started the war on the assumption that the Expeditionary Force would consist of six divisions, whereas the country now had more than six times that number of men in France. The press despatches speak of a division of the British army as consisting of 15,000 men, and the total number of British troops in France as 540,000 men. This is absurdly low. The Statesman's Year Book states Britain's plan for the organization of her Expeditionary Force as follows:—"On mobilization for war the bulk of the regular army at home becomes absorbed into the 'Expeditionary Force' to consist of a cavalry division, six divisions, and certain 'army troops' and 'line of communication troops' with a total establishment of 5,873 officers and 163,279 other ranks (Parliamentary White Book of March, 1911). A cavalry division consists of 4 cavalry brigades, (3 regiments each), 2 horse artillery brigades, 4 engineer troops, a wireless telegraph company, and 4 field ambulances; total establishment, 463 officers, 9,312 other ranks, 10,043 horses, 24 guns. A division consists of 3 infantry brigades of 4 battalions each, 4 field artillery brigades (1 howitzer), 1 heavy battery, 1 ammunition column, 2 companies of engineers, telegraph company, 2 mounted infantry companies, transport and supply column, transport and supply park, 3 field ambulances; total establishment, 599 officers, 19,052 other ranks, 7,284 horses, 77 guns.

From this it will be seen that Britain has in France in thirty-six divisions at war strength—apart entirely from the cavalry assigned to them—over 706,000 men, more than a quarter of million horses, or their equivalent in motor transport, and 2,520 guns of various sorts. The divisions in France, Mr. Lloyd George said, were adequately supplied, and EVERY MAN WHO HAD DROPPED HAD BEEN REPLACED. He further stated that nineteen times as much ammunition had been produced in British factories in March as in September last. It is evidently all needed, for more ammunition was expended in the battle of Neuve Chapelle than during the whole Boer war.

From the Chancellor's statement it is safe to infer that Lord Kitchener's hope that by May he would have almost a million adequately-equipped and well-trained men in the field is in a fair way of realization. Such a force must prove a mighty factor in the struggle. Germany does not now despise the British army. Reinforce-

### DOUBLE OBITUARY.

Matthew Shannon, the subject of this sketch, was born August 1833, on the ridge or watershed, arating mud and varry lakes, in Township of Camden, and died a home in Centreville, on Easter day, April 3rd, 1915.

His father and mother came to Canada in 1832, from Newtown Ard miles from Belfast, Ireland, he being their first-born in this country.

With the exception of four years residence after his marriage in Township of Sheffield, the balance was spent wholly in his native township.

In 1865, he and his devoted wife wed with the "Methodist Church" ever since continued their association with that body.

In 1866, he became a member of Prince of Wales Lodge, 146, A. F. A. M., Newburgh, was a charter member of Victoria Lodge, No. 299, A and A. M., Centreville, in due time became Worshipful Master, and under whose auspices he was given the beautiful Masonic burial service, assisted by R. W. Bro. A. B. Carscallen, I. G. M. and R. W. Bro. R. W. L. more, P. D. D. G. M.

He represented the Township of Camden, in the Council for five years two of which he was Deputy Reeve during 1875-6-7-8-9. Among his workers were, John W. Bell, C. Paul, Robt. Madden, J. S. Lochie all of whom predeceased him.

Though a Liberal in politics as a Methodist by preference, he thoroughly respected the opinions of those differing from himself, and among his warmest and friends were those of opposite political learnings and religious creeds.

Of a family of nine, two brothers James and Robert, of Napanee, one sister, Mrs. Mary Milligan, Centreville, survive.

County Treasurer, W. J. Shannon the only living son.

Susannah Clancy Shannon, wife of Matthew Shannon, only survived late husband four days, passing on this life on Thursday, April 8th, was buried in the same grave, side by side, 57 years in life, their earthly remains are still in the same position.

Born 19th April, 1838, with the exception of four years in Sheffield, his life was spent within a radius of miles of where she died.

Married by the Rev. Daniel Brock on 29th December, 1857, theirs was a beautiful life and truly the sunset of what the majority of humanity might desire.

Unbounded faith in the resurrection and a home inconceivably greater eye could see, ear hear, or heart understand, was theirs.

The funeral services were in charge of the Rev. Mr. Kemp and were held in the Methodist church, Centreville.

### STELLA.

Farmers are engaged with spring seeding. Report says the weather is working good.

John Miller has commenced duties again as keeper of the Brotin Island light.

## Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Pained Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath,  
plaster and wall-paper  
in beauty, durability, ease of  
application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

**BEAVER BOARD**  
can be used in new or remodeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.

APPLY TO



**MADOLE HARDWARE CO.**  
PHONE 13,  
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

THE VERY BEST

# SEED CORN

Yellow, Leaming and  
Giant White Ensilage

\$1.15 per Bushel

For next 30 days.

Flour, Feed, Bran, Shorts, Corn,  
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Buckwheat,  
Rye and Peas, Red Aisike and Alfalfa,  
Clover and Timothy.

A Car Load  
FROST FENCING AND GATES

### FERTILIZERS

Bibby's Cream Equivalent Oil Cake,  
Pure Linseed meal.

A variety of Ground Mixed Feeds,  
all at Lowest Prices.

I am open to buy all kinds Farm  
Produce—Hay, Grain, Potatoes, etc.,  
in car lots a speciality. Phone 175.

**FRED. A. PERRY,**  
DUNDAS STREET.  
Opposite Campbell House.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

### WAR STAMPS.

After 15th of April War Stamps  
must be used on all letters and cards.  
You can save the additional cost by  
buying your stationery at WAL-  
LACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

sots, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN L WHITING.

Solicitor for the said Executors.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1915.

Approved this 10th day of April, 1915.

J. H. MADDEN.

## Public Health Notice

Notice is hereby given that all house holders and other persons residing in the Municipality of the Town of Napanee must remove all putrid and decaying animal and vegetable matter from all cellars, buildings and yards, and must clean out any foul or offensive drain, ditch, gutter, privy, cess pool, or ash pit, kept or so constructed as to be injurious or dangerous to the public health, and must also remove any accumulation of dung, manure, offal, filth, refuse, ashes, or stagnant water, on or

BEFORE MAY 1st.

1915, as provided by the Public Health Act.

Notice is also hereby given to all owners and occupants of property in the Town of Napanee that on and after the said May 1st all premises will be inspected, and if found in an unsanitary condition, will be ordered to be vacated until put in a sanitary condition.

Notice is also hereby given that night soil must not be buried but must be removed and taken away from the premises.

Any neglect or refusal to remove or abate such matter or thing as aforesaid shall subject the person or persons so neglecting or refusing to a penalty of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$50.00, in the discretion of the convicting Justices or Magistrate.

Any complaints against the violation of the Public Health Act should be made to F. W. Barrett, Sanitary Inspector for the said Town of Napanee.

By order of the Board of Health.

G. H. COWAN, M. D.,  
Medical Officer of Health.

W. A. GRANGE,  
Secretary Local Board of Health.  
Dated April 12th, 1915.

# WALLPAPER!

We have found it necessary to order more of our popular Wall Paper.

The sales have been in excess of our wildest imaginations. The reasons are obvious.

Mr. Paul has travelled for the Watson Foster Co., for the past five years, and handling, as he has, so much he is able to get it at the very lowest price counting discount quantities.

As he has all the samples before the season commences he can at leisure make his selections, and they are certainly sellers.

An Examination of the line will be appreciated.

**Paul's Bookstore**

ed that nineteen times as much ammunition had been produced in British factories in March as in September last. It is evidently all needed, for more ammunition was expended in the battle of Neuve Chapelle than during the whole Boer war.

From the Chancellor's statement it is safe to infer that Lord Kitchener's hope that by May he would have almost a million adequately-equipped and well-trained men in the field is in a fair way of realization. Such a force must prove a mighty factor in the struggle. Germany does not now despise the British army. Reinforcements are being poured into Belgium to make good recent losses, and a sustained effort is being made to retake the position on hill 60, near Ypres, from which the British drove the Germans last Sunday. A British War Office report last night states that "violent" and continual counter attacks still are being made on Hill 60. Wednesday afternoon the enemy's activity was renewed, and between 8 and 9 o'clock two heavy attacks made by infantry were repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy. The hill was heavily shelled all night, and several further attacks were repulsed. It would seem that the battle of Hill 60 has developed into a definite trial of strength, in which thousands of men on each side have been already killed or wounded.

The French official report Wednesday night puts the emphasis on the fighting in the Woer. The Germans begin to understand how serious is the French advance between the Meuse and the Moselle, and are doing everything they can to stop it. No less than five German attacks were launched in the Wood of Montmare alone during the last twenty-four hours. On the south front of the St. Mihiel salient near Flory, a fresh German trench was carried and incorporated in the French lines. During the past few days the gain made has been almost half a mile along a continuous front. The enemy has left over 300 dead on the field. In Alsace, too, the French are uniformly successful. A general attempt to regain the ground recently lost near Hartmannsweiler was easily repulsed, though preceded by violent artillery firing.

From Petrograd comes a statement that apparently the Russians everywhere have suspended the offensive until the spring floods subside and conditions are more favorable for manoeuvring. The period of waiting is to be spent in strengthening and fortifying the new positions recently won. The only point at which active operations are still in progress is in the region of the Stryj, where the Bavarian attack which has been in progress for some time, has been definitely repulsed. It is believed that serious friction has developed between General Litzinger, the officer in command of this German army, and his Austrian allies, as to the strategy to be followed when the Russian advance is resumed. The Germans want to retire from the mountains and fight the Russians on the plains of Hungary, while the Hungarians naturally desire that everything possible be done to hold the enemy in the Carpathians. It will soon be discovered which view has prevailed in the councils of the Germanic powers. The holding of the Russians on the ridges of the Carpathians will be a fearfully costly business, even if practicable. Germany may decide that the immunity of Hungary from invasion may be purchased at too great a price.

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As he has all the samples before the season commences he can at leisure make his selections, and they are certainly sellers.

Don't forget our regular "Week-end Chocolate sale"—A 50 cent one pound box of Regent chocolates—selling on Saturday at 39 cents, at Hooper's Medical Hall.

well desire.

Unbounded faith in the resurrection and a home inconceivably greater than eye could see, ear hear, or heart understand, was theirs.

The funeral services were in charge of the Rev. Mr. Kemp and were held in the Methodist church. Centrally.

### STELLA.

Farmers are engaged with tilling seedling. Report says the land is working good.

John Miller has commenced his duties again as keeper of the Broth Island light.

Hugh Marshall towed the mail boat to Kingston on Friday for 1 pairs.

R. P. Sanders and Hugh Filson have been around this end of the land getting signers for a petition for rural mail.

J. E. McFern has erected a new mchine house for W. H. Prestor.

Capt. A. Glenn left last week for Buffalo, N. Y.

Visitors: Capt. T. Sanders, Kin-  
ston, at J. Sanders; Capt. and M.  
J. Sanders, Cleveland, at J. F. Hen-  
erson's.

## Roses, 25 cents per dozen, Saturday, a Hooper's.

### PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mrs. McCarten and Miss Kathie at Mrs. Chas. Vanalstyne's on Friday last week.

Mr. Ira Pringle, Kingston, who the agency for Rawleigh's medicin etc., spent a couple days last week Mr. W. R. Pringle's.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Burnell Denison scalped her foot badly, and hope she will soon recover.

Messrs. M. Dupree add G. Sills District visitors for Grace church, in the vicinity, called Wednesday and Thursday on all adherents.

Mr. and Mrs. Cummings at N. Chas. Vanalstyne's one evening recently.

Mrs. Garfield Sills and son at M. Milford Dupree's, Wednesday for t.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Vankonghnett and family were guests at Mr. Frank Vandeboart's on Sunday.

Our new neighbor, Mr. Doran, w married on Wednesday of last we to Miss Fitzmartin. Congratulations

Mrs. W. B. Sills called Thursd afternoon at Mr. Chas. Vanalsty and Mr. Cummings'.

Miss Marguerite Pringle spent Saturday at Mr. S. Bristow's Sandhurst.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree a family called Sunday at Mr. Ch. Vanalstyne's.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith and M. and Mrs. Fred Smith spent Friday evening at Mr. Merle Sills.

Mrs. McVicker, Napanee, spent several days at Mr. Job Herrington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sills visited St. Ballance, Strathcona.

Messrs. Z. A. and Roy Grooms ha purchased an automobile.

Mr. Percy Rose spent Sunday wi his friend, Mr. Roy Card.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Miller to dinner Sunday at Mr. W. B. Sills.

Mr. John Vankonghnett took dner Tuesday at Mr. F. H. Card's.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Scott visit Sunday at Mr. Merle Sills.

Mr. Irvine Card, Moscow, motor out to Mr. Miro Card's, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Frisker a family, Selby, visited Sunday at M. W. R. Pringle's.

Mrs. Jas. Brandon and Miss Win fred spent Friday at Mr. Fred Prie's.

Miss Mabel English and Mr. R. McMath at Mr. George Dupree's tea Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Card and M. and Mrs. W. B. Sills and fam motored out to Mr. Will Ballance Strathcona, Sunday.

Mrs. Garfield Sills at Mr. Geo. Dupree's Friday evening.

# ANEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, APRIL 23rd, 1915

## DOUBLE OBITUARY.

Matthew Shannon, the subject of sketch, was born August 21st, 33, on the ridge or watershed, separating mud and vary lakes, in the township of Camden, and died at his home in Centreville, on Easter Sunday, April 3rd, 1915.

His father and mother came to Canada in 1852, from Newtown Ards, 18 miles from Belfast, Ireland, he being their first-born in this country.

With the exception of four years' absence after his marriage in the township of Sheffield, the balance is spent wholly in his native town.

In 1865, he and his devoted wife united with the "Methodist Church" and since continued their associations with that body.

In 1866, he became a member of the Victoria Lodge, No. 299, A. F. & A. M., Centreville, in due time

same Worshipful Master, and under whose auspices he was given the beautiful Masonic burial service, assisted R. W. Bro. A. B. Carscallen, D. D. M. and R. W. Bro. R. W. Longmore, P. D. D. G. M.

He represented the Township of Camden, in the Council for five years, of which he was Deputy Reeve, during 1875-8-7-8-9. Among his co-workers were John W. Bell, George Robt. Madden, J. S. Lochhead, of whom predeceased him.

Though a Liberal in politics and a Methodist by preference, he thoroughly respected the opinions of those vastly differing from himself, and among his warmest and best friends were those of opposite political binnings and religious creeds.

If a family of nine, two brothers, James and Robert, of Napanee, and a sister, Mrs. Mary Milligan, of Centreville, survive.

County Treasurer, W. J. Shannon is the only living son.

Isabella Clancy Shannon, wife of Matthew Shannon, only survived her husband four days, passing out of life on Thursday, April 8th, and is buried in the same grave, side by side, 57 years in life, their earthly remains are still in the same position in death.

Born 19th April, 1838, with the exception of four years in Sheffield, her was spent within a radius of five miles of where she died.

Carried by the Rev. Daniel Brown 29th December, 1857, theirs was a beautiful life and truly the sunset was at the majority of humanity might desire.

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The funeral services were in charge of the Rev. Mr. Kemp and were both in the Methodist church, Centreville.

## STELLA.

Farmers are engaged with the sowing and reaping. Report says the land is working good.

John Miller has commenced his studies again as keeper of the Brothers in light.

Lug Marshall towed the mail boat to Kingston on Friday for re-

## JUNE ELECTION SEEMS PROBABLE

Ottawa, April 21—The Printing Bureau is working day and night upon voters' lists. Manufacturers and contractors are being held up for campaign funds. Not a Conservative member of Parliament is to be seen at Ottawa. The prospect for a June election is growing stronger every day. The Government is meeting to-day and an announcement of dissolution is expected by many. A flood of campaign literature has been started out from the Government Bureau. Only a miracle or the exercise of supreme authority will prevent a June election.

## EVERYBODY CLEAN UP

Napanee, April 20th, 1915  
To the Editor of the Napanee Express:

Dear Sir—May I through the medium of your paper make an appeal to the Citizens of Napanee for an extra effort toward the cleaning up and beautifying of our town this summer. It is just possible that a part of the American European Tourist traffic will be diverted to Canada this year, and some of these tourists may pass through Napanee, perhaps spend a little time here, and in common with most of the residents I would like them to carry away pleasant memories of their visit, which would be an advertisement for the town, but apart from this, there is another reason, which will probably appeal to most people and that is, a desire to improve our surroundings, it has been proven by experience that environment has a good deal to do with shaping the character of the individual, and a life that is lived amidst dreary sordid, or unclean surroundings is apt to be warped and twisted and pessimistic, to say the least, but if the conditions are bright and clean and orderly it will have a tendency to cheer and lift up the prospects of that life, but perhaps I am moralizing too much, if my desires outrun my judgment, of course your pardon, for my only motives are, a betterment of the conditions under which some people are existing.

How often we hear remarks; where people are passing some well kept lawn or a beautiful bed of flowers, such as these. "What a splendid lawn" or "Look at those lovely flowers" now these things don't just happen, the lawn does not come by chance neither do the flowers grow by accident, but they are there as a result of a little forethought and labour, and if some of our residents who never have tried to improve the outward appearance of their home, will spend a little time toward that end, clean up the backyard, have that unsightly heap of rubbish taken away, plant a few flowers around the house, arrange to have a creeper growing along that old fence, the result will be surprising and pleasing, not only to themselves, but to the neighbor and to the community.

In these modern days we are apt to forget the meaning of the word Home, some of us use it only as a stopping



Overland Model 81

## Five-passenger Touring Car, Model 81-T

30 Horsepower Motor  
Tires, 33 x 4 inches  
Demountable rims (one extra rim)  
Full stream-line body

Price \$1135, f. o. b., Hamilton.

Electric starting and lighting  
Left-hand drive  
Finish, Brewster green, with ivory striping

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234, NAPANEE, ONT.  
ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES

## DR. C. E. WILSON PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation:

11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 5 p. m.;  
7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.  
Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.  
Money to loan.  
Telephones—Office 33, Residence 132.

## DOXSEE & CO.

### Fresh Arrivals

### Authoritive Millinery!

Hats of every new style displayed for your choosing—never more plentiful.

Opportunity for individuality and every hat moderately priced

Large Sailors and Shephardess Shapes in black and colors.

Dr. J. P. Campbell  
Graduate with honor standing Toronto University.  
Physician, Surgeon and Accrueur.  
(Successor to late Dr. Ward.)  
East St., Napanee. Phone 60. 40

Ray F. English Fannie G. English

Drs. English & English  
OSTEOPATHIC  
PHYSICIANS.

Offices: West St. Phone 227  
38-1-y

H. W. SMITH  
(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)  
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,  
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.  
OFFICE—Centre Street.  
Phone 61.

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

### CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice Production. Pupils prepared for all examinations.

This season styles in Sheer Organdy and Lace Vestees, Collar and Cuff Sets, Coat Collars, new Flare Collars with pleated back.

## The Leading Millinery House

# Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cord wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00 per cord. Cut wood for sale.

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Apt. A. Glenn left last week for

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itors : Capt. T. Sanders, King-  
n, at J. Sanders : Capt. and Mrs.

Sanders, Cleveland, at J. F. Hend-

on's.

#### Roses, 25 cents per zen, Saturday, at ooper's.

#### PLEASANT VALLEY.

Irs. McCarten and Miss Kathleen  
Mrs. Chas. Vanalstyne's on Friday  
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Ir. Ira Pringle, Kingston, who has  
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W. R. Pringle's.

We are sorry to hear that Mrs.  
Denison scalded her foot bad-  
and hope she will soon recover.

less. M. Dupree add G. Sills, Dis-  
t visitors for Grace church, in this  
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y all adherents.

Ir. and Mrs. Cummings at Mr.  
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ately.

Irs. Garfield Sills and son at Mr.  
ford Dupree's, Wednesday for tea.

Ir. and Mrs. Jas. Vankonghnett  
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Our new neighbor, Mr. Doran, was  
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Miss Fitzmartin. Congratulations !

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pen, the lawn does not come by chance  
neither do the flowers grow by acci-  
dent, but they are there as a result of  
a little forethought and labour, and if  
some of our residents who never have  
tried to improve the outward appear-  
ance of their home, will spend a little  
time toward that end, clean up the  
backyard, have that unsightly heap of  
rubbish taken away, plant a few flow-  
ers around the house, arrange to have  
creeper growing along that old fence,  
the result will be surprising and pleas-  
ing, not only to themselves, but to the  
neighbor and to the community.

In these modern days we are apt to  
forget the meaning of the word Home,  
some of us use it only as a stopping  
place, with no other thought than its  
just a place to stay when we can't be  
anywhere else.

And I would like to appeal to the  
sense of pride of some of the property  
owners of the town, with a view of  
improving their property, there are a  
number of miserable, dilapidated old  
buildings which are no earthly use,  
and an eyesore, also a detriment to  
the surrounding property, which  
might better be pulled down, some of  
them have not been used for years,  
and others only occasionally, and is a  
breeding place for all kinds of vermin,  
some of them are already falling into a  
state of decay, and would be no fin-  
ancial loss to the owners, trusting  
that this appeal will be taken in the  
spirit and goodwill that it is written,  
and find a responsive chord in the  
hearts of the lovers of Napanee.

I am,  
Yours respectfully,  
F. W. BARRET,  
Sanitary Inspector.

#### MORVEN.

Next Sunday the Quarterly meeting  
services of Morven circuit will (D.V.)  
be held in Brick church at 2.00 p.m.  
The Rev. Samuel Sellery, M. A., B. D.  
Chairman of Napanee District will  
preach, and, after the preaching service,  
will administer the Sacrament of  
the Lord's Supper. To favor a general  
and large attendance at this most  
important and solemn service, all  
other services on the Morven circuit  
are cancelled for the day, except the  
Morven Sunday school, which will be  
held in Brick Church at 9.30 a.m.  
Everybody invited to attend both the  
Sunday school in the morning and the  
Quarterly meeting in the afternoon.

#### A Warm Welcome.

A bibulous old Scot, a golf caddie,  
who was as sharp and sarcastic as he  
was convivial, had a wife who was  
much troubled by her husband's  
loose way of life. He could never  
have a good day on the links but he  
must end it with a wet night at the  
tavern. So to cure him the woman  
lay in wait on the road one evening,  
dressed in a white sheet.

When her husband appeared she  
rose from behind a hedge, an awful  
white figure, with outspread arms.

"Who the de'il are you?" asked  
the intemperate caddie as he gazed  
unsteadily at the supposed ghost.

"I'm Auld Nickie," said the figure  
in a hollow voice.

"Gie's a shake o' yer hand, then,"  
said the tipsy caddie. "I'm married  
tae a sister o' yours. She'll be  
waitin' for us up at the hoose, an'  
nae doot she'll mak' ye welcome."

#### Pass On.

"I am still looking for an honest  
man," announced Diogenes.

"I can give you no help," declared  
the stranger.

"Who are you?"  
"I am an income tax collector."—  
Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

The mantle lamp supplies—You get  
them at Hooper's.

#### H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,

B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

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34

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We are selling well seasoned wood  
at the following prices: Hard cord  
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\$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood,  
\$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity  
of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00  
per cord. Cut wood for sale measured  
in stave wood length. Cut hard  
wood \$3.00, cut soft wood \$2.50.

We will deliver to any part of the  
town.

#### S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 107

# Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Veg-  
etable Parchment Paper, and  
keep it clean and sanitary.

10c per Package  
3 Packages for 25c.

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A RELIABLE MAN TO SELL HARDY  
CANADIAN GROWN STOCK IN  
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Send for list of SPRING OFFER-  
INGS, and terms to agents.

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General Manager, Robt. Campbell.  
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10-tf

# The Napanee Express

**E. J. POLLARD.**  
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

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All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c per line each insertion.

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Give Our Home-Made Bread a Trial.

We make a SPECIALTY of WHOLE WHEAT BREAD, sales increasing weekly.

Bread made by Electric Machinery, the only Bakery in town equipped with machinery, which insures cleanliness, and uniformity, do you appreciate these qualities? The answer is (Yes)! as we know by our ever increasing trade.

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Oysters best grades.

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'Pone 93. Sole Agent, Napanee.

## 15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs  
Some plain, all polished.  
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.

Will save you travelling expenses and commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look us.

**V. KOUBER,** - Napanee

## NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

The death occurred in Brockville yesterday of John Culbert, ex-M.P. He was a native of Leeds County, going to Brockville as a young man.

Gen. Villa at the head of 28,000 men had opened an attack on the army of 20,000 commanded by Gen. Alvaro Obregon and entrenched at Colaya.

All the Turks have been driven from Russian soil in trans-Caucasia, according to official despatches received yesterday at Petrograd from headquarters at Tiflis.

The Canadian Government is only entrusting the men at the front with three dollars at a time, according to information contained in a letter from a Montreal man in France.

Three hundred miners were buried alive by a cave-in that wrecked the interior of a colliery near Shimonoseki, Japan, yesterday. The entrapped men are 700 feet below the surface.

The London Times says that one effect of the movement of the Cabinet toward prohibition has been to create a remarkable demand during the past week for whisky by the bottle or case.

Frank Abarro and Carmine Carbone were found guilty in New York yesterday on the charge of having made and placed a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral on March 2. The jury recommended clemency for both men.

THURSDAY.

Mrs. Mack Thomas, of Pittsburgh, was shot to death yesterday by her 13-year-old son because she forbade him to take some of his playthings out of doors.

Frank Johnston, of Trenton, Ont., who accompanied the first contingent to Salisbury Plain and who was in the hospital for several weeks, has returned home.

Engineer Edward Ronan was instantly killed yesterday in Stratford when a shunting-engine side-swiped the locomotive cab into which Ronan was climbing.

The Militia Department has decided to withhold \$10 for a period of six months from pay of men enlisted after March 1st to provide for civilian clothing if a man is discharged.

Victriano Huerta, former Provisional President of Mexico, issued a signed statement yesterday in New York denying a published report that he had been driven out of Spain.

Fire which broke out at 4:15 yesterday morning destroyed the mill of John Piggott & Sons, a large lumber firm with plants in Windsor and Chatham. The loss is estimated at \$40,000.

A German aeroplane, which flew over the Dutch Island of Walcheren yesterday and dropped a box of papers, at Middleburg was shot to earth by Dutch soldiers and two airmen were interned.

B. F. Moore, of Highland Lake, Conn., found three fried eggs in a nest in the chicken house. The tails and wings of his forty White Leghorns were singed. A lightning bolt struck the house.

FRIDAY.

Andrew A. Voelker died suddenly yesterday at Berlin. He was in his

**MAGIC READ THE  
BAKING LABEL  
NO ALUM POWDER**

turned turtle while he was driving from Yarker to Camden East. He was pinned under the car.

At a meeting of the license commissioners for West Durham, at Bowmanville, the license of the Newcastle Hotel was refused for 1915-16. This is the last license in West Durham.

Pte. Harry Nichol, a member of the 39th Battalion, C.E.F., mobilized in Belleville, died here at an early hour Saturday of spinal meningitis. This is the third fatal case since mobilization there.

The steamship St. George reached St. John, N.B., Saturday from Bermuda with 300 German prisoners of war. They are chiefly sailors from warships. They were taken to the detention camp at Amherst, N.S.

Dr. D. A. Coon has been appointed superintendent of the Kingston General Hospital, succeeding Dr. H. A. Boyce, resigned. Dr. Coon is a native of Elgin, and graduated at Queen's University twenty-five years ago.

Ludwig Paul Selbach, claiming to be an American citizen, was remanded to custody in London, Eng., yesterday on the charge of being an alien enemy, who had failed to register himself in accordance with the British regulations.

Charles Rademacher, cook on the steamer John W. Moore, at Port Colborne, is infected with smallpox. He has been quarantined and it will be necessary for him to remain on the steamer till all danger of the disease spreading is past.

The two youngest children of Stanley Fuller, a farmer near Rapid City, Man., were burned to death in a fire which completely destroyed the Fuller residence. The blaze started during the temporary absence of the older members of the family.

TUESDAY.

Sessions designed to bring about a settlement of the strike of 16,000 union carpenters were begun in Chicago yesterday by the State Board of Arbitration.

Plunging into the Hudson river at Rondout, N.Y., Everett Morris, a "down-and-outer," saved two boys from drowning and earned the price of a meal from an onlooker.

Pte. Edward S. Jennings, of the Princess Patricias, reported killed in action, was a merchant at Bethune, Sask., before enlisting at the opening of the war. He was a prominent Orangeman.

The auxiliary German cruiser Kron Prinz Wilhelm was placed in drydock yesterday. Official survey of her condition was begun at once. The vessel is guarded by forty soldiers from Fort Monroe.

Peter McL. Forin, aged 47, barrister of Belleville, died yesterday of pneumonia. He was a son of the late John Forin of that city. A brother, Dr. Forin, lives in Elgin, and another brother is a judge at Nelson, B.C.

Downbound vessels at Mackinaw City, Mich., report the steamer Paliki aground on Simmons Reef in Lake Superior and blowing signals of distress. The Paliki was bound from the Canadian Soo to Chicago with steel rails.

John Westlake, of Winnipeg, sentenced to two years' imprisonment for complicity with Percy Hagel in releasing from custody of Kraftchenko, the murderer, has been released from prison on parole after serving

**HILL 60 IS CAPTURED**

British Make Advance of Th Miles Near Ypres.

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LONDON, April 20.—The following official statement was issued night at the British War Office:

"A successful action, commenced on the evening of the 17th, culminated Sunday night in the capture complete occupation of an important point known as Hill 60, which about two miles south of Zillebeke to the east of Ypres. This hill does the country to the north northwest.

"The successful explosion of mine under the hill commenced operations, and many Germans were killed by this and 15 prisoners were captured, including an officer.

"At daybreak on the 18th the enemy delivered a heavy counter-attack against this hill, but were repulsed with a heavy loss. They advanced close formation and our machine gun battery got well into them.

"Desperate efforts were made day Sunday by the Germans to recapture the hill, but they were everywhere repulsed with great loss. In fact of the captured position, which are now consolidated in strength hundreds of dead are lying.

"Sunday two more German aeroplanes were brought down in the area. Since the 13th inst., the total to the enemy is five aeroplane.

A despatch from Northern France says:

"News has just reached here one of the most important engagements of the war in the neighborhood of Ypres. The first ambulance train conveying our wounded arrived half an hour ago. My information comes from a source which places the following facts beyond doubt: Our sappers succeeded in mining the hill in that vicinity. The blowing of the hill Sunday morning was a signal for the opening of a battle extending over some miles of front. The havoc wrought among hundreds of German troops occupying the hill had a most terrifying effect on German lines both right and left, as our concentrated charge, in which our artillery played a most important part, had succeeded up to Sunday night in driving the Germans back from their first line of trench. The explosion of mines in the hill resembled the bursting of a volcano.

"The action is still in progress as our advance has been uncheckable. Eight hundred German prisoners have already come in, and every point to the enemy's losses being greater even than those at Neu Chapelle.

"At all points we have given the Germans a disagreeable taste of our metal. Their attitude is one of compression. Their aeroplanes are built with the bombardment of open towns but they are carefully chased away from the proximity of our fighting lines by the vigilance of our airmen which accounts for the fact that we are enabled to make our preparations for the attack without news at best with only scanty news of our movements leaking out."

The advance of French columns continued along both banks of the

## Few are beautifully carved

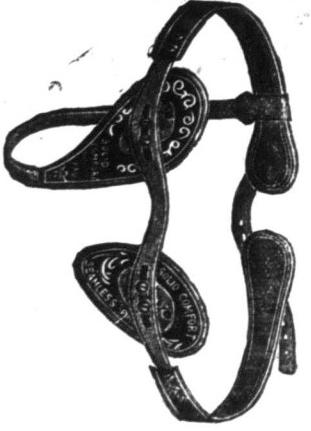
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B. F. Moore, of Highland Lake, Conn., found three fried eggs in a nest in the chicken house. The tails and wings of his forty White Leghorns were singed. A lightning bolt struck the house.

## FRIDAY.

Andrew A. Voelker died suddenly yesterday at Berlin. He was in his 57th year and was born in St. Jacobs, Ont.

William G. C. Gladstone, grandson of the great Liberal statesman, has been killed in action in France. Particulars of his death are lacking.

Charging her husband, Joseph Leblanc, of East Broughton, Que., with having led a double life, Leda Leblanc has filed an action to have her marriage annulled.

The death has been announced at Birkenhead of Edward McHugh, the English land reformer and trade unionist. He was a personal friend of the late Henry George.

B. F. Hart a wealthy merchant of Dekoven, Ky., was assassinated gun through the window. Thomas Brantley, a miner, was later arrested.

German artillery stationed near Bethune, France, is reported to have shelled a Belgian ambulance on Wednesday, killing three wounded Belgians and six wounded Belgian prisoners.

Princess Bismarck, widow of the son of the "iron chancellor," has placed a wreath on Bismarck's tomb at Friedensruh bearing the inscription, "To the memory of our hero, Otto Weddigen."

Many bullets fell on the American side of the river during the fighting at Matamoras on Wednesday, but no one was injured. Gen. Funston yesterday reported to the U. S. War Department from Brownsville.

## SATURDAY.

Nelson W. Aldrich, former U. S. Senator from Rhode Island, and for years prominent in Republican political circles, died at his home in New York of heart disease.

For stealing two overcoats from the hallway of the Hotel Dieu, Montreal, Adolphe Chevalier and Arthur Lefebvre have been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

Mrs. G. H. Bullen, aged 24, whose husband is employed with the Canadian Bank of Commerce, was struck by an automobile while crossing the street in Winnipeg and killed.

Navigation is open at the Soo. The steamer Paliki locked through at 6:15 p.m. Thursday night, downbound, and the McKee, upbound, reached the locks at 8:45 yesterday morning.

G. G. Publow, chief dairy instructor for Eastern Ontario, advises dairymen to produce as much cheese as they possibly can, as a great deal of cheese will go into the trenches to be consumed.

Two automobile bandits entered the saloon of Joseph Balchuns, Chicago yesterday, and seriously wounded Balchuns when he refused to obey their orders to hold up his hands. They took \$40.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, who was operated upon at Roosevelt Hospital, New York, is resting comfortably. It was stated at the hospital that the former mistress of the White House "is doing very well."

After searching several days for \$100 in one-dollar bills which had disappeared from his safe, Louis Newman, of Bayonne, N.Y., discovered that his pet cat had made a bed in the cellar with the money for her litter of five kittens.

## MONDAY.

William Dunn, of Yarker, was seriously injured when his automobile

ther, Dr. Forin, lives in Edmonton, and another brother is a judge at Nelson, B.C.

Downbound vessels at Mackinaw City, Mich., report the steamer Paliki aground on Simmons Reef in Lake Superior and blowing signals of distress. The Paliki was bound from the Canadian Soo to Chicago with steel rails.

John Westlake, of Winnipeg, sentenced to two years' imprisonment for complicity with Percy Hagel in releasing from custody of Krafchenko, the murderer, has been released from prison on parole after serving about half his term.

## EMBASSY READY TO GO.

Italian Diplomats at Trentino Prepare For Outbreak of War.

ROME, April 20.—The Giornale d'Italia yesterday published an interview with an unnamed neutral diplomat, who is quoted as having said:

"That Italy will participate in the war has been decided on. What now is necessary is clearly to agree on the delimitation and distribution of the eastern coast of the Adriatic between Italy and the Slavs. Italy cannot risk a war to drive out Austria from the Adriatic and have Austria replaced in a military sense by the Russian advance guards. Therefore Italy must have her strategic points completed by obtaining Avlona, Albania, across the Adriatic from Brindisi, with which she could close the sea. Some of the Slavs favor complete disarmament in the Adriatic."

The diplomat added that he thought that Russia and Great Britain would suffer less from the present war than from the antagonism between the two countries which would follow it.

A despatch from Copenhagen says:

"Special messages from Vienna state that great excitement prevails there owing to information received from Trentino.

"It is believed that war with Italy is imminent.

"The Italian embassy is said to be prepared for departure."

## Transports Sink Says Letter.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., April 20.—Unpublished information said to have been received from a British naval officer at home at Dundee, Scotland, on leave is contained in a letter written to a woman residing in Russell avenue, St. Catharines, by her daughter, who states that the officer informed her that the German cruiser which was sunk by Admiral Sir David Beatty's squadron in the North Sea were escorting two transports which had 5,000 German troops aboard. The letter states on the authority of the officer that the two transports were also sunk and all on board perished.

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**PORK & BEANS**  
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**Chili Sauce**

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Chapelle.

"At all points we have given Germans a disagreeable taste of metal. Their attitude is one of pression. Their aeroplanes are b with the bombardment of open to but they are carefully chased a from the proximity of our fight lines by the vigilance of our air which accounts for the fact that are enabled to make our preparations for the attack without news at best with only scanty news of movements leaking out."

The advance of French colour continued along both banks of Fecht river in Alsace, on German soil, yesterday, and forced the Germans hastily to evacuate Eselbruck above Metzeral, and to abandon large amount of war material. A big battle is expected to develop this section of the front in the future.

The Germans have not acquiesced with good grace in the French occupation of Les Eparges and continue to launch attacks in an attempt to regain lost territory. A fresh attack on this position was completely repelled early yesterday morning.

A sort of drawn battle between German and French infantry fought in the Montmarie wood yesterday.

The French artillery had the best of an artillery duel in the Regnville region yesterday.

## TROUBLE IN COLLIERIES.

Welsh Miners Decide To Give Notice of a Strike.

LONDON, April 20.—A critical situation has arisen among the coal miners. Representatives of the Welsh miners have unanimously decided in favor of tendering a fortnight's notice of a proposed strike to the mine-owners in order to enforce their demands for a 20 per cent. increase in wages. The Miners' Federation of Great Britain will meet to-morrow to decide what action they will take to compel the mine-owners to accede to their demand for similar increases.

That the result of the trouble will be anything like a national strike the miners is considered improbable but it may necessitate Government intervention in a very drastic manner.

## Cotton Being Barred.

LONDON, April 20.—That cotton is being kept out of Germany and Austria just as effectively as if they were declared absolute contraband, the tenor of a reply addressed by Attorney-General Simon to a conference of chemists and engineers who raised the question whether the action taken by the Government was sufficient to make it certain that no cotton reaches those countries.

## Japan Recalls Cruisers.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Japan has ordered all her warships in the Pacific waters near the American coasts, except those salving the wrecked cruiser Asama in Tsuru Bay to return to their home stations. Advises to that effect were received yesterday from Tokyo at the Japanese embassy.

## Blackmailer Pleaded Guilty.

NEW YORK, April 20.—John Merle, a youth of 19, pleaded guilty yesterday to a charge of attempted extortion in having written two letters to Vincent Astor demanding \$5 upon penalty of death. Merle pleaded guilty also to a charge of carrying concealed weapons, a revolver, which he attempted to use, having been found in his pocket when he was arrested Friday night. He was held in \$2,500 bail on a charge for grand jury action.

# L 60 IS CAPTURED

ish Make Advance of Three Miles Near Ypres.

ortant Battle Results In Losses to Germans Equal to Those at Neuve Chapelle — Sappers Got Under Hill and Exploded an Immense Mine—Advance Along the Fecht River.

DONDON, April 20.—The following official statement was issued last night at the British War Office: "A successful action, commencing the evening of the 17th, culminating Sunday night in the capture and complete occupation of an important hill known as Hill 60, which lies two miles south of Zillebeke, east of Ypres. This hill dominates the country to the north and west.

The successful explosion of a mine under the hill commenced the actions, and many Germans were killed by this and 15 prisoners were made, including an officer. It daybreak on the 18th the Germans delivered a heavy counter-attack on this hill, but were repulsed with a heavy loss. They advanced in formation and our machine gunners got well into them.

Desperate efforts were made all Sunday by the Germans to recapture the hill, but they were everywhere repelled with great loss. In front of the captured position, which we now consolidated in strength, hundreds of dead are lying.

Sunday two more German aeroplanes were brought down in this. Since the 15th inst., the total to the enemy is five aeroplanes." Despatch from Northern France

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An advance of French columns issued along both banks of the river in Alsace, on German

## GERMANY TO STOP RESCUES

Trawler Is Sunk and Another Coming To Save Lives: Is Driven Off.

LONDON, April 20.—The Admiralty has issued the following statement:

"Yesterday a German submarine torpedoed and sank the trawler Vanilia. The trawler Fermo endeavored to rescue the crew, but was fired at and driven off.

"All the crew of the Vanilia were lost. This killing of fisherfolk for no military purpose should not escape attention. It is the second murderer of this character committed within a week. A careful record is kept of these events."

A despatch from Northern France gives another example of German war methods. It says:

"The fierce fighting of a week or so ago at Drei Grachten has inflamed Belgo-German hatred to the highest degree. A frightful example of German vengefulness has just been reported. The Belgians who crossed to the right bank of the Yser were surprised at night and one regiment of men were killed, wounded and made prisoners. A tremendous effort was thereupon made by King Albert's army and finally the Germans were driven back to the old lines, leaving six hundred dead on the field. Taught by experience, the Belgians are organizing a system of night patrols to guard against surprises. Four days ago one of these patrols fell upon them all, as indeed it was their duty to do, or otherwise the alarm would have been given to the enemy. The whole affair was a regular and characteristic episode of the nocturnal warfare that goes on every night along the whole line of trenches from Switzerland to the sea.

"The German commanders determined to make an example that might prevent the sentries from being dealt with in this fashion in the future. Using some incident or other as a pretext, they had a certain number of Belgian prisoners put to death who had been captured in the fighting at Drei Grachten. The number of those "executed" was far greater than that of the sentries who had been surprised by the Belgians, according to all the rules of war."

## FEATS WITH GRENADES.

Three Out of Five Victoria Crosses Gained By Heroic Bomb-Throwers.

LONDON, April 20.—The important part that hand grenades are playing in the western campaign is made evident by the fact that of five awards of the Victoria Cross announced last night, three were for "conspicuous bravery" displayed in the use of these missiles.

Pte. Edward Brier of the First Battalion of the Grenadier Guards, at Neuve Chapelle, "ran in front of his grenade company and threw bombs on the enemy with such effect that a very great number of them at once surrendered."

"When the grenade party reached Barber," the report making the awards says, "they found him quite alone and unsupported and with the enemy surrendering all about him."

Cpl. Corp. Fuller of the Grenadier Guards won his cross in the same battle.

"Seeing a party of the enemy endeavoring to escape along a communication trench," the report says, "Corp. Fuller ran quite alone toward them and killed the leading man with a bomb. The remainder of the men, nearly 50, finding no means of evading his bombs, surrendered to him."

Lieut. Cyril Gordon Martin, who

## PRESSING SOUTHWARD

Russian Column Is Twelve Miles Below Rostok.

German Officers Are In Control of the Austrian Troops Defending Hungary—Russians Are Now In a Tactical Position To Go South Into Hungary or West Towards Cracow—Hindenburgh Is Active.

PETROGRAD, April 20.—The foremost Russian column in Hungary was on Saturday a dozen miles below Rostok, towards Cumanovo. It forms the centre of the main Russian southern advance, which is developing slowly and successfully, with fierce infantry fighting. Officers of the Galician army say that they never had such a succession of bloody struggles since the war began.

German officers everywhere control the Austrian tactics. Vast numbers of prisoners, both German and Austrian, are now reaching Kieff. The last consignment included men of the 32nd Prussian Infantry Regiment who began the war in Von Kluck's army, and subsequently fought at Soissons. They were recently brought to Hungary and moved immediately from the train into battle in the southern Carpathians. They are as tired and depressed as the Austrians and declare that they are glad of a rest and grateful for the food and attentions shown them by the Russians.

The weather is now much better throughout the southern battle area, but the roads are still in a deplorable condition. The lower Danube is flooded and the islands in the river are under water. Inside the Roumanian frontier numbers of cattle have been drowned and the villagers are living on the roofs of their houses.

Holding the principal chain of the Carpathians for a distance of 75 miles, the Russians are in a position to launch their troops westward from Peremysl to Cracow, or down the mountains into Hungary, as they see fit. They will probably move towards both objectives in order to keep the German General Staff at sea as to their actual intentions. The Russians have gained the initiative since the fall of Peremysl and in strategic parlance this will enable them to force the enemy to conform to their manoeuvres.

There are signs that Von Hindenburg, who is in East Prussia, not in France, contemplates making an attempt this week at a formidable diversion, with the object of countering the effect of the hopeless Austro-German position in the Carpathians. This is likely to take place in Suwalki Province, in the region of Mariampol, where a Russian army, westward of the lower Niemen, has for a fortnight past been gaining a succession of sectional victories.

## PLANS ARE SHATTERED.

Anglo-Indian Victory Ends German Hopes In the East.

LONDON, April 20.—Germany's dream of conquest in the Far East has been completely crushed. In one of the remotest corners of the earth a handful of British Indian troops has won the most important victory for British arms since the war began.

A Turkish force that attempted to drive the British from the Tigris and Euphrates valleys in Mesopotamia has been disastrously routed. The Turks are in full flight and have abandoned their campaign to drive

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D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,  
has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.  
Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

## Kingston Business College (Limited)

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Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.

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## HOW WOUNDS HEAL.

Nature's Processes Play a Large Part In the Operation.

Few people have any idea of the wonderful process by which wounds heal. Stitching, dressing, etc., are important operations, but none of them can make good the damage or replace the loss of tissue in a wound. This is the work of our good friends in the blood, the white corpuscles, the "scavengers," so called because they destroy disease germs.

When a wound is made, a bone broken, a nerve torn, etc., it is chiefly by these corpuscles finding their way out of the blood vessels into the surrounding tissues that the injuries by bullet or bayonet are repaired. The union of broken bones, nerves, skin, etc., is effected by the corpuscles finding their way into the coagulated blood which surrounds the injured parts.

They throw out what are called "processes," become fixed and join each other. A new tissue is thus formed, which becomes endowed with blood

all points we have given the  
mans a disagreeable taste of our  
al. Their attitude is one of de-  
sion. Their aeroplanes are busy  
the bombardment of open towns,  
they are carefully chased away  
in the proximity of our fighting  
s by the vigilance of our airmen,  
ch accounts for the fact that we  
enabled to make our prepara-  
s for the attack without news or  
est with only scanty news of our  
ments leaking out."

he advance of French columns  
tinued along both banks of the  
bt river in Alsace, in German  
yesterday, and forced the Ger-  
is hastily to evacuate Eiselbrucke  
Metzeral, and to abandon a  
e amount of war material. A  
battle is expected to develop in  
section of the front in the near  
ire.

he Germans have not acquiesced  
good grace in the French occupa-  
on of Les Eparges and continue  
aunch attacks in an attempt to  
in lost territory. A fresh attack  
in his position was completely rout-  
yesterday morning.

sort of drawn battle between  
man and French infantry was  
ght in the Montmarie wood yes-  
ay.  
the French artillery had the best  
in artillery duel in the Regnier-  
region yesterday.

#### TROUBLE IN COLLIERIES.

sh Miners Decide To Give Notice  
of a Strike.

ONDON, April 20.—A critical sit-  
on has arisen among the coal  
ers. Representatives of the Welsh  
ers have unanimously decided in  
or of tendering a fortnight's no-  
of a proposed strike to the mine-  
ers in order to enforce their de-  
s for a 21 per cent. increase in  
es. The Miners' Federation of  
at Britain will meet to-morrow to  
de what action they will take to  
el the mine-owners to accede to  
r demand for a similar increase.  
hat the result of the trouble will  
nything like a national strike of  
miners is considered improbable,  
it may necessitate Government  
vention in a very drastic man-

#### Cotton Being Barred.

ONDON, April 20.—That cotton  
eing kept out of Germany and  
ria just as effectively as if it  
e declared absolute contraband, is  
tenor of a reply addressed by At-  
ey-General Simon to a conference  
hemists and engineers who raise  
the question whether the action  
en by the Government was suffi-  
to make it certain that no cot-  
reaches those countries.

#### Japan Recalls Cruisers.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Japan  
ordered all her warships in the  
ic waters near the American  
sts, except those salving the  
cked cruiser Asama in Turtle  
to return to their home stations.  
ces to that effect were received  
erday from Tokio at the Japanese  
assy.

#### Blackmailer Pleaded Guilty.

NEW YORK, April 20.—John Mer-  
a, a youth of 19, pleaded guilty  
erday to a charge of attempted  
ortion in having written two let-  
to Vincent Astor demanding \$500  
n penalty of death. Merella  
aded guilty also to a charge of  
rying concealed weapons, a revol-  
, which he attempted to use, hav-  
been found in his pocket when  
was arrested Friday night. He  
s held in \$2,600 bail on each  
ge for grand jury action.

awards says, "they found him quite  
alone and unsupported and with the  
enemy surrendering all about him."

Lc-Corp. Fuller of the Grenadier  
Guards won his cross in the same  
battle.

"Seeing a party of the enemy en-  
deavoring to escape along a com-  
munication trench," the report says,  
"Corp. Fuller ran quite alone to-  
ward them and killed the leading  
man with a bomb. The remainder  
of the men, nearly 50, finding no  
means of evading his bombs, surren-  
dered to him."

Lieut. Cyril Gordon Martin, who  
already possesse the Distinguished  
Service Order medal, was in com-  
mand of a grenade-throwing party of  
six, and, "although wounded, led his  
party into the enemy's trenches and  
held back their reinforcements over  
two hours."

Pte. May of the Scottish Rifles and  
Pte. Tollerton of the Cameron High-  
landers were awarded Crosses for  
rescuing wounded men under fire.

"Pte. Tollerton," according to the  
report, "carried a wounded officer,  
while under a heavy fire, to a place  
of greater safety, although wounded  
himself. He then struggled back into  
the firing-line and remained there un-  
til his battalion retired, when he re-  
turned to the wounded officer and  
lay beside him for three days until  
both were rescued."

#### BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

German Officers In Turkey Killed In  
Battle By Turkish Troops.

PARIS, April 20.—German officers  
have arrived at Constantinople within  
the past fortnight to take the  
places of others who have been killed,  
says The Temps correspondent at  
Dedeagatch.

The Germans have induced the  
Ottoman Government to pass a spe-  
cial law authorizing superior officers  
to shoot at sight any officer of in-  
ferior grade or private disobeying  
orders, "but," the despatch continues,  
"the Turks have succeeded in killing a  
number of their German masters  
during battle."

#### Constable's Close Call.

VANCOUVER, B.C., April 20.—  
Police Constable R. B. Newington,  
was shot and then clutched into in-  
sensitivity by two burglars, surprised  
by him early yesterday morning robbing  
a store. They drew guns and he  
opened fire, but was struck by a bullet  
above the heart, the bullet being  
deflected by a tobacco pouch. One  
bulldog at least was struck, as blood-  
stains were traced for two blocks.  
Newington will recover.

#### Austrian Capitals Fortified.

ONDON, April 20.—"A reliable  
erson, who has just arrived from  
Austria and Hungary," says The  
Times' Bucharest correspondent, "de-  
clares that Vienna and Budapest are  
strongly fortified. On the left bank  
of the Danube Vienna is protected by  
long lines of trenches, barricades and  
barbed wire entanglements. Fourteen  
million dollars have been spent  
on fortifications."

#### \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to  
learn that there is at least one dreaded disease  
that science has been able to cure in all its  
stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh  
Cure is the only positive cure now known to  
the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a con-  
stitutional disease, requires a constitutional  
treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken inter-  
nally acting directly upon the blood and mucous  
surfaces of the system, thereby destroying  
the foundation of the disease, and giving the  
patient strength by building up the constitu-  
tion and assisting nature in doing its work.  
The proprietors have so much faith in its curative  
powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars  
for any case that it fails to cure. Send for  
list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sol! by all Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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Hopes In the East.

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of the remotest corners of the earth  
a handful of British Indian troops  
has won the most important victory  
for British arms since the war began.

A Turkish force that attempted to  
drive the British from the Tigris and  
Euphrates valleys in Mesopotamia  
has been disastrously routed. The  
Turks are in full flight and have  
abandoned their campaign to drive  
the British from the Persian Gulf re-  
gion.

In their hasty retreat through the  
desert they left behind a large part  
of their munitions of war.

The British apparently are now in  
undisputed possession of the southern  
part of the ancient kingdom of Ne-  
buchadnezzar. The Kaiser's plans  
for a new route to the east over a  
Bagdad-to-the-Gulf railway, have  
been shattered.

#### BUSY ELSEWHERE.

Germany Is Likely to Abandon Hope  
of Invading France.

LONDON, April 20.—Various rum-  
ors are current regarding the central  
powers. Austria, through the medium  
of Venice, is credited with receiving  
with consternation the news of the  
extension of the Landsturm service  
to all classes between the ages of 18  
and 50 years, while Rome is spon-  
sor for the statement, attributed to  
a high German authority, that the  
German general staff has discarded  
all plans for an advance on the  
French front, deciding simply to re-  
main on the defensive.

A despatch from Rome says the  
report has caused a deep impression  
because it is believed to signify that  
Germany has no hope of penetrating  
further into French territory.

#### Blacker Piracy Promised.

BERLIN, April 20.—(Via London)  
—Referring to the appointment of  
the captain of the British steamer  
Thordis as a Lieutenant of the naval  
reserve and the award of a medal to  
him for ramming a German sub-  
marine, an official statement issued  
yesterday says:

"It is therefore shown that the  
British Government approves of re-  
wards to its commercial vessels which  
make attacks on armed vessels con-  
trary to international law. Such ves-  
sels may now expect less than ever  
warning or consideration."

#### The Pessimist Says:

If Opportunity had enjoyed the ad-  
vantage of a modern course in busi-  
ness efficiency, it wouldn't leave a  
man's door after knocking a single  
time. It would leave one of these in-  
termittent alarm clocks.—Richmond  
Times-Dispatch.

#### Quite Safe.

"What did that man want with you,  
Henry?"

"He was after my scalp."

"Goodness gracious!"

"Don't be the least bit frightened.  
He's only a hair specialist."—Built-  
more American.

#### Retribution.

Today the boy who is sassing mother  
will grow up and marry a woman who  
will not stand for any pert talk.—New  
Orleans State.

#### Opportune.

"Opportune" once signified nothing  
more than "to be at the harbor." An  
opportune ship was a ship which had  
come to port.

When a wound is made, a bone  
broken, a nerve torn, etc., it is chiefly  
by these corpuscles finding their way  
out of the blood vessels into the sur-  
rounding tissues that the injuries by  
bullet or bayonet are repaired. The  
union of broken bones, nerves, skin,  
etc., is effected by the corpuscles find-  
ing their way into the coagulated  
blood which surrounds the injured  
parts.

They throw out what are called  
"processes," become fixed and join  
each other. A new tissue is thus formed,  
which becomes endowed with blood  
vessels. Fibers follow, and these serve  
to keep the torn tissues of the wound  
in what is surgically called "opposition."

In this tissue, in the case of a broken  
bone, bone salts are deposited; where  
nerves have been torn by a bullet nerve  
fibers grow, and so on. These fibers  
in the course of healing contract, and  
it is by that power of contraction that  
the edges of a wound are brought to-  
gether and united.—Pearson's Weekly.

#### Boys as They Eat.

Jerome K. Jerome in one of his un-  
consciously sentimental but conscious-  
ly clever essays remarks:

It is amusing to see boys eat, when-  
you have not got to pay for it. Their  
idea of a square meal is a pound and  
a half of roast beef with five or six  
good sized potatoes (soapy ones pre-  
ferred, as being more substantial),  
plenty of greens, and four thick slices  
of Yorkshire pudding, followed by a  
couple of currant dumplings, a few  
green apples, a pen'orth of nuts, half  
a dozen jumbles and a bottle of ginger  
beer. After that they play at horses.  
How they must despise us men, who  
require to sit quiet for a couple of  
hours after dining off a spoonful of  
clear soup and the wing of a chicken!

#### An Explanation.

The chairman of the program com-  
mittee was embarrassed. After much  
choking he said:

"I am very sorry, ladies and gentle-  
men. I am very sorry indeed, gentle-  
men and ladies—it gives me deep re-  
gret, ladies and gentlemen, to be com-  
pelled, gentlemen and ladies, to come  
before you with an excursion; but, la-  
dies and gentlemen, the lady who will  
sing next is not here. We suppose,  
gentlemen and ladies, that she has  
been providentially detained." — New  
York Post.

#### Details of Elegance.

"Hiram," said Mrs. Corntassel at the  
dinner party, "the table decorations  
were elegant, weren't they?"

"Yes," replied her husband as he  
pushed his finger bowl away. "There's  
only one little thing they forgot."

"What's that?"

"They didn't put any goldfish in the  
little aquaria."—Washington Star.

#### Effects of Love.

Willie—Paw, does love make the  
world go round? Paw—I guess it does,  
my son. I had a touch of the disease  
just before I got married and I have  
been sick ever since.\* Maw—Willie,  
you go up in the attic and stay there  
until I call you.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the  
Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

*From  
Girlhood*

THE change may be critical and cause "untold suffering in after-life." The modern young woman is often a "bundle of nerves"—"highstrung"—fainting spells—emotional—frequently blue and dissatisfied with life. Such girls should be helped over this distressing stage in life—by a woman's tonic and nervine—that has proven successful for over 40 years.

## Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is a keen enemy to the physical weaknesses of woman." A medicine prepared by regular graduated physician of unusual experience in treating woman's diseases—carefully adapted to work in harmony with the most delicate feminine constitution.

It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box, to Buffalo.

Every woman may write fully and confidentially to Dr. Pierce and his staff of physicians and Specialists at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and may be sure that her case will receive careful, conscientious, confidential consideration, and that experienced medical advice will be given to her free.

**DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS** regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules easy to take as candy.

*to  
Womanhood*

## FROZEN FOODS.

### And Why Care Should Be Exercised in Eating Thawed Fish.

Meat will stay fresh if kept at a temperature of 32 degrees F. Not so fish. Defrostation is due to two causes—micro-organisms, which are present everywhere, and certain fermenters normally contained in the flesh, which cause changes in composition and flavor. A temperature of 32 degrees checks the action of the former, but has little effect upon the latter. In the case of meat this has merely a "ripening" effect that improves the flavor and does no harm, but in the case of fish it makes the flesh taste disagreeable, although it may not be unwholesome.

This is why fish that is not marketed perfectly fresh is frozen. In practice 25 degrees F. is regarded as the proper temperature for storing frozen fish. Oysters should not be frozen, and it is held that they may be kept six weeks at a temperature of 40 degrees.

A bulletin of the United States department of agriculture speaks as follows of the possible dangers from eating fish:

"The formation of ptomaines quite generally, although not always, accompanies putrefaction (being greatest, it is said in its early stages), and therefore great care should be taken to eat fish only when it is in perfect condition. Fish which has been frozen and after thawing, kept for a time before it is cooked is especially likely to contain injurious ptomaines."

"In general it may be said that fish should be considered unfit for food when the eyes have lost their sheen, the cornea is somewhat cloudy, the gills pale red, when blubber shows at the gills, when the scales are dry or easily loosened or when the meat is so soft that if pressed with the finger the indentation remains. Laying fish in water has been recommended as a means of judging of their condition. Those which sink may be considered undecomposed and wholesome, while those which are decomposing will float."

## PERSIA'S DEVIL PLANT.

It is death to the animal it grips with its claws.

The devil plant they call it in Persia, and well they may, for it is more deadly to the flocks and herds that play so

## CAMPHOR'S TRAIL OF BLOOD.

### The Cost in Human Lives For Gathering the Pungent Drug.

Every drop of camphor you use is estimated to have cost at least its weight in human blood. There are few things which demand a heavier toll of lives than this pungent drug, which is so widely used for keeping moths out of our clothes and for making liniments and other remedies.

The reason for this is that the mountainous parts of the island of Formosa, from which the world gets most of its camphor, are inhabited by head hunting savages, whom the successive invaders of the island have been unable to subdue.

These savages are quite alive to the value of the camphor trees and fiercely oppose all attempts to get possession of the forests. Their hostility makes the gathering of camphor a most hazardous occupation and one in which a loaded rifle is the most indispensable tool.

Since the Japanese took the island after their successful campaign against China in the nineties they have been carrying on a carefully conceived plan of gradual penetration of the valuable camphor regions. They make paths six feet in width through the virgin forests. At intervals of every 120 yards stands a guardhouse, and every fourth or fifth guardhouse is a small fort, entrenched and defended by barbed wire entanglements, such as are being used on the battle grounds of Europe. Telephonic intercommunication, machine guns and all the resources of western military science are employed, and the lines are pushed gradually forward.

In spite of these elaborate precautions, the loss among the camphor gatherers amounts to hundreds of deaths annually.

It is calculated that Formosa contains about a million camphor trees, some 10,000 of which are cut down every year. At this rate the supply will be exhausted in a hundred years, but when the country is thoroughly pacified there is no doubt that the Japanese will see that reforestation is properly undertaken and an inexhaustible supply insured.

The savages who are making so much trouble are estimated to number about 120,000, and a further twelve years will, it is thought, be required to subdue them.—New York American.

## THEY LIKE PRISON LIFE

### A Class of Persons in Japan Who Try to Break Into Jail.

In Japan there are people who make sham confessions in order to obtain a period of the comparative warmth and comfort of a Japanese prison. The Japan Mail says: "The police slang of the capital has words to describe and distinguish these persons. 'Meshibuki,' or the rice criminal, will steal some small article from a shop front in such a way as to be seen doing it. He then makes a bolt of it, pursued by the master of the shop, or some faithful kozo, but presently allows himself to be caught and handed to the police. He has to 'do time' for his pretended theft, but his rice is secured for a period, and when that period has elapsed he will allow himself to be caught again.

"The 'unandon,' or 'eelbowl' criminal, is wiser than the one just mentioned. He does not actually commit a crime, such as will put him into the convict side of the prison, but allows himself to be found looking in suspicious places, underneath the broad verandas of a temple, or in the garden of a private house. He gets into prison all right but secures the more generous treatment of the house of detention, which is to the fare of the convict jail what a dish of eels is to a bowl of plain rice.

"The 'kuruma' is a criminal who makes a sham confession in order to get a free railway ride. Recently a man gave himself up to the police in Sendai as the perpetrator of the crime. He was brought to Tokyo and his story investigated. It was found to be a pure fabrication."

## TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYERS.

### They Have Many Important Parts to Play in Naval Warfare.

Torpedo boat destroyers, as the name implies, were first built to engage the small torpedo boat, which had become a serious peril to the big battleships and large cruisers.

No serious was the menace that searchlights and rapid fire guns were regarded as unreliable for the protection of these big ships against this smaller craft. It was thus that the destroyer was born, and, with graduation, its duties were extended until they included all that was formerly done by the small torpedo boat, and much more besides.

It is a fact that the modern destroyer is three or even four times as large as one of the earlier type, which naturally renders it much more seaworthy and obviously increases its radius of action, seeing that it is capable of carrying much more fuel.

The objects of a modern torpedo boat destroyer flotilla are many. Perhaps the paramount duty of every vessel in the flotilla is to discharge its torpedoes, should it get near enough, at the enemy's big battleships. But a very important office to fulfill is that of scouting, which comprises locating and reporting the position of the enemy.

Should the enemy make a night attack the destroyers are relied upon to locate and report the position of the attacking fleet's torpedo craft, as well as sink or drive them away before they can force an attack against the bigger battleships.—London Telegraph.

## WHAT TO TAKE TO

### BRITISH OFFICER OUTLINES NECESSITIES FOR A KIT

London Times Publishes Result Experience of One Who Has Participated in the Present Campaign—Many Articles De Necessaries Are Rarely Called —Field Kit All That Is Needed

One of the first questions ask officers who have lately returned the front is usually what to do with their equipment and kit, ren The London Times. It is often hard to find somebody who can from practical experience, and suggestions are offered in the that they may be of some assis to those who are waiting their for the firing line.

As every officer knows, the weight allowed to be taken in first line transport is only thirty pounds, while a further 100 pc is permissible as a reserve at base. Much ingenuity is wasted both. The "base kit" is never or wanted while the valise, wit sleeping bag and other luxurie never used. My advice to all of is, shortly, not to take anything their field kit, and not to rely much on that. A blanket and a terproof sheet for every man are in the transport wagons, used whenever possible, but the is only valuable for the storage spare pair of boots and a change underclothing, with possibly the dition of another suit of khaki is far better to rely on the pos the frequent replenishment of t like socks and shirts.

Boots must be very strong sound. The soles should be regly shod with iron, as the going is and there are no chances of ge boots repaired or even nailed. Two spare pairs of socks and laces the feet will look after t selves. Boracic powder is no unmixed blessing, as it makes skin too dry; in fact, few men u at all, especially nowadays, everybody's feet are hard to fit.

As regards equipment, a swor a very uncommon object in the It is inconvenient to carry, is awkward to tuck away in a tre and when one is at close qua with the enemy it is distinctly ferior to a bayonet. I would peral far rather carry a battleaxe, as I prefer a rifle my wants are easily supplied. Most officers n days have discarded the "Brcne" belt in favor of the o ary web equipment. The latter not take long to get used to, and many advantages, the chief b that it does not make the wear conspicuous. This, in a war w is more than usually remarkable the losses sustained by the com sioned ranks, is of great importa not only to the individual off but to the unit to which he has honor to belong. The risks run b officer are always greater than t of his men, and it is foolhardy useless to add to them.

The field glasses are best carrie their own strap, while the revv can be fastened on the left sid the belt, where it can be ea drawn. The haversack is us half filled by maps and a notebo a mug, a pipe, and a tobacco po while the rest is useful for as n biscuit and chocolate as can be p ed in, provided, of course, that owner is lucky enough to have Many officers dispense with all

means of judging of their condition. Those which sink may be considered undecomposed and wholesome, while those which are decomposing will float."

## PERSIA'S DEVIL PLANT.

It Is Death to the Animal It Grips With Its Claws.

The devil plant they call it in Persia, and well they may, for it is more deadly to the flocks and herds that play so important a part in their life than is the loco weed to the herds of our southwestern states.

It is in the fall that the devil plant gets in its deadly work. The flowers give place to seed pods with great bony like capsules and long, stiff claws like those of a beast of prey. These are hidden under the brown and yellow leaves, and when a grazing animal—a sheep, a camel, a wild ass or an antelope, for example—browses among the foliage the claws hook themselves into its nostrils. The animal tries to rub them off, but the more it rubs the deeper it forces the clawlike hooks into its skin. Its throat becomes so inflamed that it can neither eat nor drink, and consequently it dies of starvation and pain.

The animal's body lies in the open and decays, and into the decomposing flesh the hundreds of black seeds contained in the capsules of the clawed pod are discharged, for it seems that earth is not rich enough for them and only in decayed flesh can they find enough nourishment.

Drivers of caravans curse the devil plant, for it may cost them many of their beasts when these are turned loose to graze at night. But most of the semiwild beasts that graze in the country have learned to avoid it, even as the American herds have learned to avoid the deadly loco weed.—New York World.

### End of the Locomotive.

When railroad locomotives have served their time of usefulness or are badly damaged through accidents they are ordinarily scrapped and disposed of as salvage. This at least is the practice followed by many of the companies which turn over their obsolete equipment of this kind to firms which junk it. After the sheeting is removed from the sides of the locomotive the cutting is done with oxyacetylene torches. Castings, malleable iron and the different grades of metal are separated as the work proceeds.—Popular Mechanics.

### Independence.

"Johnny," queried the teacher, "do you know the meaning of independence?"

"Yes, ma'am," answered the little fellow. "It's when you don't owe nobody nothin' an' can look 'em in the eye and tell 'em to go to blazes."—Chicago News.

### Handed Him a Jolt.

Sapleigh—They say one should learn from the mistakes he has made and from the foolish things he has done. Miss Keen—if you followed that advice, Mr. Sapleigh, you would be one of the brightest men on earth.—Boston Transcript.

tains about a million camphor trees, some 10,000 of which are cut down every year. At this rate the supply will be exhausted in a hundred years, but when the country is thoroughly pacified there is no doubt that the Japanese will see that reforestation is properly undertaken and an inexhaustible supply insured.

The savages who are making so much trouble are estimated to number about 120,000, and a further twelve years will, it is thought, be required to subdue them.—New York American.

### War's Deaths Merely a Trifle.

The total population of the earth is about 1,800,000,000. Annually there are added to it 14,000,000 souls. Every year at least 80,000,000 are born and 60,000,000 or 70,000,000 die. This means a daily birth rate of about 220,000, a death rate of 180,000. The daily increase in population is 40,000. In comparison with this irresistible swelling tide what are the greatest battles, wars or earthquakes but almost microscopic ripples? If we imagine that the power were given to some despot to order a wholesale slaughter and that guillotines were kept busy beheading one man every minute night and day this would add only three-quarters of 1 per cent to the existing death rate!—Scientific American.

### Ceremony and Cannon Balls.

There is a tale told about an officer who was conversing with Marlborough during a hot engagement and insisted on taking off his hat and bowing profoundly every time he spoke to the duke. That great man suggested that at such a time they might very well waive all ceremony. But the officer bowed deeply to his commander's suggestion, and just as he was bending down a cannon ball cleared him and took off the head of a comrade. The officer on coming up again and seeing what had happened remarked calmly, "Your grace perceives that one loses nothing by politeness."—London News.

### Luring the Bees.

The Arabs and Bedouins of Tripoli profit by the industry of bees wherever vegetation abounds. At the swarming season empty hives are placed close to the old ones, and a trail of honey laid at each entrance. If a queen is disposed to fly away with her subjects lemon rind is rubbed on a wall near the hive; the quickly diffused, pungent odor attracts the bees, arrests their flight, and the lure of the honey at the portal completes their capture.

### In the Trench.

We live in trenches, and so few of us realize it. Life is a trench. Beside us are the jesters and the heroes, the living and the dead. In the intervals of our own escapements we make mud pies and gaze at the stars, or the sun's rays warm us and stir our loves and sentiments and cosmic cravings. We do not fight always in life's trench. Sometimes we lie asleep and dream, while others guard our sense of glory. And we helped to dig it.—Life.

### A Spelling Test.

"I prophesy an agreeable ecstasy in perceiving the unparalleled embarrassment of a harassed postilion while gauging the symmetry of a potato peeled by a sibyl." Dictate this sentence and find how many of your friends will be able to spell it aright.—Exchange.

my big battleships. But a very important office to fulfill is that of scouting, which comprises locating and reporting the position of the enemy.

Should the enemy make a night attack the destroyers are relied upon to locate and report the position of the attacking fleet's torpedo craft, as well as sink or drive them away before they can force an attack against the bigger battleships.—London Telegraph.

## STEAM MOTIVE POWER.

### It Had Been Used Long Before the Time of Watts and Fulton.

The Marquis of Worcester while imprisoned in the Tower of London in 1656 invented and constructed a perfect steam engine and had it publicly exhibited the same year at Vauxhall in successful operation.

Twenty-four years later, in 1690, Dennis Papin added the piston to the marquis' discovery. In 1698 Captain Savary devised and built a steam engine different in many details from those made by Worcester and Papin, and in 1705 Newcomen, Cawley and Savary constructed their celebrated atmospheric engine, which was complete in every detail.

The above array of historical facts notwithstanding, James Watt, who was not born until sixty years after these great men had given the steam engine to the world, enjoys the distinction of being the veritable inventor, originator and author of the most useful contrivance of the present day.

Fulton, who lived and worked in the early part of the nineteenth century, is given the credit of being the man who demonstrated that steam could be applied to navigation—this, too, in face of the well known historical fact that De Gary propelled a vessel by steam in the harbor of Barcelona in 1543.—St. James' Gazette.

### Arms and the Woman.

"Did anybody ever see a one armed woman?" asked a gray bearded man as he surveyed the afternoon parade. "I never did. Almost every day I meet one armed men, but I have yet to encounter a woman with that pitifully empty sleeve. Are there no women who have suffered that mutilation? It is not, why not? And, if so, where are they? Yesterday I heard it argued that there was no cause for a woman to lose an arm; that women do not go to the wars and are not engaged in occupations that are likely to carry away a part of their body. But that reasoning is not sound. Many women work in mills and factories, and they are as liable to accidents in the streets and public conveyances as men. Frequently they figure in these accidents; but, although men in the same situation would lose an arm, women never do. What is the cause of their immunity?"—New York Globe.

### Byron at Ostend.

At one time Ostend was a great fortress looking out over the North sea through her menacing loophole upon the sails of Vikings. A century ago Byron made his memorable flight, not from, but to Ostend, in terror of vandal bailiffs who were laying siege to his mansion in Piccadilly. The poet made the journey to Dover in his magnificent £500 coach, but had to wait until a storm abated before the mail packet felt it safe to set sail. That Byron was far from seasickness in his crossing "Childe Harold's Pilgrimage" testifies.—London Standard.

officer are always greater than of his men, and it is foolhardy to add to them.

The field glasses are best carried their own strap, while the revolver can be fastened on the left side of the belt, where it can be drawn. The haversack is usually half filled by maps and a notebook, a mug, a pipe, and a tobacco pouch, while the rest is useful for a biscuit and chocolate as can be carried in, provided, of course, the owner is lucky enough to have many officers dispense with all about three pouches on either side of the belt. With ten rounds in rifle and thirty more in the side pouches, one has as many as is likely to want in a day, and other three pouches can be used for revolver cartridges, a tincture, quinine tablets, and another beef tea lozenges or something of kind. A few officers carry a bayonet and entrenching tool, but, though they are both most valuable, it is a limit which must be set to weight to be carried. The entrenching tool has undoubtedly saved thousands of lives, and it is a matter for the individual officer whether he will prefer to carry it or rely on casual protection of temporary cover. It must, however, be remembered that one is carrying a revolver in addition to the ordinary equipment.

Lastly, as to the "pack," that important article of one's equipment. Opinions differ as to whether it is best to carry a greatcoat or a "berry," though personally I prefer the latter, together with a woollen waistcoat, as they do not take up more room and the weight is the same. Washing and shaving requisites are carried in the pack together with the canteen, which holds a meat ration or its equivalent, a mess kit filled with odds and ends, spare pairs of socks, a handkerchief, tape plaster, a Balaklava helmet, short muffer, the emergency ration and pair of gloves or mittens. It is all one can conveniently carry, at first it is quite heavy enough, which one has to contend, and an additional ounce must be avoided. When one is marching and digging and fighting these are three strong inducements to keep the weight down to its lowest limits.

### Before Spoons Were.

The domestic spoon probably has its origin to the shell rather than the human hand. Shells of the nautical scallop and oyster, it is believed, were used in prehistoric times as spoons and ladles, the handle being formed of a piece of wood split at the end to hold the shell firmly. Some savage nations make similar spoons up to the present day.

### Whitening Linen.

To whiten unbleached tabby or muslin or other unbleached fabrics, boil them in blue water such as is used for rinsing. After they are thoroughly scalded remove from boiler and hang them on the line without rinsing. The next wash will remove the bluing.

### Heard at the Hay Baler.

"A good laugh is sunshine in winter," remarked the proverb dispenser.

"Yes," rejoined the hopeless idealist, "but at that it isn't as stable as a horse laugh. What?"—Indiana Star.

### A Squelcher.

He (feeling his way)—Would you be married if you were I? She—I do believe I could—if I were you.—Boston Transcript.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

# WHAT TO TAKE TO WAR

## BRITISH OFFICER OUTLINES THE NECESSITIES FOR A KIT.

London Times Publishes Results of Experience of One Who Has Participated In the Present Campaign—Many Articles Deemed Necessary Are Rarely Called For—Field Kit All That Is Needed.

One of the first questions asked of officers who have lately returned from the front is usually what to do with their equipment and kit, remarks the London Times. It is often very hard to find somebody who can speak from practical experience, and these suggestions are offered in the hope that they may be of some assistance to those who are waiting their turn or the firing line.

As every officer knows, the trial weight allowed to be taken in the first line transport is only thirty-five pounds, while a further 100 pounds is permissible as a reserve at the base. Much ingenuity is wasted over both. The "base kit" is never seen wanted while the valise, with its sleeping bag and other luxuries, is ever used. My advice to all officers, shortly, not to take anything but their field kit, and not to rely very much on that. A blanket and a waterproof sheet for every man are carried in the transport wagons, and used whenever possible, but the valise

only valuable for the storage of a pair of boots and a change of underclothing, with possibly the addition of another suit of khaki. It is far better to rely on the post for frequent replenishment of things like socks and shirts.

Boots must be very strong and sound. The soles should be regularly shod with iron, as the going is bad and there are no chances of getting boots repaired or even nailed. With two pairs of socks and some creases the feet will look after themselves. Boracic powder is not an amixed blessing, as it makes the skin too dry; in fact, few men use it all, especially nowadays, when everybody's feet are hard to fit.

As regards equipment, a sword is very uncommon object in the field.

is inconvenient to carry, is very awkward to tuck away in a trench, and when one is at close quarters with the enemy it is distinctly inferior to a bayonet. I would personally far rather carry a battleaxe, but

I prefer a rifle my wants are more easily supplied. Most officers nowadays have discarded the "Sam 'cwne" belt in favor of the ordinary web equipment. The latter does not take long to get used to, and has any advantages, the chief being that it does not make the wearer so conspicuous. This, in a war which more than usually remarkable for losses sustained by the commissioned ranks, is of great importance, not only to the individual officer, but to the unit to which he has the honor to belong. The risks run by an officer are always greater than those of his men, and it is foolhardy and useless to add to them.

The field glasses are best carried on one's own strap, while the revolver is fastened on the left side of a belt, where it can be easily drawn. The haversack is usually filled by maps and a notebook, mug, a pipe, and a tobacco pouch, while the rest is useful for as much biscuit and chocolate as can be packed in, provided, of course, that its owner is lucky enough to have any. Officers dispense with all but out three pouches on either side of the belt. With ten rounds in the

# THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, April 19.—Despite a late setback, caused by reports that negotiations between Italy and Austria had been broken off, the wheat market today finished 1½c to 3c above Saturday night. Fulfilment of predictions of a big falling off in the domestic supply had much to do with the strong upward movement of prices the greater part of the session. Corn closed 1½c to 2c net higher, oats ½c to 1c down and provisions up 7½c to 25c.

## TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel.....	\$1.40	to \$1.35
Goose wheat, bushel.....	1.30	1.35
Buckwheat, bushel.....	0.85	
Barley, bushel.....	0.83	0.84
Peas, bushel.....	1.25	1.35
Oats, bushel.....	0.64	0.65
Rye, bushel.....	1.15	

## TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. eq. ....	0.35	0.37
Butter, creamery, solids. ....	0.33	0.35
Cheese, new, large.....	0.18½	
Cheese, twins.....	0.19¼	0.19½
Eggs, new-laid.....	0.21	....
Honey, new, lb. ....	0.12	

## WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, April 19.—May wheat was sold this forenoon at \$1.61½c, which exceeds all previous records for 1914 crops. July wheat was bid at \$1.61½c, which is only 1½c under the previous record of \$1.62 for this month on Feb. 3. Later higher figures were touched for May. Trading in futures was light and chiefly in the speculative element. There was little or no cash demand for wheat on the local market, while for oats there was a fair enquiry, and a few cars changed hands. Flax was dull, practically nothing being offered on the cash market. No new business in export was reported.

Total inspections on Saturday were 297 cars, as against 391 cars last year, and in sight today were 345 cars.

What futures closed 2½c to 3¾c higher, cash 2½c to 2¾c higher for contract grades, oats ¾c to ½c higher, and flax ¾c to 1c higher.

## MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.

MONTREAL, April 19.—There was some demand from foreign buyers for Manitoba spring wheat today and sales of a few odd loads were made for nearby shipment, but the prices bid for future shipment continue to be out of line. The tone of the local market for coarse grains is firm, but there is no improvement in the volume of business, the demand being still limited from both local and outside buyers. In flour the feeling is strong with a better business doing for export account, but the local trade is quiet. The trade in millfeed is rather slow.

Butter is fairly active and firm. Cheese is quiet. Demand for eggs good. Dressed hogs have advanced 25c per cwt.

## MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 19.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.54; No. 1 northern, \$1.59½; No. 1 hard, \$1.63½; No. 2 northern, \$1.55 to \$1.60½; May, \$1.57½.

## DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.

DULUTH, Minn., April 19.—Close-Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.63½; No. 1 northern, \$1.62½; May, \$1.61½ bid; July, \$1.59½; Sept., \$1.25½.

# CATTLE MARKETS

## UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 19.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 1910 cattle, 340 hogs, 34 sheep and lambs and 34 calves.

### Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy export steers, \$6.50 to \$6.75, and one load at \$7.85; choice butchers' steers and heifers, \$7.25 to \$7.50; good steers and heifers, \$6.90 to \$7.15; medium steers and heifers, \$6.60 to \$6.90; common at \$6.25 to \$6.50; choice cows, \$6.25 to \$6.50; good cows at \$6 to \$6.25; medium cows at \$5.50 to \$5.75; common cows at \$5 to \$5.50; cannars and cutters at \$3.75 to \$4.75; bulls at \$5.50 to \$6.75.

### Stockers and Feeders.

Feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., sold at \$6.25 to \$6.85; feeders, 600 to 800 lbs., sold at \$6 to \$6.50; stockers, 500 to 600 lbs., at \$5.50 to \$5.75.

### Milkers and Springers.

Choice fresh cows and forward springers sold at \$50 to \$91 each, and medium to good at \$50 to \$65; common at \$40 to \$50.

### Veal Calves.

The market for veal calves was a little

# TWO OUT OF HELL NO TORMENT THERE

## The Bible Hell Not the Theological Hell.

Jonah's Escape From Hell—Jesus

Was Delivered From Hell—

Everybody Goes to the Bible Hell

—Jesus Redeemed All From It—

Hence All Are to Come Out of It

—The Rich Man and Lazarus.



PASTOR RUSSELL

BOSTON, April 11.—Pastor Russell spoke here to-day. We report his discourse on Luke 16:23, "In Hell he lifted up his eyes."

By way of introduction the Pastor explained that the Old Testament tells us that at death all mankind go to Sheol—the tomb; and that the New

Testament tells the same story, using the Greek word Hades as the equivalent of the Hebrew Sheol; but that in modern translation of the Bible difficulty is encountered. Nearly all modern translations have been made within the last five centuries. For thirteen centuries before, the Bible had been little known. During that period grievous wolves had entered the flock of God, as the Apostles had foretold.—Acts 20:31.

When Bible study revived, the errors which had crept in were so entrenched in men's minds that the translators of the Bible unconsciously gave little twists in their endeavor to have it say what they thought it meant. Only when it was impossible to translate the word Sheol as Hell did they give it its true meaning—the tomb. But do their best, they could so translate only less than half the whole number of its occurrences. The Revised Version retains the words Sheol and Hades, leaving the reader to discover their meaning.

### Two Escapes From Hell.

The Pastor then told of several who escaped from Hell. The Prophet Jonah was in the fish's belly for parts of three days. He calls it his tomb-belly, a sheol-belly: Jesus tells us that Jonah's experiences typified His own—that as Jonah was in the sheol-belly of the fish, so Jesus would be in the sheol of earth. St. Peter shows that this was prophesied of Jesus, saying, "Thou wilt not leave My soul in Hades"—the tomb. He declares that God fulfilled this by raising Jesus from the dead.—Acts 2:27.

Whoever gets the proper focus will see that all, good and bad, go down to the tomb—to Sheol, Hades, called in our Bibles Hell. The Scriptures distinctly tell that "the dead know not anything"; that "there is neither wisdom, nor knowledge, nor device, in Sheol, whither thou goest"—whither all go; that "the wages of sin is death"; and that "the soul that sinneth shall die." There is nothing in the Bible for the commonly accepted thought that those who die go to Heaven or Purgatory or eternal torment. In this connection the speaker carefully explained that the term Gehenna, also trans-

# WOMEN WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED

## May Find Help in This Letter.

Swan Creek, Mich.—"I cannot speak too highly of your medicine. When

through neglect or overwork I get run down and my appetite is poor and I have that weak, languid, always tired

feeling, I get bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it builds me up, gives me strength, and restores me to perfect

health again. It is truly a great blessing to women, and I cannot speak too

highly of it. I take pleasure in recom-

mending it to others."—Mrs. ANNIE

CAMERON, R.F.D., No. 1, Swan Creek,

Michigan.

## Another Sufferer Relieved.

Hebron, Me.—"Before taking your remedies I was all run down, discouraged and had female weakness. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and find today that I am an entirely new woman, ready and willing to do my housework now, where before taking your medicine it was a dread. I try to impress upon the minds of all ailing women I meet the benefits they can derive from your medicines."—Mrs. CHARLES ROWE, R.F.D., No. 1, Hebron, Maine.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

# A LAND OF EXTREMES.

## Peru's Violent Contrasts in Climate, Altitude and Scenery.

Were I to be exiled and confined for the rest of my life to one country I should choose Peru.

Here is every altitude, every climate, every scene. Coastal Peru is an Egypt, central Peru a Tibet, eastern Peru a Kongo country. The lifeless desert and the teeming jungle, the hottest lowlands and the bleakest highlands, heaven piercing peaks and rivers racing through canyons—all are of Peru.

Here one meets with the highest village, the highest mines, the highest steamboat navigation. The crassest heathenism flourishes two days in the saddle from noble cathedrals, and the bustling ports are counterpoised by secluded inland towns where the past lies miraculously preserved, like the mummy of the saint in a crypt.

In the year 2000, when the Tyrol and the Abruzzi, Dalmatia and Carinthia, have lost their old world character, travelers may be seeking the towns hidden away in the Andes—Cajamarca, Huancavelica, Andahuaylas and Ayacucho—for rare bits of lustrous medieval life untarnished by the breath of modernism.—From "South of Panama," by Edward Alsworth Ross, in

his men, and it is foolhardy and less to add to them. The field glasses are best carried on one's own strap, while the revolver is fastened on the left side of the belt, where it can be easily drawn. The haversack is usually filled by maps and a notebook, a pipe, and a tobacco pouch, while the rest is useful for as much coffee and chocolate as can be packed in, provided, of course, that its owner is lucky enough to have any. Officers dispense with all but three pouches on either side of the belt. With ten rounds in the cartridge and thirty more in the right pouches, one has as many as one likely to want in a day, and the other three pouches can then be used for revolver cartridges, a tin of nine tablets, and another with tea lozenges or something of the kind. A few officers carry a bayonet entrenching tool, but, though they are both most valuable, there is a limit which must be set to the right to be carried. The entrenching tool has undoubtedly saved thousands of lives, and it is a matter of individual officer whether he prefers to carry it or rely on the usual protection of temporary cover. It must, however, be remembered that one is carrying a revolver and a bayonet in addition to the private'sinary equipment.

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#### Before Spoons Were.

The domestic spoon probably owes its origin to the shell rather than to human hand. Shells of the mussel, scallop and oyster, it is believed, were used in prehistoric times as spoons and ladles, the handle being made of a piece of wood split at one end to hold the shell firmly. Some savage nations make similar spoons to the present day.

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To whiten unbleached table linen, austin or other unbleached article, boil them in blue water such as is used for rinsing. After they are thoroughly scalded remove from the fire and hang them on the line until rinsing. The next washing remove the bluing.

"Heard at the Hay Baler. Good laugh is sunshine in the sun," remarked the proverb dispenser.

"So as to re-establish my credit with the others."—Philadelphia Ledger.

#### Worse Off.

Clerk—I would like to marry, Mr. Broker, but on my salary I cannot. Junior Partner—Well, I could on your salary, but I can't on my share of the profits.—Chicago News.

"Be sure to put your feet in the right place, then stand firm."—Lincoln.

medium steers and heifers, \$6.60 to \$6.90; common to \$6.25; good cows at \$6 to \$6.25; medium cows at \$5.50 to \$5.75; common cows at \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters at \$3.75 to \$4.75; bulls at \$5.50 to \$6.75.

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#### Milkers and Springers.

Choice fresh cows and forward springers sold at \$50 to \$91 each, and medium to good at \$50 to \$62; common at \$40 to \$50.

#### Veal Calves.

The market for veal calves was a little stronger. Choice calves, \$9 to \$10; good calves, \$7 to \$8; medium calves, \$5 to \$6; common calves at \$4 to \$5; bob calves, \$2 to \$2.50 each.

#### Sheep and Lambs.

Sheep, light ewes, \$7 to \$7.50; heavy sheep, ewes, \$5.50 to \$6.50; rams, \$6 to \$7; spring lambs, \$5 to \$9; yearling lambs, \$9 lbs., at \$11; heavyweight yearlings, \$9 to \$10.

#### Hogs.

Selects, weighed off cars, sold at \$9 for the bulk of sales, but \$9.25 was also paid in one or two instances.

#### Montreal Live Stock.

MONTREAL, April 19.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, altho receipts were light, they were ample to fill all requirements. Demand from packers for supplies was fair, and sales of full loads of choice steers were made at \$7.75, good at \$7.25, while choice cows brought \$6.25 per 100 pounds, but the demand from butchers for small lots was limited, as most of them now are buying dressed beef, owing to the failing off in the consumption.

The feature of the small-meat trade was the good demand for calves, of which supplies were ample, and sales were made at from \$2.50 to \$12 each, as to size and quality. The trade in sheep and lambs was very quiet, owing to the limited number available on the market, and prices ruled firm. Hogs were unchanged, but firm, with a good demand from packers, and sales of selected lots were made at \$5.50 to \$9.60, sows at \$7.50 to \$7.60, and stags at \$4.75 to \$4.80 per 100 pounds, weighed off cars.

Butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.75 to \$8; do., medium, \$6.50 to \$7.25; do., common, \$5 to \$6; canners, \$3.50 to \$4; butchers' cattle, choice, cows, \$6.25 to \$6.50; do., medium, \$5.50 to \$6; do., bulls, \$5.50 to \$6.75; milkers, choice, each, \$65 to \$70; do., common and medium, each, \$55 to \$60; springers, \$45 to \$50.

Sheep, ewes, \$5.75 to \$6; bucks and culs, \$5.25 to \$5.50.

Lambs, \$5.25 to \$5.25.

Hogs, off cars, \$9.50 to \$9.60.

Calves, \$2.50 to \$12.

#### Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Cattle—Receipts 18,000. Market firm. Beeves, \$6.25 to \$8.65; cows and heifers, \$3.10 to \$8.30; calves, \$5.75 to \$8.25.

Hogs—Receipts 22,000. Market weak. Light, \$7.40 to \$7.80; mixed, \$7.35 to \$7.75; heavy, \$7 to \$7.65; rough, \$7 to \$7.20; pigs, \$5.50 to \$7; bulk of sales, \$7.50 to \$7.65.

Sheep—Receipts 12,000. Market strong. Native, \$7.60 to \$8.70; lambs, native, \$8.40 to \$10.85.

#### Negro Hanged for Murder.

SYDNEY, N.S., April 20.—John West, colored, was hanged yesterday morning for the murder of Miss Cassie Dunn, of North Sydney, last December. He was executed at the county jail at 6.15 o'clock. Death was instantaneous. Holmes was executioner.

West walked to the scaffold unassisted. He protested his innocence to the last. He did not sleep during the night, and refused breakfast.

#### A Financier.

"Why did you give that \$10 you owed me back before the entire company?"

"So as to re-establish my credit with the others."—Philadelphia Ledger.

#### Worse Off.

Clerk—I would like to marry, Mr. Broker, but on my salary I cannot. Junior Partner—Well, I could on your salary, but I can't on my share of the profits.—Chicago News.

"Be sure to put your feet in the right place, then stand firm."—Lincoln.

down to the tomb—to Sheol, Hades, called in our Bibles Hell. The Scriptures distinctly tell that "the dead know not anything"; that "there is neither wisdom, nor knowledge, nor device, in Sheol, whither thou goest"—whither all go; that "the wages of sin is death"; and that "the soul that sinneth shall die." There is nothing in the Bible for the commonly accepted thought that those who die go to Heaven or Purgatory or eternal torment. In this connection the speaker carefully explained that the term Gehenna, also translated Hell, is a Scripture symbol of the Second Death.

#### The Rich Man In Hell.

The remainder of the discourse was a very reasonable interpretation of the parable of The Rich Man and Lazarus. The Pastor holds that the story is a parable, not a literal statement. He considers it unreasonable to suppose that, without a word being said as to his character, a man should be roasted eternally simply because he was well-fed and well-dressed; or, on the other hand, that sores and destitution are qualifications for Heaven.

He then suggested that the Rich Man represents the Jewish nation, rich in Divine promises. Their spiritual table was bountifully supplied. To them belonged the promises of the Kingdom, represented by the purple of royalty. Theirs was the "fine linen" of typical justification, accomplished on their annual Atonement Day. In A. D. 70, the Jewish nation died, and ever since has been in Hades, although the Jews have been very much alive and have suffered many things, especially amongst professed Christians of the Tare class.

Lazarus represents Gentiles who desired God's favor, but were "aliens from the commonwealth of Israel." They had no table of Divine blessings, no promise of royalty, no white linen of typical justification. These things belonged to the Jews exclusively until his national rejection and the subsequent receiving of the Gentiles.

As the Jew died to his favor, so the Gentile died to his disfavor. As angels carried Lazarus to Abraham's bosom, so the early Jewish Church, God's messengers, received believing Gentiles into full fellowship as brethren. Thus figuratively Lazarus was taken into Abraham's bosom—reated as his child.—Galatians 3:8, 16, 29.

The Rich Man represented two tribes—Judah and Benjamin. In the same proportion the five brethren would represent the other ten tribes. That only Israelites could be meant is shown in the statement, "They have Moses and the Prophets." The Gentiles had them not. The name "dogs" was one which Jews commonly gave to Gentiles. See Mark 7:25-29.

Who cannot see in this beautiful parable a teaching in full harmony with God's Wisdom, Justice, Love and Power! May our eyes of understanding open wide to a true knowledge of God's Word!

#### Experienced.

Mrs. Hitherto—Have you an experienced maid? Employment Agent—I can send you one who's had so much experience she can break steel enamel picnics dishes.—Puck.

What a good thing it is for most of us that money is not the only thing that will purchase happiness!

bursting ports are counterpoised by secluded inland towns where the past lies miraculously preserved, like the mummy of the saint in a crypt.

In the year 2000, when the Tyrol and the Abruzzi, Dalmatia and Carinthia, have lost their old world character, travelers may be seeking the towns hidden away in the Andes—Cajamarca, Huancavelica, Andahuaylas and Ayacucho—for rare bits of lustrous medieval life untarnished by the breath of modernism.—From "South of Panama," by Edward Alsworth Ross, in Century Magazine.

#### Donts.

Don't attempt to punish all your enemies at once. You can't do a large business with a small capital. Don't say "I told you so." Two to one you never said a word about it. Don't worry about another man's business. A little selfishness is sometimes commendable. Don't imagine that you can correct all the evils in the world. A grain of sand is not prominent in a desert. Don't mourn over fangled grievances. Bide your time and real sorrow will come. Don't throw dust in your teacher's eyes. It will only injure the pupil. Don't worry about the ice crop. Keep cool and you will have enough. Don't borrow a coach to please your wife. Better make her a little sulky. Don't imagine that everything is weakening. Butter is strong in this market. Don't publish your acts of charity. The Lord will keep the account straight. Don't color meerschaums for a living. It is simply dyeing by inches.—Mark Twain.

#### Hardly an Improvement.

Duncan's wife had the reputation of being a first class shrew. When Duncan died his neighbors put a tombstone over his grave, with the epitaph, "Asleep in Peace."

Widow Duncan was wild. It was meant as a slam at her, and she knew it was. It meant that she did not let him sleep in peace when alive.

The neighbors assured her that it was not meant that way.

"Then it ought to say so."

To please her they got a stonemason to add, "We all believe that he did have peace here—when he slept."

#### Most Restful Position.

Sitting in a chair or reclining on a lounge is not the most restful position, though it does ease certain portions of the anatomy. But why leave others strained? If a person must stand much the best rest is obtained by lying for a few minutes on the back, with the feet higher than the head. This eases strain on the overtaxed leg muscles and those of the feet also.—Chicago News.

#### Why They Never Buy Havanas?

"What kind of cigars do you wish to give your husband, madam—Havana or domestic?"

"Oh, domestic, by all means! I'm giving them to him to encourage him to spend his evenings at home, you know."—Judge.

#### Gather Ye Roses While Ye May.

"Gerald and Vanessa are to be married. I get the credit for making the match."

"Take all the credit you can get, my dear. In a few years they may perhaps be giving you the blame."—Pittsburgh Post.

In the day of your prosperity be joyful, but in the day of adversity com-

**Shiloh** 25  
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.  
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

# Special Sale of Furniture For Balance of April.

**Beautiful Dresser**—with large Bevel Plate Glass Mirror, Mahogany finish reduced from \$18.00 to **\$13.00**

**Solid Oak Bedroom Suit**—with Serpentine Dresser and Stand, large Bevel Plate Mirror, beautifully finished in Golden Oak, complete suite ..... **\$31.00**

We also have Bed Room Furniture as low as **\$14.00** for complete suite.

**Three Piece Living-Room Suit, Imitation Leather \$40**  
(For Next Week Only.)

## JUDSON'S Furniture Store

**THE PLAZA BARBERSHOP and TOBACCO STORE.**

We think we can please you.  
**TRY US.**

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.  
**PAUL KILLORIN,** - Proprietor.

**ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP**  
**HARRY SCOTT,** Proprietor.

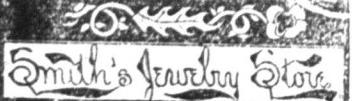
Everything Neat and Sanitary.  
Best of Service Guaranteed.

**GIVE US A CALL.**

**Eyes Right!**  
This Command is often given these war times.

What is more important is to have your eyes right at all times, and it is the business of our Optical Department to make them so.

Consult H. E. Smith about your eyes, have them scientifically tested. The latest appliances for making examination.



**Trees! Trees! Trees!**

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your

## Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.



University Base Hospital,  
University of Toronto.

A most appreciative and very gratifying acknowledgement of the case sent last week to the ladies' committee of the above hospital has been received, which should prove most encouraging to our workers, and be productive of a still greater response—as so many here and in the vicinity have been, or are, still associated with the University of Toronto.

The University Supply Association,  
Toronto, April 16th.

My Dear Mrs. Harshaw,

I wish you could have seen the joy of our committee when we unpacked the case from the "United Empire Loyalists" Chapter, I.O.D.E., of Nap-

ane. The kit-bags are beautiful, as indeed is everything else in the case—the packing committee particularly appreciate the neat bundles of bandages, and also the list enclosed.

With renewed thanks, I remain,  
Yours truly,

EDITH E. HENDERSON.  
The French National Relief Committee.

Do not forget to send in whatever any of our workers, or friends, can spare in the way of clothing, etc., for our French allies, which also include Belgians, many of whom have become refugees to safer parts of France.

Store-rooms and attics should yield something of use to these distressed people! Send all in to our room, when we will pack and ship.

The Committee begs to acknowledge with many thanks Mrs. A. L. McFear's beautiful knitting of socks recently received from Bath. Also appreciative thanks to Mrs. Alma Alkenbrack, of Tamworth, for 5 pair socks, 1 pair of wristlets, 1 muffler, knit by Glenn Wagar, a boy of nine, all from wool furnished—and a donation of a piece of print given by a lady to assist in making quilts, etc.

A very pleasant and profitable hour was spent over the tea-cups last Thursday. These interesting work-meetings continue each Thursday afternoon. Come and enjoy them with us! The committee room is also open every Saturday afternoon from 2:30 to 5:30 o'clock.

Calf meals.

Bibby's Royal Purple and International. All fresh.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

**ARBOUR DAY.**

Arbour Day is not observed in Canada to the extent which its importance warrants.

The people of Canada must ever keep in mind their dependence upon their forests. With large areas suitable only for forestry purposes, it is essential that the value of trees and their

**HOW PLEASANT IT IS!**  
By A. IRENE COWAN.

How pleasant, how divinely fair,  
Is springtime's embracing air!  
When the soul is led beside still

And restored to peace and joy.  
There your intellectual powers enter  
None to disturb you, none to a-

Go along the river's bank,  
And list to David's melodious  
The chords pealing forth from

[Golden]

Once the immortal breathes o

[It]

Now love embellishes, where one

And the soul's windows ope to [own]

Strewn in the Evergreen path,  
Along Pine Grove alley,  
Are buds of various hue indeed,  
Grown in the wildwoods from [nature's]

Tall pines shade out the heat,

And invites the lovers to enjo

The lovers pause and sing a psalm  
Under a ripe mulberry tree ;  
As they chant, there's a great call  
For on the other side of the sh

Souls list, and remain entranced.

While these two their Lord a

The worship didn't cease. For lo

In the beauty of holiness they l

Under an arch wreathed in roses.

And there amidst the balm of n

Surrounded in beauty, with He

[light a

They prayed and praised the G

[I]

The scene is passed, but O how !

And how divinely fair !

God speaks to us everywhere,—

In nature, with its charm and be

We ought to praise Him in true fe

Adore Him for His majestic cre

And thank Him in our meditatio

—

**PUBLIC LIBRARY BOOKS.**

Another large consignment of l has been added to the library among them are some excellent that should be in great demand, there are the following attractive uimes for the boys. Others can them to advantage too and deri lot of entertainment and instru from them.

The Search for the Spy.  
With French at the Front.

The Air Scout.

The Voyages of Captain Scott.

From the Trenches.

A Sturdy Young Canadian.

The Sea-girt Fortress.

With Hunter, Trapper and Sco

The Doings of Troop Five.

Troop Five at Camp.

The following books are of esp interest at the present time and sl be read by everyone who is endeng to solve the greater problems ing out of the war.

The Life of Emperor Francis Joseph Bismarck, His recollections and miniscences.

Britain as Germany's Vassal, The Life of Nietzsche.

Trietschke and the Great War,

Nash's War Manual,

Germany's madness.

A thorough acquaintance with b like the foregoing will quicken interest in the discussions upon war. The intelligent up-to-date r er will not miss this opportunity.

Then there are a number of e lent books of travel, well written beautifully illustrated. Among t are :

Africa in Transformation,

Peru a land of contrasts,

Cuba past and present,

A Wanderer in Venice,

China, India, Japan, etc.

### A FAMOUS DETECTIVE.

Vidocq Was a Notorious Thief Before He Joined the Police.

Modern detectives, as a rule, are fitted for their work by a long course of police training. But not so Vidocq, the great French detective, who was born in Aras in 1773. He began life as a baker and early became the terror of his companions by his athletic frame and violent disposition. At the same time he was a notorious thief, and after many disgraceful adventures he enlisted in the army.

In 1790 he returned to Paris with



## Trees! Trees! Trees!

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Rosos, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants for prices. Catalogue free.

### Agents wanted Everywhere

Apply for terms

J. H. WISNER, Nurseyman,  
49-Em PORT ELGIN, Ontario



## Carriage REPAIRING

We are at it "hummer and tings" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

## J. M. GRAHAM At Normile's Garage.

### Easy Getting Back.

A man named Blue was talking to his friend Brown one night, when the latter casually mentioned Black, a mutual acquaintance.

"Makes me think of an experience Black had a few weeks ago," laughed Jones. "He dreamed that he was an Indian and, getting out of bed, he wrapped a blanket around himself and started to walk through the woods. Woke up about three hours later and found himself ten miles from home and no carfare in sight."

"You don't mean it?" was the amazed rejoinder of Brown. "How in the world did he get back?"

"That was easy," was the cheerful reply of Jones. "He lay down under a tree, dreamed that he was an Indian again and walked back."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

### Rheumatism in One Reel.

An old darky appeared in the doctor's office one morning, plainly very low in his mind.

The doctor, recognizing his old patient, greeted him in his most inspiring manner.

"Well, Elijah, how is the rheumatism these days?"

"Porely, porely, sah!" replied Elijah dejectedly. "Believe me, Marse Doctor, Ise jest a movin' picture ob pain!"

—Woman's Home Companion.

### Vidocq Was a Notorious Thief Before He Joined the Police.

Modern detectives, as a rule, are fitted for their work by a long course of police training. But not so Vidocq, the great French detective, who was born in Aras in 1775. He began life as a baker and early became the terror of his companions by his athletic frame and violent disposition. At the same time he was a notorious thief, and after many disgraceful adventures he enlisted in the army.

In 1796 he returned to Paris with some money, which, however, he soon squandered. Next he was sentenced at Lille to eight years' hard labor for forgery, but repeatedly escaped, and in 1808 he became connected with the Paris police as a detective.

His previous career enabled him to render important services, and he was appointed chief of the safety brigade, chiefly composed of reprieved convicts, which purged Paris of the many dangerous classes. In 1818 he received a full pardon, and his connection with this service lasted until about 1828, when he settled at St. Mandé as a paper manufacturer.

Soon after the revolution of 1830 he became a political detective, but with little success. In 1848 he was again employed under the republican government, but he died penniless in 1857.—London Standard.

### Queer Pronunciations.

There are many names of places in England that puzzle the stranger. Hippisburgh, in Norfolk, for instance, is pronounced "Hazeboro." Abergavenny simply drops a syllable and becomes "Abergenny," and it is alleged that St. Neots sounds more like "Snoots" than anything else. Cirencester seems to vary from "Sister" to "Sizeter." In Suffolk Waldringfield is "Wunnerful" and Chelmondiston "Chimiston," while in the adjoining county of Norfolk Hunstanton is "Hunston," and in the west country Badgworthy is "Badgery" and Cornwood "Kernood." Huntingdonshire claims the purest English, but they call Papworth "Parpor." And not far from there a motorist turned upon a rough road and asked the intelligent laborers where it would take him. "That road," said the honest countryman, wiping his brow, "will take you to 'Ell, sir." The courageous motorist went on and found Elsworth, which is pronounced "Elser."—Manchester Guardian.

### Troop Horses' Burdens.

Cavalry are playing an unexpectedly large part in the war, and the weight carried by cavalry horses in the various armies is of interest. The British cavalry is armed with the short Lee-Enfield rifle, the magazine of which holds ten rounds; the sword, which is carried by all ranks except signallers; and the revolver, carried by warrant officers, staff-sergeants, sergeants, trumpeters, and drivers. Each trooper carries one hundred rounds of ammunition in a bandolier over the left shoulder. Cavalry regiments carry the lance. Altogether the British troop horse carries 280 pounds.

The Cossack pony carries about 238 pounds. The average weight carried by the Indian troop horse when ready for war is about 266 pounds. The Austrian "troopers" carry a weight of between 294 and 308 pounds, and the average in the French and German armies is about the same.

Tungsten Lamps, 25 and 30c each. Get your supply now. These are a Standard Lamp.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

### Calf meals.

Bibby's Royal Purple and International. All fresh.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

### ARBOUR DAY.

Arbour Day is not observed in Canada to the extent which its importance warrants.

The people of Canada must ever keep in mind their dependence upon her forests. With large areas suitable only for forestry purposes, it is essential that the value of trees and their protection should be thoroughly impressed upon Canadians.

While Arbour Day is observed in the rural schools, and in some city schools, its recognition by the general public is not as general as it should be.

In the province of Ontario, Arbour Day is celebrated to a limited extent in the schools. This is not sufficient, however. The observance of Arbour Day should be general. There is need in every part of Canada for the education and instruction which Arbour Day represents. The day should be observed as a public holiday, at a time most suited to the climatic conditions of the locality. Public recognition should be given to Arbour Day, and the planting and protection of shade trees, the preparation of flower and vegetable gardens, and the cleaning up of homes and surroundings should be advocated as special duties for the day.

Arbour Day has its justification in the value of trees, from whatever point of view they may be considered. Nothing contribute so much to make the world a pleasant place to live in as trees. The true home feeling is not satisfied without the presence of the trees, with their shelter and shade, their beauty of form and leaf, their blossom and fruit, their varying shades with the passing of the seasons, and their fulness of colour in the autumn days. They also afford homes and shelter for our feathered friends, the birds, during their annual visits to us.

There is nothing which will add beauty and value to a home or the schoolhouse more than the presence of trees; there is likewise nothing which adds more to the comfort of the pedestrian than shade trees on the roadside. The way may be long and dusty, but under the cool shade of the trees relief is found.

It is to be hoped, therefore, that the celebration of Arbour Day will become more general: that the planting and care of trees and shrubs around schoolhouses, homes, public spaces and by roadsides may have the effect of developing a keener appreciation of the value and beauty of trees; and that in thus enlarging the field of Arbour Day activities, greater interest may be created.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR'A

### LOW FARES

#### To Western Canada

Good going every Tuesday  
From March to October

#### TWO MONTHS RETURN LIMIT

### 125,000 Free Homes

along the

#### Canadian Northern

#### Railway

For literature and further

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R.E. McLean

Station Agt.

or E.

McLaughlin

Town Agt.



TRIESTE and the Great War, Nash's War Manual, Germany's madness.

A thorough acquaintance with the foregoing will quicken interest in the discussions upon war. The intelligent up-to-date reader will not miss this opportunity.

Then there are a number of excellent books of travel, well written beautifully illustrated. Among them are:

Africa in Transformation, Peru a land of contrasts, Cuba past and present, A Wanderer in Venice, From Dublin to Chicago, Longfellow's Country, The Cruise of the Janet, Nichol by Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson,

Among the Canadian Alps by Burpee.

In the nature study series is a handsome volume entitled "The Round of the Beaver." There is also a usual percentage of fiction which always finds its way to the general reader. The members of the board are desirous of getting a better class of books in circulation and with the object in view are purchasing the best upon the market. It is to be hoped that parents, teachers and reading public generally will show intelligent appreciation of their efforts. It is not to the credit of the patrons of the library that fiction is soon after by the great majority abandoned.

### THE RURAL TELEPHONE

There can be no doubt that a good telephone development in the rural community surrounding a town is of great benefit to both town and country.

The Chesley "Enterprise" of April last expresses its satisfaction with the telephone development in the district tributary to Chesley in the line terms:

"Chesley may well be proud of rural telephone connection. There are to-day approximately three hundred such phones which are owned and maintained by farmers. They connect direct with the switchboard of the Bell Company, the farmers paying that company a small annual fee for switching. In this way the farmer obtains intercommunication only with his neighbor on the same line, but with all phone holders comprising the Chesley Exchange. Long distance connections are also available when desired. While this development commenced in 1908, when the Orr & Steinhoff line and the Nor'Brant Association were organized, the real growth has taken place since 1911 when no less than thirteen local systems have been formed."

"This splendid showing has been brought about by co-operating with the Bell company and illustrates what may be accomplished in other sections where the farmers' phone is lacking. The farmers will go about it in the right way. Until recently, the Chesley farmer lines imposed an extra charge of 10c on each Long Distance connection. For example, if a Paisley phone holder talked to a farmer on the Chely line he was charged 25c of which 15c accrued to the Bell Company and 10c to the Chesley line whereas on similar calls reversed, the farmer on the Chesley line only paid 15c the regular long distance rate. This meant that the same rate was charged for the same service both ways and the Railway Board insisted that there should be no discrimination. The Bell company charges the same rate to all Long Distance business so we think the Chesley lines have adopted a wise course in abolishing this extra charge, thereby making the same rate to all subscribers on the Chesley exchange whether they are Bell or connected on one of the many local lines."

Wall paper, the new spring designs at Hooper's—Be sure you see the goods before buying elsewhere.

**HOW PLEASANT IT IS!**

By A. IRENE COWAN.

v pleasant, how divinely fair,  
springtime's embracing air!  
en the soul is led beside still  
[waters,

nd restored to peace and joy.  
re your intellectual powers employ,  
one to disturb you, none to annoy.

along the river's bank,  
nd list to David's melodious harp,  
chords pealing forth from Zion's [Golden Gate!  
nce the immortal breathes on the [heart,  
v love embellishes, where once was [hate,  
nd the soul's windows ope to it's [own mate.

awn in the Evergreen path,  
long Pine Grove alley,  
buds of various hue indeed,  
rown in the wildwoods from [nature's seed;  
l pines shade out the heat,  
nd invites the lovers to enjoy the [treat.

lovers pause and sing a psalm,  
nder a ripe mulberry tree;  
they chant, there's a great calm.  
or on the other side of the shore,  
is list, and remain entranced,  
While these two their Lord adore!

worship didn't cease. For lo!  
the beauty of holiness they knelt,  
er an arch wreathed in roses.  
nd there amidst the balm of nature  
rounded in beauty, with Heaven's [light above,  
hey prayed and praised the God of [Love!

scene is passed, but O how pleas [ant!  
nd how divinely fair!  
I speaks to us everywhere.—  
nature, with its charm and beauty,  
ought to praise Him in true fealty,  
dore Him for His majestic creation  
I thank Him in our meditation.

**PUBLIC LIBRARY BOOKS.**

another large consignment of books  
been added to the library and  
ng them are some excellent ones  
t should be in great demand. First  
re are the following attractive vol-  
umes for the boys. Others can read  
in to advantage too and derive a  
a of entertainment and instruction  
in them.

he Search for the Spy.  
ith French at the Front.  
he Air Scout.  
he voyages of Captain Scott.  
rom the Trenches.

Sturdy Young Canadian.  
he Sea-girt Fortress.  
ith Hunter, Trapper and Scout.  
he Doings of Troop Five.  
oop Five at Camp.

he following books are of especial  
rest at the present time and should  
ead by everyone who is endeavoring  
to solve the greater problems arising  
out of the war.

ife of Emperor Francis Joseph.  
ismarck, His recollections and Re-  
siscenes.  
ritain as Germany's Vassal,  
e Life of Nietzsche,  
etschke and the Great War,  
ash's War Manual,  
rmany's madness.

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the past and present.

Wanderer in Venice,

om Dublin to Chicago,

ngfellow's Country.

**TOWN COUNCIL.**

Council Chamber,  
April 19th, 1915.

Council met in regular session on  
Monday evening.

Owing to illness, Mayor Alexander  
was not present, and Reeve Denison  
occupied the chair.

Present—Councillors Wiseman,  
Waller, Carson, Dickinson, Graham  
and Walters.

The minutes of the last regular ses-  
sion were read and confirmed.

A communication from the Board  
of Education was read asking the  
council for an advance appropriation  
of \$1900.00 on their 1915 estimates.  
The money was needed for payment  
of teachers' salaries, etc. The usual  
yearly requisitions would be sent to  
the council shortly, but as the above  
amount would be needed before the  
next regular session, hence the re-  
quest. The request was granted, and  
the amount so paid, to be charged  
against the 1915 requisitions.

Mr. John English appeared before  
the council board on behalf of Mr.  
Chas. Stevens. It would seem that  
Mr. Stevens thinks that the assess-  
ment on his coal yard property at the  
foot of West street is away to high.  
From what Mr. English stated it  
would appear that Mr. Stevens want-  
ed a fixed assessment of about \$1200.  
The buildings and dock, at present  
was in need of considerable repair and  
if a reasonable arrangement was not  
arrived at this work would not be  
done, and other arrangements would  
be made.

Mr. Stevens is at present in Buffalo,  
and it was decided to leave the ques-  
tion open until Mr. Stevens' return.

Mr. John Towers appeared before  
the council in reference to the opening  
of a road leading to his property on  
the west side of the Newburgh road.

The Streets Committee were instruc-  
ted to take the matter up with the town  
solicitor, and also to investigate, and  
then report to the council at its next  
session.

The Seymour Power Co., in a com-  
munication from the Manager, Mr.  
Chas. Walters, informed the council  
that when their supply of 60 C. P.  
streets lamps were all exhausted they  
would be replaced with 80 C. P. lamps.

Ordered filed for future reference.

A communication was read from  
Geo. W. Gibbard in reference to the  
strip of land running south between  
office and finishing room. There is  
some doubt as to whether this strip of  
land is a street or whether the land  
belongs to the Gibbard Furniture Co.  
property. Would like the council to  
take such steps as are necessary to  
clean up any doubts in the case.

The matter was referred to the town  
solicitor for an opinion, and if he is  
satisfactory this strip of land is a street  
allowance, that the clerk be instructed to  
draft a by-law for the purpose of  
closing said street.

A communication was read from  
the Patriotic Committee, stating that  
owing to the present heavy drain on  
the funds of this committee it is desirous  
that all subscription amounts be  
paid in as soon as possible to the sec-  
retary-treasurer. On motion the sum  
of \$400, the balance of the council's  
last year's grant, was ordered paid.

Coun. Carson, reported that his  
committee has had the sludge well at  
the Disposal Works cleaned out.  
During the progress of the work the  
elevating system was put out of com-  
mission. He also reported the flow of  
water into the well still continues.

Coun. Dickinson, chairman of Mar-  
ket and Police Committee, reported  
that according to instructions of coun-  
cil, Chief of Police Graham had been  
taking action in reference to the en-  
forcing of the provisions of the Streets  
By-Law. Chief Graham had a list of  
names of offenders against the by-law.

**SATURDAY SPECIAL****15c. Selling Event.**

**To Start the Day off with a Rush, Extra  
Good Bargains are offered in all the  
Various Lines, listed at 15c.**

Little Pet finest quality Cashmere for children, colors Cardinal, Sky, Cream, Tan, Black, White, in sizes 4 to 7, regular 25c. pair, your choice Saturday..... **15c. pair.**

Ladies' 25c Pat Hose Supporters .....

25c. to 35c. Lawn Corset Covers, with fancy trimmings, all sizes, Saturday..... **15c.**

Ladies' 25c. Up-to-date Fancy Collars .....

The latest in Butterfly Barrettes, extra .....

25c. Hair Bands in the latest designs .....

Ladies' White Lisle Thread Vests..... **15c. or 2 for 25c.**

Ladies' out size, Fine Gage Hose, regular 25c., now..... **15c. pair.**

50c. Ribbon in heavy Sateen, 6½ inches wide..... **15c. yard.**

Waist Set Pins, 5 to set, guaranteed, extra .....

Large Crash Towels..... **15c. each, 25c. pair.**

McIntosh Bros'. Tea, Green or Black, ½ pound..... **15c.**

Children's Drawers, in fine lawn, all sizes, reg, 25c. now **15c. pair.**

Children's Aprons, Dresses and Rompers, in fine serviceable Gingham  
and Print, regular 25c., Saturday..... **15c.**

Butter Milk Complexion Soaps, 3 cakes in a box, **2 boxes 15c.**

**'Phone 228 McIntosh Bros. Napanee**

offered to do the work for \$3.00 per day.

On motion of Coun. Graham and  
Carson the tenders of Thos. Killorin  
and J. S. Chatterton were accepted.

Caretaking of Disposal Works—  
There were three tenders for this job.  
Messrs. S. Smith, John B. Kellar and  
Geo. Howie tendered to do the work  
for \$15 per month.

On motion of Councillors Carson  
and Dickinson the tender of John  
Kellar was accepted, term of office to  
run from May 1st, 1915, to May 1st,  
1916, the cleaning of the sludge well to  
be done by him, without the council  
furnishing any extra help.

Lumber—There was only one tender  
for lumber, that of Robt. Light, and  
it was accepted.

Cement—There were two tenders  
for cement. Boyle & Son's tender  
was \$1.75 per bbl. from car, and \$1.80  
from store; Madole Hardware Co.,  
\$1.70 from car, and \$1.75 delivered.  
Madole Hardware Co., tender accept-  
ed.

Nails—Boyle & Son and Madole  
Hardware Co., both tendered for nails  
at \$2.75 per keg. Boyle & Son got the  
tender.

Tile, elbows, wyes, etc.—Boyle & Son  
and Madole Hardware Co., tendered.  
Boyle & Son's tender being the lowest  
was accepted.

On motion of Councillors Waller  
and Walters, the clerk was instructed

building material which his company  
had for sale.

**ACCOUNTS.**

The following accounts were ordered  
paid:

Seymour Power Co.....	\$ 2 10
E. S. Lapun.....	6 00
F. Bowen.....	1 00
J. Richardson.....	15 00
J. L. Boyes.....	4 25
Chas. Stevens.....	33 00
H. W. Kelly.....	24 78
V. Cowling.....	11 22
J. G. Loucks.....	3 30
F. E. VanLoven.....	36 00

The following accounts were refer-  
red to committees: Napanee Iron  
Works, \$25.50, Fire Water and Light  
with power to act; Chas. Stevens,  
\$31.53, Streets Committee with power  
to act.

Council adjourned.

**LIME IN AGRICULTURE.**

One of the principal functions of the  
Chemical Division of the Dominion  
Experimental Farms is to attempt the  
solution of the problems connected  
with the maintenance and upbuilding  
of soil-fertility.

Among the many valuable results so  
far obtained in these investigations is  
the demonstration of the vital part  
played by lime in the increase of a soil's  
productiveness.

The subject is treated in an interesting  
and practical way in Bulletin No.

rmany's madness.  
thorough acquaintance with books  
the foregoing will quicken one's  
rest in the discussions upon the  
The intelligent up-to-date reader  
will not miss this opportunity.  
en there are a number of excel-  
books of travel, well written and  
tifully illustrated. Among them

rica in Transformation,  
ru a land of contrasts,  
ba past and present.  
Wanderer in Venice,  
on Dublin to Chicago,  
ngfellow's Country,  
e Cruise of the Janet,  
hol by Mrs. Robert Louis Steven-

ong the Canadian Alps by Dr.  
ee.  
the nature study series is a hand-  
volume entitled "The Romance  
e Beaver." There is also the  
percentage of fiction which al-  
finds its way to the general  
r. The members of the board  
esirens of getting a better class  
oks in circulation and with that  
in view are purchasing the very  
upon the market. It is to be  
l that parents, teachers and the  
public generally will show an  
gent appreciation of their efforts  
not to the credit of the patrons  
library that fiction is sought  
by the great majority above  
thing else.

#### THE RURAL TELEPHONE

re can be no doubt that a good  
one development in the rural  
unity surrounding a town is of  
benifit to both town and country.  
Chesley "Enterprise" of April  
st expresses its satisfaction with  
lephone development in the dis-  
tributary to Chesley in the follow-  
ers:  
esley may well be proud of its  
telephone connection. There  
day approximately three hun-  
such phones which are owned  
ntained by farmers. The lines  
et direct with the switchboard  
Bell Company, the farmers pay  
at company a small annual fee  
itching. In this way the farm-  
stains intercommunication not  
with his neighbor on the same  
ut with all phone holders con-  
the Chesley Exchange. Long  
ne connections are also available  
desired. While this develop-  
commenced in 1908, when the  
Steinhoff line and the North  
Association were organized, al-  
growth has taken place since  
then no less than thirteen local  
ns have been formed.  
is splendid showing has been  
ht about by co-operating with  
ell company and illustrates what  
e accomplished in other sections  
the farmers phone is lacking if  
armers will go about it in the  
way. Until recently, the Ches-  
rmer lines imposed an extra toll  
on each Long Distance connec-  
For example, if a Paisley phone  
r talked to a farmer on the Ches-  
he was charged 25c of which  
xed to the Bell Company and  
the Chesley line whereas on a  
r call reversed, the farmer on  
hesley line only paid 15c the Bell  
ir long distance rate. This  
that the same rate was not  
ed for the same service both  
and the Railway Board insists  
here should be no discrimination.  
ell company charges the same to  
subscribers as to the farmers  
on all Long Distance business,  
think the Chesley lines have  
d a wise course in abolishing  
tra charge, thereby making the  
e same to all subscribers at  
y exchange whether they are  
connected on one of the many  
ines."

last year's grant, was ordered paid.  
Coun. Carson, reported that his  
committee has had the sludge well at  
the Disposal Works cleaned out.  
During the progress of the work the  
elevating system was put out of com-  
mission. He also reported the flow of  
water into the well still continues.

Coun. Dickinson, chairman of Market  
and Police Committee, reported  
that according to instructions of council,  
Chief of Police Graham had been  
taking action in reference to the en-  
forcing of the provisions of the Streets  
By-Law. Chief Graham had a list of  
names of offenders against the by-law,  
and the chairman asked for further  
instructions as to procedure. Some  
of our citizens had passed the remark,  
that notwithstanding the by-law  
which prohibits it, they will still con-  
tinue to put their ashes upon the  
street, claiming it is the only way  
they can secure a good road in front  
of their property.

There was considerable discussion  
over any possible further action, but  
for the lack of some one to take the  
initiative, it "passed peacefully away".

#### TENDERS.

The following tenders were received  
for town work and supplies for 1915:

Street sprinkling—There were six  
tenders for the job of street sprinkling.  
Messrs. Thos. Killorin, J. S.  
Chatterton, and J. Barrett, asked  
\$3.50 per day, while Messrs. E. B.  
Miller, J. Benn, and Jas. A. Brown

was \$1.75 per bbl. from car, and \$1.80  
from store; Madole Hardware Co.,  
\$1.70 from car, and \$1.75 delivered.  
Madole Hardware Co., tender accepted.

Nails—Boyle & Son and Madole  
Hardware Co., both tendered for nails  
at \$2.75 per keg. Boyle & Son got the  
tender.

Tile, elbows, wyes, etc.—Boyle & Son  
and Madole Hardware Co., tendered  
Boyle & Son's tender being the lowest  
was accepted.

On motion of Councillors Waller  
and Walters, the clerk was instructed  
to write Mr. Wright, Kingston, the  
engineer who oversaw the construction  
of the Disposal Works, informing him as to the condition of the sludge  
well, and the elevator used therein.

Coun. Graham brought before the  
attention of the council the question  
of swinging the bridge crossing the  
river at the foot of Centre street. If  
it were not for the oil tank on the  
west side of the bridge, the bridge  
would not have to be opened very  
often, and the reduction in the cost of  
looking after it could be affected.  
The owners of the oil tank would be  
willing to remove it to the premises of  
Mr. VanLuyen provided the cost of  
said removal would be paid by the  
town.

This matter will receive the further  
attention of the council.

Mr. Armstrong, representing a road  
building firm, addressed the council at  
some length in reference to a road

#### LIME IN AGRICULTURE.

One of the principal functions of the  
Chemical Division of the Dominion  
Experimental Farms is to attempt the  
solution of the problems connected  
with the maintenance and upbuilding  
of soil-fertility.

Among the many valuable results so  
far obtained in these investigations is  
the demonstration of the vital part  
played by lime in the increase of a soil's  
productiveness.

The subject is treated in an interesting  
and practical way in Bulletin No.  
80 of the Experimental Farms' regular  
series, by the Dominion Chemist, Dr.  
Frank T. Shutt, who discusses it under  
the following heads:—

The nature of lime and limestone.

The Agricultural functions of lime  
and its compounds.

Comparative values of lime com-  
pounds.

The application of lime compounds.

The use and misuse of lime.

Those interested may obtain a copy  
of this bulletin by applying to the  
Publications Branch, Department of  
Agriculture, Ottawa.

#### IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without  
doubt that it surely pays every farmer  
to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in  
sealed tubes" as recommended and  
used by the government. For sale at  
WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED

## THE SOUL OF MUSIC

IS REVEALED IN

# COLUMBIA RECORDS



- ¶ No man or woman can be said to have known the soul of music who has been denied the privilege of hearing the new Columbia Grafonola play Columbia Records.
- ¶ No matter what ones mood or fancy conjures up, there is a musical selection on a Columbia Record which enables the listener to revel in its delights.
- ¶ If it is the dance, there are a thousand tunes to start ones feet a moving.
- ¶ If one feels more sober, there are a hundred ballads to stir the imagination.
- ¶ If the taste runs to Grand Opera, the most famous artists of the opera stage are willing to charm you.
- ¶ If it is to laugh, there are hundreds of songs and selections to provoke mirth.
- ¶ Why not go and investigate the Columbia Grafonolas and Records at the dealer's whose store is mentioned below :

R. B. ALLEN, Agent,

Market Square,

Napanee, Ontario.

Agents wanted where not actively represented.

Apply Music Supply Co. Toronto.

# Lumber Cedar Posts and Stakes

## Shingles, all Grades

ROBT. LIGHT, Napanee, Ont.

### Every Style Bracelet and Strap Watches

Silver, Gunmetal, Filled and Solid Gold

is one of the best buys  
you can make. It is a  
dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

**Our \$3.00 Strap Wristlet Watch**

dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

JUST WHAT YOU NEED !

### DRY PINE KINDLING

for starting fires  
— and then some

— DRY —

### HARD WOOD

(cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

1912 1916

Civil Gov....\$ 4,774,000.....	\$ 7,024,000
Fisheries ..... 843,000.....	1,561,00
Mines..... 261,000.....	547,000
Immigration. 1,364,000.....	1,875,000
Indians ..... 1,750,000.....	2,254,000
Customs ..... 2,443,000.....	4,215,000
Dom. Lunds. 2,277,000 ....	3,475,000
Post Office. 9,172,000 ....	16,677,000
Public Works 10,344,000.....	22,351,000

Totals.....\$33,234,000 ...\$50,979,000

In these items alone, and they cover considerably less than half the expenditure the Government is asking Parliament to ratify. APART FROM THE WAR, there is an excess expenditure over that thought necessary by the Liberals in the height of prosperity, of Twenty Seven Millions.

The result has been largely produced by extensive application of the principal, dear to these ministers, of dismissing two or three office holders and putting four or five new ones in their place. The stamp taxes are not for aid to General French. They are in aid of General Rogers, and the price of general inefficiency.

Men, your King and Country need you! Get in line for the next Continent.

Did Premier Borden back Britain when he increased the taxation on British goods entering Canada?

### E. W. GRANGE SPEAKS IN OTTAWA

Two prominent members of the parliamentary press gallery, Messrs. Edward Grange and James Muir, let the public into the confidence of newspapers and newspapermen of the Dominion, when they addressed a large audience in the Imperial theatre, under the auspices of the People's Forum, Sunday evening.

Mr. Grange even admitted that the editor of the "woman's page," who deals so ably with topics of feminine interest, is more often a man than a woman. Mr. Muir dispelled many of the erroneous impressions held by the public concerning newspapers. He spoke with characteristic humor, modestly admitting during the course of his remarks that the members of the fourth estate are usually men of "great capacity."

The addresses were slightly different from the kind usually heard at the Forum. They were brief and breezy and full of general interest.

#### THE APOSTOLATE OF THE PRESS

Mr. Grange dealt largely with the work of the parliamentary press men. He compared them to preachers, the chief contrast being that the latter went about their work after long years of preparation, while the newspaper reporter was liable to have to jump into his with practically no training, often with but an ordinary school education. He has no examinations to pass, has no trades union to belong to, no salary scale and no particular field, but he has a very large audience.

Mr. Grange asserted that members of Parliament would not speak so long if it were not for the press gallery. They seldom expected to switch any votes in the House by their remarks, but were speaking to the outside world through the press. They mean to get their ideas out through the gallery, and he asked for sympathy for the members of the gallery.

Speaking of the enormous task of a newspaper in crowding the world's news into about forty columns of space, and referring to the great variety of news that daily goes into print, he remarked that "all really are more interested in a cat fight on the corner than the theory of the greatest scientist in the world."

In speaking of the versatility of newspaper men, Mr. Grange confessed that he had once been editor of the women's page, but declared at present most of the big papers have women to look after this department now.

#### WHAT IS A JOURNALIST?

To explain the difference between a journalist and a newspaper man, the speaker said that in the profession a "journalist" was a newspaperman out of a job."

"Although the hours are long, the work hard and never finished, it is probably the most interesting of all pursuits—it is the study of human nature, and there is always something new. One day is never like another," he asserted.

In their efforts to get at what they think is the news, Mr. Grange said that newspaper men might sometimes be liable to forget the responsibility of the press or the national interest but they lost sight of those on fewer occasions than might be expected. He said the gallery men never maliciously damn a public man unless it is in the public interest.

As an evidence that partizanship in



Buy St. Lawrence Sugar in original packages. Un-  
touched from refinery to your cupboard, you are sure of  
sugar absolutely free from contamination or impurities  
of any kind.

St. Lawrence granulated white pure  
cane sugar is packed in three sizes of  
grain—fine, medium and coarse, in  
100 lb., 25 lb., and 20 lb. sealed bags,  
and 5 lb. and 2 lb. cartons.

All first class dealers can supply  
it so insist upon having St.  
Lawrence Sugar.

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINERIES  
LIMITED, MONTREAL



ized with, perhaps pitted, the speakers who addressed those audiences. This night he sympathized with the audience and with the speaker, more with the speaker. He had used to addressing larger audiences. But they were usually hundreds, perhaps thousands of miles away, in the press gallery, were, so speak, the filters through which go into the country the ideas and announcements, the great issues of national life. It was a vast audience and one to whom they presented moving pictures of the daily political life of parliament and government. The newspaper man began work no preliminary training beyond ordinary school training, no equipment but a lead pencil, a modicum of common sense, good grammar, and insight into human nature.

The subject allotted to us is work of the press," continued Grange. "By the press I mean average daily newspaper, Independent, Liberal or Conservative, covering every day in about forty columns of news print, world news, war, sport, politics, finance, social, police-court news, education, religion. To us on parliament hill, of course, comes first. But the ordinary newspaper editor, of course, is at present the first consideration, with possibly sport and Education, science, religion, literature are merely incidentals to fill up odd corners here and there if advertisements will permit. All this digest of what has happened to the world, and more particularly, what has happened just around the corner to someone we all know, has to be compressed into the work of a few hours of writing and editing. It has to be presented with constant perspective as to the psychology of the mob, the viewpoint of the average reader. And what the average reader wants is the daily problem of the reporter and editor. Perhaps it is not quite far to say that the things

# HARD WOOD

(cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

**CHAS. STEVENS,** COAL AND WOOD.

Phone 104

Office opposite Campbell House



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective January 25th, 1915.

#### TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate stations: Connection at TRENTON for PICTON: 4:25 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: \* 2:50 a.m.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 7:45 a.m.

For TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PICTON, and other intermediate points: 12:05 noon; 4:25 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH'S FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m.; \* 3:25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: \* 2:50 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 12:05 noon, 4:50 p.m., \*\* 6:35 p.m.

#### TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m., \* 3:25 a.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From BOE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.

From DESERONTO: \* 3:25 a.m., 7:45 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: \* 2:50 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 10:30 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From PROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH'S FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4:25 p.m., \* 2:50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

\* Daily. \*\* Daily except Monday.

AGATEWARE SALE—Made in Canada Agateware—See our window for all Agateware. For this one lot you will get the best bargains ever seen for quality; better prices than any departmental store offered, than any departmental store offered, than any 7 cent store. Watch the window. See the bargains. Prices will remain until sold out. No half dozen lots to any one person. At BOYLE & SON.

**Waterman's  
Ideal  
Fountain Pen**

For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

place. The stamp taxes are not for aid to General French. They are in aid of General Rogers, and the price of general inefficiency.

Men, your King and Country need you! Get in line for the next contingent.

Did Premier Borden back Britain when he increased the taxation on British goods entering Canada?

When is a "War Tax" not a war tax? When money is raised by a so-called "war tax" to help pay a deficiency in revenue, caused by undue extravagance.

We wonder if the leading Conservative press of Canada will undertake another patriotic flag-waving contest in the face of the sworn evidence produced, which shows that Canadian soldiers were sent off to the front with boots with paper soles, and possibly the officers riding horses similar to the "South African Veteran Horses," or plugs which were "bandied" around a Nova Scotia riding for "three ducks and a drake."

While the war lasts and while the British Empire, of which Canada forms a part, and while the Empire is passing through one of the most critical stages in its history, the people of Canada do not want an election, which if it does come, will divide the two political parties in what will undoubtedly be one of the most bitter contests in our history. In reference to the "reasons" given by Hon. Mr. Rodgers for holding an election, the question of the senate and its action, and other equal trivial matters of mere partisan difference, we believe that Sir Wilfrid Laurier hit the nail on the head when he said: "What do these things matter? What do our little difficulties matter in the face of the great issues with which we are confronted in connection with the present war? There are big things to claim our attention our efforts. We are party men, but under the serious circumstances which confront us to-day, what we should make paramount, what we should insist upon, is that the brave troops going out from us to the front to defend as noble a cause as ever engaged the effort of man, as noble a cause as any for which brave men have ever shed their blood, shall be as fully equipped as Canadian enterprise, Canadian money, and Canadian science, can equip them. This, for the moment, is our supreme duty, our greatest obligation." The responsibility for an election at this time certainly rests upon the Government in power, and if the country is thrown into a turmoil, with the hope of the Conservatives riding into power for another term, the Canadian people will know how to act.

## SOLUBLE SULPHUR

For Spraying

This new compound requires no boiling—simply dissolve it in water and spray.

#### PRICES

100 lb. drums..... 87 75  
50 lb. drums..... 4 75  
25 lb. cans..... 2 90

Ask us for literature on this new spraying compound.

## Wallace's Drug Store Limited

NAPANEE, ONT.

N.B.—Everything recommended by Agricultural College for sale here.

he asserted.

In their efforts to get at what they think is the news, Mr. Grange said that newspaper men might sometimes be liable to forget the responsibility of the press or the national interest but they lost sight of these on fewer occasions than might be expected. He said the gallery men never maliciously damn a public man unless it is in the public interest.

As an evidence that partisanship in newspapers is dying out Mr. Grange pointed to the recent disclosures in the public accounts committee, when both Conservative and Liberal newspapers dealt with the evidence in equal detail, in direct contrast to days of old.

Progress was being made towards giving the public more accurate and practical reports. Editorials do not carry much weight now unless backed up by the facts, and the editorials were taking a back place as compared with the news columns. Realizing that the public desire it, editors now want short, succinct summaries, with a touch of human interest, not the long drawn out speeches published in days gone by.

He said the coercive power of politicians on the press was also on the wane, except in cases where the politician is interested financially in a paper.

#### NO YELLOW PRESS HERE.

"The Canadian press as a whole appreciates the commercial value of truth—there is no yellow press in Canada—no disclosing of family skeletons, no muckraking. The public would be surprised if they knew what we know and don't publish," said the newspaper man.

Mr. Grange paid a high tribute to the integrity and honesty of the average politician. He said the press was doing its best to give the public more accurate and honest information, but the limitations of time must be considered. The newspapers were trying to give the people what they wanted, and if they fail it is because they haven't gauged the public spirit and public morality correctly. Those who criticize the newspapers get just what they should get. The press is just as informative, instructive, and moral as the public desire.—Ottawa Free Press.

Newspapermen are a much maligned class. Their mistakes are comparatively few, but when they do make them they are held up to the public gaze as none other examples of human frailty are.

Last night at the People's Forum an address on "The Work of the Press" was given by two working reporters, Mr. Edward Grange, of the Toronto Globe, and Mr. James Muir, of the Ottawa Evening Journal. In their addresses some insights into newspaper work were given, and for the first time, perhaps, the audience heard direct from men whose work they came in contact with every day of their lives.

Both speakers agreed that the day of the partizan press with its partisan reports was passing and impartiality and honesty taking its place.

"Canada's Golden West" was the subject of an illustrated address by Mr. Leslie G. Buckle, of Ottawa, which he punctuated with some funny remarks. Mr. Emile Rochon gave three finished renditions on the violin, in which he showed that he was a complete master of his instrument. Mr. Fred Race was at the organ and Mr. W. P. Grant presided.

#### AUDIENCES AT A DISTANCE.

Mr. Grange said that as a reporter he often had to sympathize with an audience. Often he had sympathy

world, and more particularly, what has happened just around the corner to someone we all know, has to be compressed into the work of a hours of writing and editing. It must be presented with constant perspective as to the psychology of the mob. And what the average reader wants is the daily problem of the reporter and editor. Perhaps it is not quite too far to say that the things are really of greater importance than are interesting to the masses.

#### VANISHING PARTIZANSHIP.

"Though we are still special advocates of one or other political party the tendency is more and more to give impartial reports. The sins of our own party may be glossed over but they are no longer condoned or suppressed except in a few of the most partizan papers. An instance of this is seen in the reports of proceedings of last Tuesday and Wednesday in Parliament, when both Liberal and Conservative papers gave most equally detailed reports of disclosures in the public accounts committee, and of the reports of Western land deals, affecting both sides of the House. It is true that Liberal readers want to believe that their party is right, and that other party is wrong, while Conservative readers of course, believe the other way round. But with the development and education through press, of a more enlightened electorate, the tendency is to give and face all the facts squarely, and put practical Canadianism ahead of politics. There are lapses into partizan reports still. And we do not always look at both sides of the shield but the big city dailies, with the tawdry papers as conspicuous examples, are demanding more and more partial reports—more facts and rhetoric and fewer partizan influences in the House reports. The same tendency is true also of the editorial columns. The old style ministrations against the other party carry no weight now unless they are supported by facts and logic.

#### PUBLIC'S COMMON SENSE.

"Most editors now recognize that the public is not taken in with stage warfare in the partisan press and that public common sense recognizes that there is a hollow shield where there is always unequal laudation of one party, and bad detraction of the other. Frank criticism even of one's own political party, is, I believe, becoming good business, and the coercive power of politicians except where they are interested financially in a paper, is on the wane. Honesty is the best policy in newspaper business as in any other business. And newspaper's success depends in the long run, on the respect and confidence of its readers."—Ottawa Evening Citizen.

The home of John Hamilton Odessa was burned to the ground while he and Mrs. Hamilton were in Kingston. Three little children and a baby were left alone, and when the house caught fire from a spark from the chimney, the three children got out of the house, forgetting about the baby. While the flames were fast gulping the little home, one of the children made a dash into the house and rescued the baby.

#### IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove with question that every farmer should vaccinate his cattle. A fresh supply of vaccine always on hand at Wallace's. P.S.—Always get your vaccine in sealed vials (10 in a vial).



**Buy St. Lawrence Sugar**  
in original packages. Untouched from refinery to your cupboard, you are sure of sugar absolutely free from contamination or impurities of any kind.

St. Lawrence granulated white pure cane sugar is packed in three sizes of grain—fine, medium and coarse, in 100 lb., 25 lb. and 20 lb. sealed bags, and 5 lb. and 2 lb. cartons.

All first class dealers can supply it so insist upon having St. Lawrence Sugar.

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25-10-13



zed with, perhaps pitted, the speakers who addressed those audiences. His night he sympathized with the audience and with the speaker, but bore with the speaker. He had been used to addressing larger audiences, but they were usually hundreds, perhaps thousands of miles away. They in the press gallery were, so to speak, the filters through which go out into the country the ideas and pronouncements, the great issues of our national life. It was a vast audience and one to whom they presented the moving pictures of the daily political life of parliament and government. The newspaper man began work with a preliminary training beyond an ordinary school training, no equipment but a lead pencil, a modicum of common sense, good grammar, and insight into human nature.

"The subject allotted to us is the work of the press," continued Mr. range. "By the press I mean the average daily newspaper, Independent, Liberal or Conservative, covering every day in about forty columns of news print, world movements, war, sport, politics, finance, society, police-court news, education, religion. To us on parliament hill politics, of course, comes first. But to the ordinary newspaper editor, war course, is at present the first consideration, with possibly sport next. Education, science, religion, literature are merely incidentals to fill up an odd corner here and there if advertisements will permit. All this daily digest of what has happened to the world, and more particularly, what has happened just around the corner to someone we all know, has to be impressed into the work of a few hours of writing and editing. It must be presented with constant perspective to the psychology of the mob, and the viewpoint of the average reader, and what the average reader wants,

the daily problem of the reporter and editor. Perhaps it is not going so far to say that the things that are really of greater importance are

## GERMAN STORED AWAY

### IN FORT HENRY TO KEEP HIM FROM MISCHIEF.

**Karl Kessler Arrested at Napanee—He was Too Observant Of The Napanee River Railway Bridge.**

Karl Kessler is a new arrival at Fort Henry, having been put there for safe-keeping by the military authorities on Monday morning. Kessler has been making a general nuisance of himself ever since he arrived in Kingston some two months ago, but he never did anything that would warrant his arrest until Saturday when he was taken into custody in Napanee for being too observant of the Napanee River railway bridge.

Kessler has been telling "fairy-tales" to every person he came in contact with, and this is one of the reasons why the authorities thought it best to put him where they knew where he could be found. He first told Major J. F. Leatherland, who was accepting recruits for the 8th Regiment, C. M. R., that he was from Holland originally, but had been in Canada for the last seven years and was a naturalized Canadian. He said that he spoke seven languages, and as he was well-built and intelligent, he was accepted for overseas service. A change in the orders made the release of some of the men necessary, and Kessler was among them. He applied for positions in "C" Battery, 26th Battery and the 21st Battalion but in all cases they were not taking men when he applied.

He has been living in Napanee for the last two weeks in a house near the bridge, and the officers who were keeping a watch on him declared that he was in the habit of working near the foot of one of the pillars and was digging a hole near one of them when arrested.

When brought down here he signed a statement saying among other things that he had been three months with 4th Hussar recruits for the Third Contingent, that he was a naturalized Canadian, but had accidentally lost his papers and that he had been ten years in Canada, all of which statements he has himself denied at different times.

He told the Whig representative some time ago that he was from Switzerland and having lost his job with a Montreal firm was in Kingston waiting for the boats to start.

### IN THE TRENCHES

There's a little wet home in the trench  
That the rainstorms continually drench.  
There's a dead cow close by,  
With her heels in the sky,  
And she gives off a beautiful stench.

Underneath us in place of a floor  
There's a mess of cold mud and some straw,  
And Jack-Johnstons tear through the rain-sodden air.  
Over my little wet home in the trench.

### Canadians in Trenches Behaving Like Veterans

General Headquarters of the British Army in France, April 18.—(Via London, April 18, 5:20 p.m.)—The Canadians may have been full of boorish spirit when they landed in England.

## BRITISH PIERCE GERMAN LINES AT YPRES

NORTH OF FRANCE, April 19.—In point of view of territory recovered, this latest success of the British army south of Ypres is the biggest advance that has been made since autumn, for we have advanced five kilometres (a kilometre is 3-5 of a mile) and have obtained a possession of the greatest tactical value after a period of inaction or rather apparent inaction since our preparations have been rapidly maturing all the time.

### TELLING BLOW DELIVERED

We have delivered another telling blow upon the German lines between Kemmel and Wulverghem. The attack opened Sunday morning, when our miners, whose admirable sapping has been a feature of the campaign, sprang a series of mines of exceptional strength. I am told that part of a hill was entirely blown away and several hundred Germans were so utterly destroyed that there remained nothing but human debris. The village of Kemmelis famous in Flanders for its mountain, a hill some 500 feet high, but the only one in the country.

There was sharp fighting here on the 7th and 8th of this month, when the Germans almost effected a surprise on our lines, and after temporarily occupying some of our trenches were eventually driven back with heavy slaughter.

### IMPORTANT STEP IN ADVANCE

This most recent phase is, however, of quite another character, two kilometres being gained at this point, and with the hill of Kemmel now in our hands it marks an important step in the great task of swinging round the German right. The fighting, I hear, was quite as fierce as at Neuve Chappelle. Our advance swept on to a point where there were no trenches, and our men were exposed to heavy fire while digging themselves in. It was a case of breaking thru the German lines of trenches to a point considerably behind them. Our artillery, following up the work of the sappers, played havoc with the German trenches, and as at Neuve Chappelle, our infantry fell upon the foe, utterly demoralized.

### THE ADVANCE IN PROGRESS

The action is still in progress and our advance has been unchecked. Eight hundred German prisoners have already come in, and everything points to the enemy's losses being greater even than those at Neuve Chappelle.

At all points we have given the Germans a disagreeable taste of our metal. Their attitude is one of depression. Their aeroplanes are busy with the bombardment of open towns, but they are carefully chased away from proximity to our fighting lines by the vigilance of our airmen, which accounts for the fact that we are enabled to make our preparations for the attack without news of our movements leaking out.

### MOST IMPORTANT OF WAR

NORTHERN FRANCE, Monday, April 19.—News has just reached here of one of the most important engagements of the war in the neighborhood of Ypres. The first ambulance train conveying our wounded arrived here one hour ago. My information came from a source which places the following facts beyond doubt: Our sappers succeeded in mining the only hill in that vicinity. The blowing up of the hill yesterday morning was the signal for the opening of a battle extending over some miles of front. The havoc wrought among hundreds



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### British Submarine Ashore Crew in Hands of Turks

LONDON, April 18.—The British admiralty, in a statement issued this afternoon, announced that the submarine E-15 ran ashore yesterday on Kephez Point, in the Dardanelles, while attempting a difficult reconnaissance of the Kephez mine field.

The statement said that according to an official communication published at Constantinople, the officers and men were rescued and made prisoners. The Turkish War Office reports: "The British submarine E-15 has been sunk in the Dardanelles, east of Karanlik. Three officers and 21 men of the crew of 31 were rescued by the Turks. Among them was the former British vice-consul at Dardanelles."

### Great Battle to Decide Fate of Austria

PETROGRAD, April 20.—There has recently been a complete cessation of

in corner here and there it advertises will permit. All this daily digest of what has happened to the world, and more particularly, what has happened just around the corner—someone we all know, has to be impressed into the work of a few hours of writing and editing. It must be presented with constant perspective to the psychology of the mob, and a viewpoint of the average reader, and what the average reader wants, the daily problem of the reporter and editor. Perhaps it is not going so far to say that the things that are really of greater importance are very interesting to the masses.

**VANISHING PARTIZANSHIP.** "Though we are still special advocates of one or other political party, the tendency is more and more to give impartial reports. The sins of our own party may be glossed over, but they are no longer condoned or suppressed except in a few of the best partizan papers. An instance of this is seen in the reports of the proceedings of last Tuesday and Wednesday in Parliament, when both Liberal and Conservative papers gave almost equally detailed reports of the closures in the public accounts committee, and of the reports on stern land deals, affecting both sides of the House. It is true that liberal readers want to believe that their party is right, and that the other party is wrong, while Conservative readers of course, believe the other way round. But with the development and education through the press, of a more enlightened electorate, the tendency is to give and to see all the facts squarely, and to practical Canadianism ahead of politics. There are lapses into partisan reports still. And we do not always look at both sides of the shield; it the big city dailies, with the Ottawa papers as conspicuous examples demanding more and more impartial reports—more facts and less rhetoric and fewer partisan influences in the House reports. This tendency is true also of the editorial columns. The old style fulminations against the other party carry no weight now unless they are supported by facts and logic.

**PUBLIC'S COMMON SENSE.** "Most editors now recognize that a public is not taken in with the big warfare in the partisan press, and that public common sense recognizes that there is a hollow note where there is always unqualified adoration of one party, and bitter denunciation of the other. Frank criticism of one's own political party, is, I believe, becoming good sense, and the coercive power of politicians except where they are themselves interested financially in paper, is on the wane. Honesty is the best policy in newspaper business, in any other business. And a newspaper's success depends in the long run, on the respect and confidence of its readers."—Ottawa Evening Citizen.

The home of John Hamilton at Lessa was burned to the ground while he and Mrs. Hamilton were in England. Three little children and a boy were left alone, and when the fire was caught from a spark from a chimney, the three children ran out of the house, forgetting about the boy. While the flames were fast entering the little home, one of the children made a dash into the house and rescued the baby.

**PAYS TO VACCINATE.** All government tests prove without question that every farmer should vaccinate his cattle. A fresh supply of vaccine always on hand at Wallace's, P.S.—Always get your vaccine in sealed vials (10 in a vial.)

There's a mess of cold mud and some straw, And Jack-Johnstons tear through the rain-sodden air. O'er my little wet home in the trench.

## Canadians in Trenches Behaving Like Veterans

General Headquarters of the British Army in France, April 18.—(Via London, April 18, 5:20 p.m.)—"The Canadians may have been full of boisterous spirit when they landed in England, but have been men in the trenches," said a staff officer of the British army, commenting on the report that the Canadians have been lacking in discipline. "They've buckled down like British soldiers should, and their conduct has been not only without reproach, but deserving the highest praise."

This is the first official statement of a staff officer in the field relative to a much-discussed question.

## Toronto Soldiers Invalided Home

HALIFAX, April 18.—One hundred and four soldiers of the first contingent, eight of whom have been in the trenches and wounded, off all ages, returned here by the steamer Mississauga. Those who were on the firing line say the Germans have some expert shots, but on the whole the marksmanship of the British is superior.

Seven of the men belonged to the Princess Patricia Regiment. One is Pte. Laurie of Toronto, who lost the sight of one eye as a result of a fragment of shell striking him. Pte. W. E. Watts of Hamilton, who was in the trenches three months, is invalided. Privates King and Henry of Toronto, Pte. Davis of Edmonton and Pte. G. H. Cunningham of Toronto, who suffered from rheumatism and frostbites, are among those who returned. Pte. G. Morrison of Niagara Falls was wounded in the leg two months ago, but is recovering. Some of the other soldiers have returned on account of illness, and some are undesirables.

### Quite a Spell.

"Spell your name!" said the court clerk sharply.

"The witness began: "O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double B"—

"Wait!" ordered the clerk; "begin again!"

The witness repeated: "O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double U, double O"—

"Your honor!" roared the clerk, "I beg that this man be committed for contempt of court!"

"What is your name?" asked the judge.

"My name, your honor, is Ottewell Wood, and I spell it O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double U, double O, D."

### Showing Her Up.

"Here comes Nerissa. Let's kiss her complexion off. Who'll kiss her first?"

"I will," volunteered Vanessa. "No, let me do it," urged Jocosta. "I know where her freckles are."

### Casual Sympathy.

"Your daughter told me to come and ask your consent to our marriage," said the nervous young man.

"She did!" responded Mr. Cumrox. "And you came hustling right along although you knew you'd probably find me in a bad humor. And you knew also that so long as Gladys and her ma had made up their minds my consent or refusal wouldn't make a particle of difference. Young man, you're being put through your family discipline too early."

### MOST IMPORTANT OF WAR

NORTHERN FRANCE, Monday, April 19.—News has just reached here of one of the most important engagements of the war in the neighborhood of Ypres. The first ambulance train conveying our wounded arrived here one hour ago. My information came from a source which places the following facts beyond doubt: Our sappers succeeded in mining the only hill in that vicinity. The blowing up of the hill yesterday morning was the signal for the opening of a battle extending over some miles of front. The havoc wrought among hundreds of German troops occupying the hill had the most terrifying effect on the German lines both right and left, and our concentrated charge, in which our artillery played a most important part succeeded up to last night in driving the Germans with terrible losses fully three miles back from their first line of trenches.

## Austria Seethes With Discontent

VERONA, April 18, 12:55 a.m.—Travelers from the interior of Austria bring reports of increasing unrest, resulting from the insufficiency of the bread allowance, which, altho it has been increased still is considered inadequate.

Demonstrations against the war are said to be increasing in number and violence, especially in Vienna, and at points in Bohemia, where mobs are reported to have sacked storehouses in which were stocks of provisions for the army.

## Germans Abandon Offensive Plans

LONDON April 19—Various rumors are current regarding the central powers. Austria, thru the medium of Venice, is credited with receiving with consternation the news of the extension of the Landsturm service to all classes between the ages of 18 and 50 years, while Rome is sponsor for the statement, attributed to a high German authority, that the German general staff has discarded all plans for an advance on the French front, deciding simply to remain on the defensive.

A despatch from Rome says the report has caused a deep impression because it is believed to signify that Germany has no hope of penetrating further into French territory.

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at Constantinople, the officers and men were rescued and made prisoners.

The Turkish War Officer reports: "The British submarine E-15 has been sunk in the Dardanelles, east of Kanlik. Three officers and 21 men of the crew of 31 were rescued by the Turks. Among them was the former British vice-consul at Dardanelles."

## Great Battle to Decide Fate of Austria

PITROGRAD, April 20.—There has recently been a complete cessation of passenger and general traffic on the Prague and Brno system of Austrian railways. The Germans have sent large reinforcements thru Moravia, in north Hungary. These have now entered into action and are the vanguard of an Austro-German attempt to develop a counter attack against the Russians among the hill villages of the southern Carpathians. About 600,000 Austro-German troops are now engaged there over an irregular line between the Lupkow and Uzok passes. Their base is a plateau stretching beyond Gumennoy and overlooking the flat farming land of Hungary. The fighting in the middle of this position is very desperate, but the Russians are slowly wearing down resistance.

### EVACUATING PUKOWINA.

The Austrian railway system near the Roumanian frontier is also closed against ordinary traffic, doubtless because they are evacuating Bukowina and bringing troops round under German orders into Hungary.

Altho the Austrians have lost half a million prisoners to the Russians since the war began, besides a terrible total of dead and wounded the Magyar controllers of Austrian policy know well that Germany will not permit them to make a separate peace. Accordingly the present battle is being fought with terrible ferocity by the German and Magyar combination with the knowledge that the destiny of the dual monarchy hangs on the result:

### FORGED RUSSIAN MONEY

The German invasion of Hungary has been accomplished by the same curious proceedings noticed in the German invasion of Poland early in the war. A vast amount of forged Russian paper money is being forced by the Germans on the Russophile rural population. Refugees are bringing quantities of it to Kiev, where the authorities have placarded the town warning the population not to accept 10, 25 and 100 rouble notes from strangers.

# The Trey O' Hearts

A Novelized Version of the Motion Picture Drama of the Same Name  
Produced by the Universal Film Co.

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

Author of "The Fortune Hunter," "The Brass Bowl," "The Black Bag," etc.

Illustrated with Photographs from the Picture Production

Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance

The muffled running of a heavy-duty marine motor drifted down on the wings of the sluggish wind.

"Don't ask me—I'm afraid to guess!" "But they couldn't possibly!"

"Since when did you set up to be a judge of possibilities? Nothing probable ever happened to you in all your young life—'t's far's I can make out. As for me—I know there are at least two life-saving stations on Nauset, both with modern equipment—motor life-boats and all; and nothing will ever persuade me that pack of wolves would stick at breaking in and confiscating one of the same. It's as likely as not—only more so. Our present business is to get the h—l out of here—and not advertise our exit, either. Take that port light in and douse it, while I do the same by the starboards. Then duck below, warn your Dulcinea, and put out the cabin lamp. That way—if this blackness and our bull-luck only holds—we may manage an eva-sion!"

There followed an exceedingly busy quarter of an hour for two constrained in pitch darkness to grope their way about the decks and familiarize themselves with the idiosyncrasies of a strange two-master. Nevertheless, the end of that period found the schooner with canvas full and sheets taut, a good easterly breeze abeam, swiftly weaving a wake southwards—the light on Monomoy point watching her curiously from over the starboard beam.

"Hear anything more of that power boat?" Alan asked, joining Barcus by the wheel,

"Nothing—wind too fresh. Make yourself easy on the soft side of a plank here. I'll land you a kick in the slats when so minded—or when it's your trick at the wheel."

With a chuckle, Alan obediently stretched himself out on the deck.

"I say—Law!"

"Well?"

"You seem pretty easy in your mind about this young woman below. To me, she's the same that tried to send me to Davy Jones' locker. How does she explain her presence aboard?"

"Much as I surmised," Alan replied. "I fancy they chloroformed her while she slept in that hotel in Portland. Whether or no, Rose woke up in a closed motor car—bound and gagged, of course—and was brought aboard at Gloucester about midnight."

"Simple when you know how," Barcus commented. "Of course, I always did say that truth was a stranger to fiction. Cuddle down, now, and I'll talk you insensible."

His accents already merging in with the swish of the longside waves, the bubbling of the wake, and the many-toned composite voice of the ship in being, unconsciousness like a cloud descended upon Alan's overworn faculties.

signals of other shipping sounded a concert of discordance—the man-power horn of a catboat crying the warning back to the deep-throated whistle of a coastwise steamship and the impudent drumming of a motor-boat's exhaust with the muffler cut out.

This last boxed the compass, sounding now near, now far, though the complaints of other shipping diminished in volume and died away in the distance, giving place to others still, the plutter-plutter of that motor was never altogether lost; if at times it faded, it seemed certain always to return in even louder volume.

Vainly straining his vision against the blank pallor of the encompassing fog, Alan wondered, worried, dreaded!

At irregular intervals, starting from preoccupation, he would manipulate the brass pull on the wheel-box, provoking the horn's stuttering blasts of protest. But the need for unremitting vigilance and exercise of the fog-signal failed none the less to reconcile Alan to that blatant clamor which so widely and so hideously advertised their whereabouts.

If there were anything still to be feared from Judith and her crew—if, for instance, as Barcus had suggested, they had sought out one of the life-saving stations on Nauset beach, appropriated its power-driven lifeboat and renewed the pursuit, if ever they heard that horn there would beyond question be the devil to pay!

The loneliness of his vigil was eventually relieved by the appearance on deck of the woman Alan loved.

The tableau that greeted her vision as she emerged from the companionway, of the haggard, unshaven wretch at the wheel and the other who lay at his feet, where he had fallen, in a stupor of fatigue, instantly wrung from Rose a little cry of solicitude. And she was quick to do what little she could to alleviate their discomfort. For Barcus she fetched a pillow and blanket from the cabin, and this one suffered her ministrations without once rousing from his slumbers. Then hastening forward, she got the galley fire going and prepared a makeshift breakfast for her half-famished lover.

Warm food and hot coffee—such as they were—lending a little tone to Alan's spirits, he was presently able to discuss their situation with some optimism. Yet nothing could gloss the fact that the problem confronting them was one whose solution baffled their utmost ingenuity—one the simple contemplation of which taxed their courage and intelligence to the extreme.

He summed up: "I can't see anything for it but father and Judith are determined to have my scalp, and I'm hanged if I can see how to protect myself without taking a leaf out of their

self released, his captors leaping for their lives to the taffrail.

He caught an instantaneous glimpse of the knife-like bow of a great steamer towering above the two-master—sweeping toward it at a speed which raised a smart jet of white under the cutwater.

Someone aboard the schooner, with the voice of a stentor, bellowed a terrified appeal:

"Stop your engines! Shut off your propeller! Stop your—"

Then, like the wrath of God, the steamship overwhelmed the lesser ship; its bow seemed to slice through the schooner as a knife through cheese. And the two halves were fairly driven under water by the frightful force of the blow.

Thunders deafening him, Alan was hurled bodily through the air fully twenty feet.

When he came up he struck out at random, blindly tormented by the vision of Rose caught in the suck of



Accompanied by the Exhibition of an Automatic Pistol.

that gigantic wheel, drawn under, crushed and mangled by the propeller of the vast black bulk whose flank was sliding past, like the face of a cliff, ten yards behind his shoulders.

Aware of several dark objects dotting the surface within a radius of several yards, he swam for the nearest; the head was a woman's, the face turned toward him, the face of Rose.

He gasped wildly: "Keep cool! Don't struggle! Put one hand on my shoulder and—"

What happened then was never quite clear to him; he only knew that he was forced to fight for his very life—that the woman, as soon as he came within reach, flung herself upon him like some maddened animal, clutching his throat, winding her limbs round his, dragging him down and down.

Primitive instinct alone saved him. He remembered later, most vaguely, the culmination of that duel beneath the waters—remembered freeing an arm, drawing it back, delivering a blow from his shoulder, with all his strength, finding himself free, struggling back to the air.

searching an oily, leaden expanse only with a few splinters and wreckage. "I left her out unconscious—she'll drown, I tell."

"And I'll tell you something!" Mr. Barcus severely. "You'll lie and shut up or I'll dent your dome the shaft of an oar. Let her die and a good job, I say! Don't you the meaning of 'enough'? Me heavens, man, you're the most fiendish glutton for punishment ever."

But Alan wasn't listening. His was as lightless as the waters swam beneath his lack-luster. There was a horror in his heart numbed even the sense of relief deliverance, that penetrated his like a shock of mortal pain.

Dead! Judith dead! Back the the fog and the cold . . . dead his hand!

## CHAPTER XV.

### The Masked Voice.

For a matter of twelve hours long, leaden, dank, viscous, as inable as the dominion of evil, wrapped the world in an embrace foul and noxious as the coils of great, gray, slimy serpent.

Through its sluggish folds the derous, power-impeled lifeboat at a snail's pace, its stem parting rolling back from either flank a hearted sea of gray.

In the bows a young woman re in a state of semi-exhaustion, her closed, he head pillow on a belt life-preserved, her sodden ments modeled closely to the sleek body that was ever and again sh from head to feet with the stre of a long, shuddering respiration.

Seated on the nearest thwart, Law, chin in hand, watched over rest of this woman whom he with a grimly hopeless solicitude, was in no happier case than she far as physical comfort went—he in worse, since he might not rest.

Premoultion of misfortune dark his heart with its impenetr shadow.

In the stern Tom Barcus pres morosely over the steering gear; Law was no more jealously heedful sweethearts than Barcus of heavy-duty motor that chugged a so purposefully at its business of ing the boat heaven-knew-where.

Lacking at once a compass, all tion whatsoever of the sun's bear and any immediate hope of the litting or chance bringing them ei to land or to rescue by some la and less comfortless craft. Ba steered mainly through force of h—the salt-water man's instinctive ting that no boat under way she ever in any conceivable circumstance without a hand at the helm. It seemed impossible that it could escape repetition of the disaster, somehow, it always did escape, that by a wide margin; never had it passed near enough to another vessel to see it.

And now for more than an hour silence had been uncannily const broken only by the rumble of the tor, the muted lisp of water slipping down the side, the suck and gurgle the wake.

Forebodings no less portentous t Law's crawled in the mind of Bar It was as likely as not that the boat was traveling straight out to And gasoline tanks can and often do become as empty as an off weather prophet's promise of weather for a holiday.

of course—and was brought aboard at Gloucester about midnight."

"Simple when you know how," Barcus commented. "Of course, I always did say that truth was a stranger to fiction. Cuddle down, now, and I'll talk you insensible."

His accents already merging in with the swish of the longside waves, the bubbling of the wake, and the many-toned composite voice of the ship in being, unconsciousness like a cloud descended upon Alan's overworn faculties.

He woke mutinously, with a yawn and a shiver in the gray of a tarnished daybreak, to find that fog pressed heavily upon the face of the waters, a mist so thick that from the stern the waist of the vessel was almost invisible, the bows completely so.

Barcus stood over him, at the wheel, fairly reeling with weariness, his eyes blood-shot, swollen, and half-closed in a face like a mask of fatigue.

"Can't keep this up much longer," he apologized thickly; "stood it about as long as I can. Take your trick and give me forty winks."

Grateful solicitude brought Alan instantly to his side, though he himself was sluggish and stiff and sore in all his limbs.

"You're a brick!" he protested. "Why didn't you call me sooner?"

"No good; I knew the way—you didn't. That is, I did until this accursed fog closed down a couple of hours ago. Now—God knows where

Alan's spirits, he was presently able to discuss their situation with some optimism. Yet nothing could gloss the fact that the problem confronting them was one whose solution baffled their utmost ingenuity—one the simple contemplation of which taxed their courage and intelligence to the extreme.

He summed up: "I can't see anything for it but father and Judith are determined to have my scalp, and I'm hanged if I can see how to protect myself without taking a leaf out of their books. What I'm most afraid of is that some time I may forget it's a woman I'm defending myself against. When a fellow's fighting for his very life he can't always stop to calculate the weight of his blows."

The young man sighed, shook his head, laughed uncertainly, and held her closer to him. "Don't fear; I'll find some way out without injuring either of them. I promise you that!"

He sealed the pledge upon her lips.

And in that moment of their oblivion to the world from some point forward a muffled crash sounded simultaneously with the dull shock of a collision with a smaller vessel, and a strange voice cried out with an accent of high exultation.

Before either Alan or the girl could disengage the decks rang loud with a rush of booted feet pounding aft.

The figures of the boarding party were already taking shape through the fog as Alan sprang toward the companionway to fetch the rifle. And in this action his feet slipped on planks greasy with moisture deposited by the surcharged atmosphere. He went down with a stumbling thump, and an instant later two men fell bodily upon him—active, strong fellows in the dress of fishermen. He was suffered to rise only as a prisoner, helpless in the grasp of two pairs of powerful hands.

He saw Barcus, rudely roused and still dumb with sleepy confusion, in no better case—jerked to his feet and held captive by two more fishermen. A fifth had taken charge of Rose, clamping her wrists in the vise of one big hand.

The sixth and sole other member of the boarding party, likewise in the rough-and-ready garb of a fisherman, was Judith Trine.

Down the side a heavy life-boat ground its way astern, the loose end of its painter slipping over the rail even as Alan caught sight of it. (So it seemed Barcus had guessed shrewdly!)

Observing this, one of the men in charge of Alan made as if to leave him to the other, addressing Judith for permission to prevent the loss of the lifeboat. She stopped him with a peremptory gesture.

"No—let it go. We're better off without it. Hold that man fast till I fetch a rope. We'll make sure of them both this time!"

Straining forward in the grasp of her guard, Rose implored her sister: "Judith, in pity's name, think what you are doing!"

"Hold your tongue!" Judith snapped viciously. "Another whimper out of you, and I'll have you gagged!"

The balance of her threat, though accompanied by the exhibition of an automatic pistol, was drowned out by the sudden roar of a steamship fog-signal, so close aboard that it seemed almost to emanate from the forepart of the schooner herself.

As it was answered by shrill and hoarse cries of terror or of warning from a dozen throats, Alan found him-

clear to him; he only knew that he was forced to fight for his very life—that the woman, as soon as he came within reach, flung herself upon him like some maddened animal, clutching his throat, winding her limbs round his, dragging him down and down.

Primitive instinct alone saved him. He remembered later, most vaguely, the culmination of that duel beneath the waters—remembered freezing afar, drawing it back, delivering a blow from his shoulder, with all his strength, finding himself free, struggling back to the air.

Then a boathook caught the back of his shirt and dragged him for some distance, until two strong hands caught him beneath the armpits and held his head above the water.

He looked up wistfully into the face of Barcus, and, still bewildered, struggled feebly.

The other's voice brought him back to his senses. "Easy, old top! Take it easy! You're all right now—rest a minute, then help me get you aboard."

He obeyed, controlling his panic as best he might; and presently, with considerable assistance from Barcus, contrived to scramble in over the gunwales of a boat which proved to be the stolen lifeboat.

Aside from Barcus and himself it held one other person only—the woman he loved, crumpled up and unconscious in the bow.

He strove to rise and go to her, to make sure that still she lived. Barcus restrained and quieted him.

"There! Easy, I say! She's all right—fainted—that's all! She and I took the water in practically the same spot, and luck threw this blessed boat my way within half a dozen strokes. No trouble at all—in a manner of speaking!"

"But the steamer—"

"Why fret about her? At the pace she was making she couldn't have stopped within half a mile. We'll be all right now—with power to fetch us to land."

"But the others—Judith!" Alan sat up and leaned over the gunwale,

vessel to see it.

And now for more than an hour silence had been uncannily consternated only by the rumble of the motor, the muted lisp of water slipping down the side, the suck and gurgle of the wake.

Forebodings no less portentous than Law's crawled in the mind of Barcus. It was as likely as not that the boat was traveling straight out to sea. And gasoline tanks can and often do become as empty as an off-weather prophet's promise of weather for a holiday.

More than this, Mr. Barcus was confirmed skeptic in respect of marine motors; on terms of long and intimate experience with the ways



Delivered Into the Hands of the Enemy.

the demon of perversity that tenanted them one and all, he knew that the present sweet-tempered performance of the exhibit under considerati-



Now and Again One Would Lift His Head.

#### The Sixth Member of the Boarding Party Was Judith Trine.

we are—by my reckoning, somewhere in Nantucket sound, west of Monomoy."

Grasping a small brass handle affixed to the wheel box, he jerked it sharply three times, and the automatic horn blared raucously a threefold response up forward.

"Keep that going," he begged, "three blasts in a row and a minute interval—and if the devil takes care of his own we may possibly escape being run down."

With a sigh, relinquishing the wheel, he collapsed upon the deck and was almost instantly asleep.

The wind had fallen until barely enough air stirred to keep way on the vessel; she moved in silence, a spectral ship upon a spectral sea of long, oily swells and the complexion of lead. Hither and yon in the obscurity, fog-

arching an oily, leaden expanse spot only with a few splinters and bits wreckage. "I left her out there—conscious—she'll drown, I tell you!" "And I'll tell you something!" said Barcus severely. "You'll lie quiet shut up or I'll dent your dome with a shaft of an oar. Let her drown—a good job, I say! Don't you know the meaning of 'enough'? Merciful avens, man, you're the most insatiable glutton for punishment ever!" But Alan wasn't listening. His face was as lightless as the waters that lay beneath his lack-luster gaze. There was a horror in his heart that bled even the sense of relief, ofiverance, that penetrated his being a shock of mortal pain. Dead! Judith dead! Back there, in fog and the cold . . . dead by hand!

## CHAPTER XV.

**The Masked Voice.**  
For a matter of twelve hours the leaden, dank, viscous, as inexorable as the dominion of evil, had apped the world in an embrace as ill and noxious as the coils of some fat, gray, slimy serpent. Through its sluggish folds the porous, power-impelled lifeboat crept at a snail's pace, its stem parting and lancing back from either flank a heavy-irited sea of gray. In the bows a young woman rested a state of semi-exhaustion, her eyes closed, he head pillow'd on a cork-t life-preserved, her sodden garments modeled closely to the slenderly that was ever and again shaken in head to feet with the strength a long, shuddering respiration. Seated on the nearest thwart, Alan v. chin in hand, watched over the of this woman whom he loved in a grimly hopeless solicitude. He was in no happier case than she, so as physical comfort went—he was worse, since he might not rest. Remonition of misfortune darkened heart with its impenetrable gloom.

In the stern Tom Barcus presided solely over the steering gear; and was no more jealously heedful of sweetheart than Barcus of the vy-duty motor that chugged away purposefully at its business of drivin' the boat heaven-knew-where,acking at once a compass, all no-whatsoever of the sun's bearings, any immediate hope of the fog or chance bringing them either and or to rescue by some larger less comfortless craft. Barcus red mainly through force of habit a salt-water man's instinctive feel that no boat under way should in any conceivable circumstance without a hand at the helm. It had ned impossible that it could long repeition of the disaster, but ehow, it always did escape, and by a wide margin; never once it passed near enough to another to see it.

nd now for more than an hour the ice had been uncannily constant, ten only by the rumble of the muted lisp of water slipping in the side, the suck and gurgle of wake.

reborings no less portentous than crawled in the mind of Barcus, as as likely as not that the life- was traveling straight out to sea, gasoline tanks can and oftentimes become as empty as an official ther prophet's promise of fairer for a holiday, ore than this Mr. Barcus was a

was no earnest whatsoever of future good behavior, that when such a complicated contraption was concerned there was never any telling . . .

In view of all of which considerations he presently threw open the battery switch.

And the aching void created in the silence by the cessation of that uniform drone was startling enough to rouse even Rose Trine from her state of semi-somnolence.

With a look of panic she sat up, thrust damp hair back from her eyes, and nervously inquired:

"What's the matter?"

"Nothing," Barcus told her. "I shut the engine off—that's all."

Tempers were short in that hour, and Alan was annoyed to think that the rest of his beloved should needlessly have been disturbed.

"What did you do that for?" he demanded sharply.

"Because I jolly well wanted to," Barcus returned in a tone as brusque.

"Oh, you did—eh?"

"Yes, I did—eh! I happen to be bossing this end of the boat and to have sense enough to realize there's no sense at all in our wasting fuel the way we are—cruising nowhere!"

"Well," Law contended, struck by the fairness of this argument, but unable to calm his uneasiness—"just the same, we might—"

"Yes; of course, we might," Barcus snapped. "We might a whole lot. We might, for instance, be heading for Spain, for all you or I know to the contrary. And in such case, I for one respectfully prefer to have gas enough to take us home again if ever this da—blessed fog lifts!"

And for several seconds longer the stillness strangled their spirits in its ruthless grasp.

Then of a sudden a cry shrilled through the fog, so near at hand that it seemed scarcely more distant than over the side:

"Ahoy! Help! Ahoy there! Help!"

So insistent, so urgent was its accent that, coupled with the surprise, it brought the three as one to their feet, all a-tremble, their eyes seeking one another's faces, then shifting uneasily away.

"What can it be?" Rose whispered, aghast, shrinking into Alan's ready arm.

"A woman," Barcus put in harshly. "Judith," the girl moaned.

Alan shook himself together. "Impossible!" he contended. "I saw her go down . . ."

"That doesn't prove she didn't come up," Barcus commented acidly.

"Ahoy! Motorboat aho-o-y! Help!"

"And that," Barcus pursued sadly, "just proves she did come up—blame the luck! Alive she is, and kicking; stand clear. An able-bodied pair of lungs was back of that hall, my friend; and you needn't tell me I don't know the dulcet accents of that angelic contralto!"

Without heeding him, Alan cupped hands to mouth and sent an answering cry ringing through the murk:

"Ahoy! Where are you? Where away?"

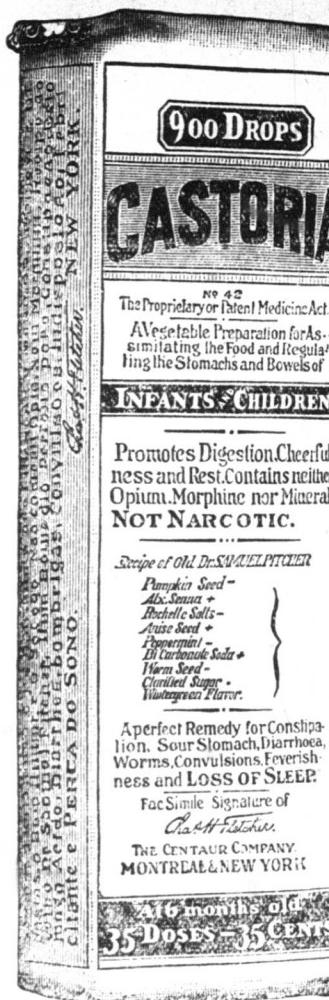
"Here—on the reef—half-drowned—perishing with chill!"

"How does my voice bear?" Alan called back.

"What the dickens do you care?" Barcus interpolated suspiciously.

"To port," the response rang through the fog. "Starboard your helm and come in slowly!"

"Right-o! Half a minute!" Alan re-



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us you're safe!"

There was a little pause; he was racking his brains for some more moving mode of appeal when the answer came in another voice—in the voice of Judith Trine, clear, musical, effervescent with sardonic humor:

"Be at peace, little one—bleat no more! Mr. Law is with us—and safe—oh, quite, quite safe!"

In dumb consternation Barcus sought the countenance of Rose. Her eyes, meeting his, were blank with despair. He shook his head helplessly and let his hands dangle idly between his knees.

With no way on her, the lifeboat drifted with a current of unknown set and strength.

"What can we do?" Rose implored. "We must do something. We can't leave him . . . Oh, when I think of him there, in her hands, I could go mad!"

"If only I knew," Barcus protested; "but my hands are tied. My wits are as helpless as my eyes are blind. There's nothing to do—except the bare possibility that the reef she spoke of may be Norton's. It doesn't seem possible, but we may have made that much southing. In that case we're about three miles off the mainland, somewhere in the neighborhood of Katama island, a little, rocky, deso-



more than an hour the noise had been uncannily constant, broken only by the rumble of the motor, the muted lisp of water slipping over the side, the suck and gurgle of a wake.

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"How does my voice bear?" Alan called back.

"What the dickens do you care?" Barcus interpolated suspiciously.

"To port," the response rang through the fog. "Starboard your helm and come in slowly!"

"Right-o! Half a minute!" Alan replied reassuringly.

"Like hell!" Mr. Barcus muttered in his throat as he jumped down into the engine pit and bent over the fly-wheel.

Leaping on the forward thwart and balancing himself perilously near the gunwale, Alan strained his vision vainly against the opacity of the fog.

"Can't make out anything," he grumbled, looking back. "Start her up—but slow's the word—and 'ware reef!"

"Nothing doing," Barcus retorted curtly. "The motto is now 'Full speed astern!' as you must know."

"O come! We can't leave a woman out there—in a fix like that!"

"Can't we? You watch!" Barcus grunted malevolently, rocking the heavy flywheel with all his might; for the motor had turned suddenly stubborn.

"Alan!" Rose pleaded, laying a hand upon his sleeve. "Think what it means! I know it sounds heartless of me—and it's my own sister. But you know how mad she is—wild with hatred and jealousy. If you take her into this boat, it's your life or hers!"

"If we leave her out there," Alan retorted, shaking his arm impatiently free, "it's her life on our heads!"

At this juncture the motor took charge of the argument, ending it in summary fashion. With a smart explosion in the cylinder, it started up unexpectedly, at one and the same time almost dislocating the arm of Mr. Barcus and precipitating Alan overboard.

It was not given him to know what was happening until he found himself in the water; he struggled to the surface just in time to see the bows of the lifeboat back away and vanish into the mist.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

##### The Island.

Not more than twenty seconds could have elapsed before Barcus recovered from the shock of the motor's treachery sufficiently to reverse the wheel, throttle down the carburetor and jump out of the engine-pit.

But in that small space of time the lifeboat and Alan Law had parted company as definitely as though one of them had been levitated bodily to the far side of the earth.

It could not have been more than a minute after the accident before Barcus was guiding the boat over what, going on his sense of location and judgment of distance, he could have sworn was the precise spot where Alan had disappeared, but without discovering a sign of him.

And for the next twenty minutes he divided his attention between attempts to soothe and reassure the half-distracted girl and efforts to elicit a reply from Alan by stentorian hailing—with as little success in the one as in the other.

"Alan!" he shrieked at the top of his lungs. "Alan! Give a hand to tell

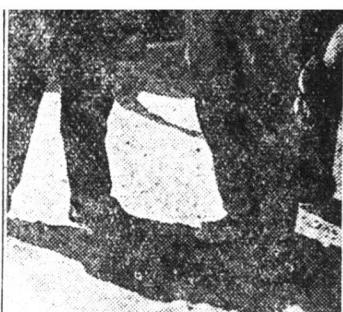
me where you are . . . Oh, when I think of him there, in her hands, I could go mad!"

"If only I knew," Barcus protested; "but my hands are tied, my wits are as helpless as my eyes are blind."

There's nothing to go by—except the bare possibility that the reef she spoke of may be Norton's. It doesn't seem possible, but we may have made that much southing. In that case we're about three miles off the mainland, somewhere in the neighborhood of Katama island, a little, rocky, desolate bump of earth, inhabited mainly by fishermen."

The girl wrung her hands. "But how could Judith get there—and with her men—and ammunition?"

"Don't ask me. Going on my experience with the lady, I'd be willing to bet that she was picked up by the steamer that ran us down, and proceeded to make a prize of it—or try to. One thing's certain—she must have found or stolen a boat from somebody; they couldn't have made Norton's reef by swimming—it's too



Yanked Him Off to His Cell.

far. That's the answer; they were picked up, stole a boat, and piled it up on the reef."

"And there's no hope—!"

"Only of the fog relenting. If we could make the mainland and get help . . ."

His accents died away into a disconsolate silence that was unbroken for upwards of an hour.

So slowly the current bore the life-boat toward the beach and so still the tide that Barcus never appreciated they were within touch of any land until the bows grounded with a slight jar and a grating sound.

(To be Continued.)

## The Reliable Match--

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One by one the bugbears of housekeeping are being put to rout through the instrumentality of gas. The modern kitchen—which means the all-gas kitchen—is now a recognized part of the up-to-date home. The all-gas kitchen lightens labor. It means a clean, wholesome, sanitary kitchen, as there is no coal dust or ashes to be spread around, and it becomes a real pleasure to work in it. Every housewife desires to cook and heat water in the most economical way, in the quickest, most dependable way, with the least possible work.

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The hot weather is here now and if you want a cool, comfortable kitchen this summer come and select your Gas Range and Water Heater now. We have ranges at all prices.

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Livered Into the Hands of the Enemy.

demon of perversity that tenants in one and all, he knew that the sent sweet-tempered performance the exhibit under consideration



Lift His Head.

## OH, SUCH A HEADACHE!



Nearly everyone has ripping, tearing headaches at times. Disordered stomach—sluggish liver does it. Cheer up! here's the real relief—Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. stomach and bowels right. All druggists, 2c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toronto.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

## BLACKBERRY PLANTATIONS.

Fruit Now Grown Successfully In Almost Every Portion of the Country.

[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

Under good management an average yield of 2,300 quarts of blackberries per acre can be expected, according to a recent publication issued by the United States department of agriculture. Where the soil is very deep and rich and the best moisture conditions are found this may be increased to 5,000 quarts, and certain varieties on the Pacific slope have even given 7,000 quarts an acre. The last census showed that approximately 50,000 acres were devoted to blackberry plantations in the United States.

This acreage is distributed over practically the entire country. Missouri leads with nearly 6,000 acres, and New Jersey is second with 4,300. As a matter of fact, blackberries can be grown successfully on almost any type of



BLACKBERRY CANES OF UPRIGHT TYPE TIED TO A SINGLE WIRE.

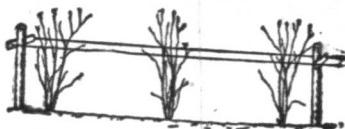
soil and in a wide range of climates. In the colder parts of the northwest the severe winters frequently kill the plants, and in the arid sections of the west hot, dry winds destroy the ripening fruit. The choice of proper varieties, however, will do much to overcome natural difficulties.

In selecting a site for a blackberry plantation the most important considerations are the moisture of the soil and the accessibility of a market. The blackberry is a tender fruit, the keeping qualities of which are seriously affected by jarring over rough roads. It is, however, essential that the berries should be placed on the market as quickly as possible after they are picked if they are to command a good price. The best land is a deep, fine soil, moist with a large supply of humus and abundant moisture at the ripening season. On the other hand, the plants are often killed if water stands on the plantation during the winter.

The year before the establishment of the blackberry plantation the land should be planted with a cultivated crop. This insures the thorough rotting of the sod and will help to destroy the cutworms and other insects injurious to the young plants. The soil should be plowed to a depth of about nine inches in the spring, and a thorough harrowing should be given the whole field before the plants are

set the larger the proportion that live and the better their growth. The roots should be set deep, for the canes break easily if the crowns project above the surface of the ground. The tops should be cut back to six inches or less in length. Cultivation is necessary, and the plants should therefore be set sufficiently far apart to permit of it.

During the first summer some intercrop may be grown between the rows, which will greatly reduce the cost of the berry field that year. This should be one that requires constant cultivation and at the same time one whose growth will not be large enough to shade the blackberry plants. Such truck crops as cabbage and potatoes are excellent for the purpose, while corn and small grains should be avoided.



BLACKBERRY CANES OF UPRIGHT TYPE HELD BETWEEN TWO WIRES.

ed. By the second summer the plants will be large enough to occupy all the space, and an intercrop will not be possible.

In both summers cultivation should begin early in the spring and be continued at intervals of from one to two weeks throughout the season in order to provide a dust mulch for the retention of moisture and to keep down suckers and weeds. Suckers are apt to spring up from the roots at various distances from the parent plant, especially when the roots are cut. Digging up these suckers is a favorite way of securing new plants, but this practice interferes, of course, with the yield of the berries.

Blackberry roots live for many years, but the canes—excepting two varieties—bear only in their second year. After the fruiting season, therefore, they should be cut out and burned. The one-year-old canes may usually be left to themselves throughout the winter. Not more than three or four new canes should be left to each plant, however, and the others should be thinned out at the same time that the canes which have fruited are thinned. In some cases it will also be desirable to train the plants in order to facilitate cultivation as well as to prevent them being damaged by winter snows. A wire trellis may then become a profitable investment. The simplest form of such trellis consists of a single wire attached to posts set at intervals of from fifteen to thirty feet in each row of plants. The canes are tied to this wire about two and one-half feet above the ground. Another method is to nail cross pieces to the posts and stretch two wires from the ends of these cross pieces, which form a support for the blackberry canes on each side. Varieties that grow somewhat like a grape vine require a much higher trellis with two wires—one about five and one about three feet from the ground.

### Meat Loaf.

One pound and a half each of beef and lean pork. Remove the bone and gristle and run it through the meat chopper. Add one and one-half cupsfuls of breadcrumbs, three well-beaten eggs, one cupful of milk, a rounded teaspoonful of salt, one of ground sage and half a teaspoonful of pepper.

## Farm and Garden

### UNPROFITABLE ACRES.

**Idle Lands Can Be Improved Until They Become Profit Bearing.**

We hear many uncomplimentary things said about the unprofitable dairy cow—the boarder cow that is supported from the profits of the remainder of the herd, says J. C. McDowell in the Farm Management Monthly. On many farms the unprofitable dairy cow is not by any means the only boarder. Low yielding acres, like boarder cows, are often fatal to successful farming. Our farm survey records show that areas of poorly drained, compact, sour soils, or soils low in humus greatly reduce net profits and are a frequent cause of minus labor income. Sometimes these records show that as much as 30 per cent of the entire farm acreage does not produce enough to pay its way.

One farm on which we recently took records has forty acres of poorly drained land that in its present condition is practically worthless. Twenty-five dollars per acre spent in drainage will



UNPROFITABLE ACRES CAN BE MADE PROFITABLE.

make this forty acre tract the equal of any in that district, and good land is selling there at \$150 per acre.

The successful business man tries to weed out all unprofitable enterprises and to expand those that pay a profit. Unprofitable acres cannot always be disposed of as readily as boarder cows, but usually they can be improved until they become profit bearing. If the in-

## SHADE FOR LAM

Upon Its Selection Depend Beauty of Room.

### CRETONNES OR CHINTZ US

Pretty Accessories For a Room Are Inexpensively Made at Home With the Expenditure of Little Time and Energy.

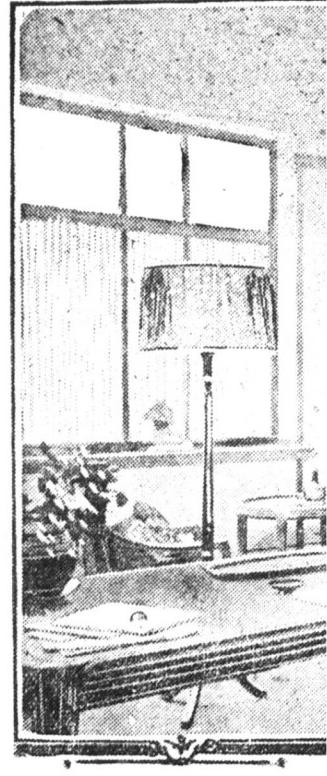
There is no pleasanter task for a young girl than to fix up her own room. Few girls have a sitting room or in addition to their bedroom. Ottomans must even share their bedrooms with a sister. But if it is possible every girl should have a special sanctum.

If it must be bedroom and den combined it must be especially neat, cause in most cases girlish visitors ushered right in and expect to see attractive, cozy room.

A little cretonne drapery will do wonders toward making the barest rooms homelike. This should be plain if the walls are figured or striped and the walls are striped or merely bordered with flowers.

The latest fancy is to decorate bureau china to correspond with embroidery pattern of the cover. Girl with a taste for china painting can decorate her own boxes, trays, brush backs, piece by piece, and if she cares to do so can use the same sign for the cups and saucers and pot on her tea table, copying the signs in colors on her tablecloth, doilies and whatever covers she needs on various dressing tables, chiffoniers, tables.

She might even add an embroidered pillow cushion or two to her window seat. To correspond she should us



SHADE FOR LAM

The year before the establishment of the blackberry plantation the land should be planted with a cultivated crop. This insures the thorough rotting of the sod and will help to destroy the cutworms and other insects injurious to the young plants. The soil should be plowed to a depth of about nine inches in the spring, and a thorough harrowing should be given the whole field before the plants are set. This is usually done as early in the spring as the land can be properly prepared. The earlier the plants are

two weeks—about five and one about three feet from the ground.

#### Meat Loaf.

One pound and a half each of beef and lean pork. Remove the bone and gristle and run it through the meat chopper. Add one and one-half cupsfuls of breadcrumbs, three well-beaten eggs, one cupful of milk, a rounded teaspoonful of salt, one of ground sage and half a teaspoonful of pepper. Mix well together and place in a loaf tin. Cover with thin slices of fat pork and bake in a hot oven for one hour and a half, basting often.

#### Lima Bean Puree.

Boil a pint of lima beans in salted boiling water, add a teaspoonful of sugar; when soft put them through a sieve; make a thin white sauce with one tablespoonful of flour and one of butter and a cup of milk. Stir until smooth. When hot add a pint of chicken stock and then add the beans; if too thick, more stock; serve very hot.

#### To Remove Iron Rust.

Cream of tartar is said to be excellent for removing iron rust spots. Use a tablespoonful of cream of tartar to two quarts of water and boil the article in the solution. This is said to have removed stains when lemon and salt and even oxalic acid had failed to do so.

UNPROFITABLE ACRES CAN BE MADE PROFITABLE.

make this forty acre tract the equal of any in that district, and good land is selling there at \$150 per acre.

The successful business man tries to weed out all unprofitable enterprises and to expand those that pay a profit. Unprofitable acres cannot always be disposed of as readily as boarder cows, but usually they can be improved until they become profit bearing. If the income from such land cannot be increased it is quite possible that the labor spent upon it can be reduced until the income at least pays the cost of labor.

#### Early Spinach.

The New Jersey experiment station declares that spinach should be sown broadcast on frozen ground in February and immediately covered to the depth of one inch with well rotted stable manure. Sow about one pound of seed to 1,000 square feet of ground. Thick Leaf is the best variety for this purpose. Spinach sown in this way will grow larger and heavier than spring sown spinach.

Spinach likes a rich, well drained soil. The ground should be sweet and quite hard for best results. Top dress every ten days with nitrate of soda, five pounds to every 1,000 square feet, being careful not to let the nitrate lodge on the large spinach leaves or they will have white spots burned in them.

#### HOUSES FOR POULTRY.

In order to get plenty of sunlight choose a southern or southeastern exposure.

If possible, make use of natural shelter against cold winds. Select the southern side of a hill, an orchard or buildings.

The house must be dry. A site that provides natural drainage is desirable. Locate the house in as convenient a place as possible.

Fresh air houses should always be used. Cold air, if dry and without drafts, is conducive to hen health.

Floors may be earthen, board or cement. Earthen floors may be damp and are hard to clean. Board floors are best for portable houses. Cement floors are best for permanent houses and may easily be kept sanitary.

Walls should be cheap and durable, providing warmth. They should be about five feet high in the rear and from six to eight feet high at the front.

The best types of roofs are the A roof, shed or gable roof.

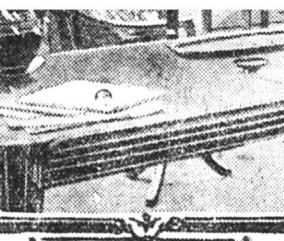
Prepared roofing material is better than shingles or tar paper.

All fixtures should be portable to permit of easy cleaning.—Farm Progress.

#### On the Safe Side.

Willie—When will the world come to an end, mamma? Mother—Nobody knows, dear. Willie—Hadn't I best eat my candy cane at once and be on the safe side?—Chicago News.

No success is attained by a leap and a bound, but by patient plodding and many resolves.



LAMP SHADE FOR DEN.

design as similar as possible to the w paper or drapery. Of course, the la spishy cretonne patterns could not be satisfactorily reproduced on ch even though the cretonne itself co be bordered with lace and used covers, but a flower design from mass on the cretonne could be used.

But even with all these preparati her room will be incomplete with a proper shade for her lamp. It n be a kerosene, gas or electric lamp, may be a tall piano lamp, as shown the illustration, but whatever she n chose or have thrust upon her in lighting way must be properly shad for upon this depends the success her room after lamplight.

The lamp shade in the illustrat is made on a wire frame, which c be bought in almost any fancy wo shop. Rose colored cretonne, with overcovering of dotted muslin, w used in its development. First t cretonne was stretched plainly up the frame, and then the muslin w shirred over the cretonne. Flower cretonne without the covering could used, as the girl with a talent for t sort of thing will soon discover as experiments.

Candle shades may be made in t same way, and bits of all over lace m be used for a covering instead of t muslin.

#### NEW FABRICS.

The vogue of the ruffled dress h turned the tide of the popular embr dered voiles, and instead of the hea bordered fabrics of other years the are daintier patterns of flowers in s or cotton scattered not too closely ov white or delicately colored grounds a quant as the blooms from an fashoned nosegay.

Some of the designs echo the fam il cubist colorings in their gaudine but they are usually toned down wi touches of black. Black and white e broidery on white promises to be much a favorite as ever, while gray white is another attractive combin tion. Where the material is border the design is usually scalloped at t bottom, and one piece of goods has t very commendable feature of three d tinct borders to simulate three ruff when the goods shall be used crosswi for a skirt.

#### On the Fence.

"That woman won't take either s of the social dispute until she is reasonably sure which one is going win. She's a cat!"

"Ah, then that accounts for her i on the fence!"

#### The Drawback.

"Elsie says there was only one dra back to her wedding."

"What was that?"

"She says her father looked t cheerful when he gave her away.—I change."



It's false economy to starve the shingles by neglecting to give them a timely coat of some reliable preservative. The best way to make them last is to treat them thoroughly with

## Anchor Shingle Stain

It is made from coal tar creosote oil, famous as a preventative of decay in wood, combined with permanent colors. There is another important ingredient; the creosote and colors are held firmly to the surface of the wood by our Special China-Linseed Binding Oil; thus Anchor Shingle Stains have a permanency unknown to average stains.

In them you get a rare combination - thorough protection of the shingles and lasting colors, hence greater and more enduring satisfaction.

Ask your dealer or write to us for colors and details.

**BRANDRAM-HENDERSON**  
LIMITED

Montreal

Halifax

St. John

Toronto

Winnipeg

**SHILOH**  
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals  
the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

# SHADE FOR LAMP.

pon Its Selection Depends Beauty of Room.

## RETONNES OR CHINTZ USED.

etty Accessories For a Room May Be Inexpensively Made at Home With the Expenditure of Little Time and Energy.

There is no pleasanter task for a young girl than to fix up her own room. Few girls have a sitting room or den addition to their bedroom. Others still even share their bedrooms with sister. But if it is possible every girl should have a special sanctum. If it must be bedroom and den combined it must be especially neat, because in most cases girlish visitors are ushered right in and expect to see an attractive, cozy room. A little cretonne drapery will do wonders toward making the barest of rooms homelike. This should be plain or the walls are figured or figured if the walls are striped or merely bordered with flowers.

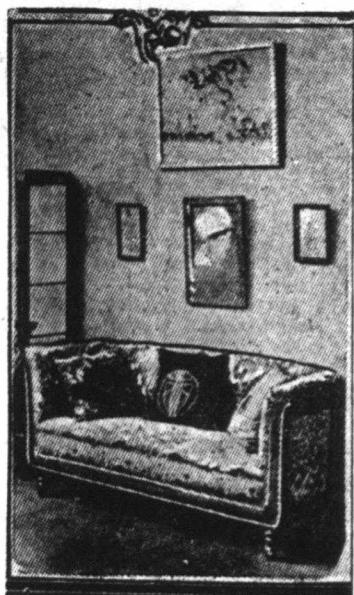
The latest fancy is to decorate the cretonne to correspond with the brocade pattern of the cover. The girl with a taste for china painting can decorate her own boxes, trays and wash backs, piece by piece, and if she res to do so can use the same designs for the cups and saucers and tea-set on her tea table, copying the designs in colors on her tablecloth, dollies and whatever covers she needs on her various dressing tables, chiffoniers and bibles.

She might even add an embroidered low cushion or two to her window seat. To correspond she should use a

## ATTRACTIVE ROOMS.

**Simplicity, Comfort and Good Taste Should Reign Through the Home.**

No room in the house has greater possibilities of remodeling, especially if old fashioned and in need of freshening, than the living room. It is the heart of the home, where throbs the collective activities, intelligencies and pleasures of the household. It should never be the expression of the taste or hobby of an "individual," but a harmonious whole which is the outcome of one mind striking fire from another, a particular talent, fraternizing with



USEFUL AND HANDSOME SOFA.

its brother talents, a neutral ground where every hobby makes room for his neighbor.

A neutral ground. That is the keynote. And neutrality combines simplicity with diplomacy, comfort and good taste.

It should be simplicity itself because a cluttered room, whether it be the clutter of too many designs and colors in rugs, wall paper, hangings or wood-work or an endless conglomeration of

furniture and bric-a-brac, is never attractive nor restful. An empty space is far better than an ugly, useless piece of furniture, and this also applies to ornaments. A simply furnished room should be able to stand the "homely" disorder which is bound to take place in a home of varied activities and tastes. Open, half-read books, tumbled cushions, magazines and newspapers, sheets of music, bits of sewing and the masculine touch of a pipe or two contribute its greatest attraction—"the home atmosphere."

The living room should be comfortable and restful to mind, eye and body with solid, well made furniture, carefully placed and shaded lights, soft neutral tinted walls, low-toned rugs and hangings, never so intricate nor conspicuous in design or color that they create restlessness by torturing the eye of the beholder. Easily accessible books, a capacious desk or writing table and a sofa designed for use and equipped with cushions for use and not for show. No cushion has an excuse for being save the one with an easily laundered cover against which the head can rest without the uneasy feeling that possibly you may be soiling it or with the still more disturbing feeling that it may be already in that condition.

The sofa pictured here was in a room which had been recently finished over. All the pieces were of walnut and were reupholstered in a tapestry in which the predominating shade was a brown a trifle lighter than the walnut framework and was figured with brownish leaves like the soft brown often seen when oak trees have donned their autumnal coloring. The cushions were all of washable materials in the same tints.

### A Composite Church.

While there are many beautiful churches, it is an old saying that the choir of Beauvais, the nave of Amiens, the portal of Rheims and the towers of Chartres would together make the loveliest church in the world. The glass in the great windows of nave and transept at Rheims was one of its greatest charms. Almost all of it was made at the time when such work was most beautiful.

# OWES HER LIFE TO "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

## Cured Both Stomach Trouble and Headaches

PALMERSTON, ONT., JUNE 20th, 1913.

"I really believe that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-tives'. Ever since childhood, I have been under the care of physicians and have been paying doctor's bills. I was so sick and worn out that people on the street often asked me if I thought I could get along without help. The same old Stomach Trouble and distressing Headaches nearly drove me wild. Sometime ago, I got a box of 'Fruit-a-tives' and the first box did me good. My husband was delighted and advised a continuation of their use."

Today, I am feeling fine, and a physician meeting me on the street, noticed my improved appearance and asked the reason. I replied, "I am taking Fruit-a-tives". He said, "Well, if Fruit-a-tives are making you look so well, go ahead and take them. They are doing more for you than I can".

MRS. H. S. WILLIAMS.

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

### Scared, but No Coward.

"You look scared, Lieutenant," said the coarse grained fellow in the ranks to an intelligent young officer as the regiment was ordered to charge.

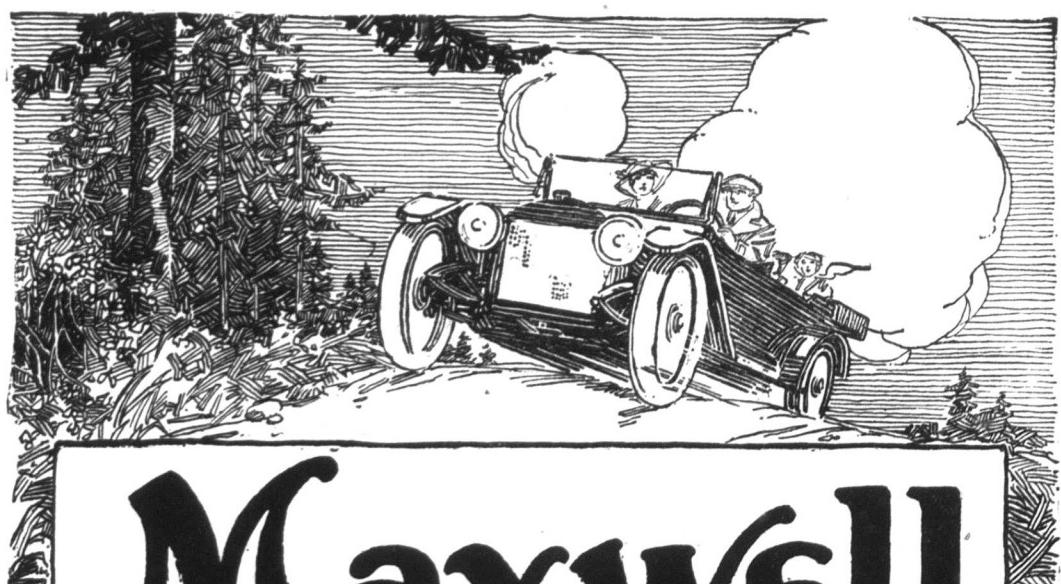
"I am scared," was the frank reply. "If you were half as scared as I am you would be on the run five miles in the rear."—Boston Transcript.

### A Foolish Theft.

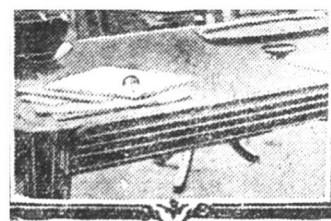
"You are charged with going through the pockets of a man who hired your taxicab."

"Guilty, your honor."

"A very foolish robbery. Why weren't you content to get his money in the usual manner?"—Pittsburgh Post.



LAMP SHADE FOR DEN.



LAMP SHADE FOR DEN.

sign as similar as possible to the wall or drapery. Of course, the large lacy cretonne patterns could not be satisfactorily reproduced on chintz even though the cretonne itself could be bordered with lace and used for vers, but a flower design from the iss on the cretonne could be used. But even with all these preparations r room will be incomplete without proper shade for her lamp. It may a kerosene, gas or electric lamp, it ty be a tall piano lamp, as shown in illustration, but whatever she may ose or have thrust upon her in a hting way must be properly shaded, upon this depends the success of r room after lamplight.

The lamp shade in the illustration made on a wire frame, which can bought in almost any fancy workop. Rose colored cretonne, with an ercovering of dotted muslin, was ed in its development. First the tonne was stretched plainly upon frame, and then the muslin was irred over the cretonne. Flowered tonne without the covering could be d, as the girl with a talent for this t of thing will soon discover as she periments.

Candle shades may be made in the ne way, and bits of all over lace may used for a covering instead of the slin.

#### NEW FABRICS.

The vogue of the ruffled dress has ned the tide of the popular embroi red volles, and instead of the heavy dered fabrics of other years there daintier patterns of flowers in silk cotton scattered not too closely over ite or delicately colored grounds and quant as the blooms from an old honed nosegay.

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That woman won't take either side the social dispute until she is reably sure which one is going to. "She's a cat!"  
Ah, then that accounts for her be on the fence!"

**The Drawback.**  
Elsie says there was only one draw back to her wedding."  
What was that?"  
She says her father looked too erful when he gave her away.—Ex inga.

**Maxwell**

*New 1915 Model*

**\$925**

**17 New Features**

**The biggest automobile value ever offered for less than \$1,400.**

A powerful, fast, silent and sweet running full-grown 5-passenger, really beautiful and fully equipped family automobile.

High tension magneto, sliding gear transmission, left hand center control, anti-skid tires on rear, full stream-line body.

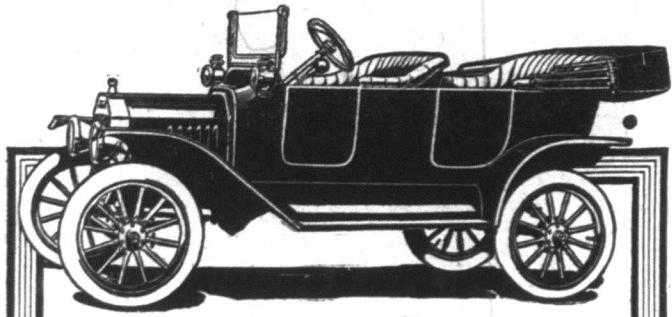
The car that has practically every high priced car feature. The car that is the sensation of the whole automobile world.

**Holds the road at 50 miles an hour.**

With electric **starter and electric lights \$70 extra.**

**C. A. WISEMAN, Agent,**  
John Street, - Napanee.

# YOUR KING AND COUNTRY



## Ford Touring Car Price \$590

No advance in the price of the "Made in Canada" Ford will be made because of the 7½% War Tariff. We as loyal Canadians will gladly absorb whatever increased duty we are forced to pay on such raw materials as cannot be obtained at home. The Ford is manufactured in Canada—not assembled in Canada.

The Ford Runabout is \$540; the Town car \$840; the Coupelet \$850; the Sedan \$1150—all fully equipped, f. o. b. Ford, Ont. Ford buyers will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915. New models on exhibition at

**W. J. NORMILE'S  
SHOW ROOMS, - NAPANEE**



## Seeds! Seeds!

- Garden Seeds.
- Sugar Beet Seeds.
- Mangel Seeds.
- Onion Sets.
- All Good Fresh Stock.

Highest price paid for Eggs.  
Cash or trade.

**FRANK H. PERRY.**  
Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel  
Phone 180.

**F. W. SMITH,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.*  
Smith's Jewellery Store,  
Napanee.

### East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class workmen; cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

### Painting.

If you are thinking of painting and have not used Lowe Brothers' High Standard paint, try the paint with blue flag, at BOYLE & SON'S.

### Notice.

All calf buyers coming through the Township of Adolphustown must have racks on their waggons or law will be enforced.

Adolphustown Woman's Institute  
April 16th, 1915.

### 200 Calves Wanted.

To ship on Monday, April 26th.  
Will pay from 4 to 7 cts. delivered at  
G. T. Ry. yards, Napanee.

FRED WILSON.

Telephone, 223.

20-a

### GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

Sunday, April 25th.  
9.30 a.m.—Class service, led by Mr. D. Davis.

10.30 a.m.—Morning worship. Miss Bessie Irwin, of the Deaconess Training School, in Toronto, will speak.  
11.45—Sunday School and Bible classes.

6 p.m.—A class service for those who have recently given themselves to Christ.

7 p.m.—Evening service. This will be ladies night. The choir, ushers, etc., will be ladies. Subject of the sermon: "The Mission of Women." The services promise to be one of unusual interest.

Monday, 6.30 p.m.—A banquet will be served for all the members of the League. Every member of the Young People's Society urged to be present.

Wednesday, 8 p. m.—The general prayer and praise service. The service will be preparatory to the sacramental service of the following Sunday morning.

### Farmers.

Our car of wire has arrived. Get our prices. All styles. Now is the time to buy as prices are going up.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

### FREE! FREE!

We will give a prize of \$5.00 in gold for the best amateur print made on Velox, between April 15th and October 1st, 1915. WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

### Children's Clothing.

The Children's Aid Society would be glad to receive any cast-off clothing suitable for children. Articles may be given to Mrs. L. J. Corkhill, Mrs. Dr. Wartman, Mrs. E. Wilson or Mrs. R. G. H. Travers.

### Hogs Wanted.

Messrs. Hamby & Hall will ship hogs on Tuesday, April 27th, 1915. Will pay highest market price, but will not accept any hogs weighing under 150 lbs.

J. W. HALL,  
C. W. HAMBY.

### Belgian Relief.

The Napanee Civilian Rifle Association desires to acknowledge the following subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund to date—Mrs. H. M. Wagar, \$1.00; Mr. and Mrs. John Dunwoodie, Kingsford, Ont., \$20.00; W. C. Smith \$5.00; Total, \$26.00.

W. J. SHANNON,  
Treasurer.  
Napanee, April 21st, 1915.

### LADIES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The report for the squad shooting for the past two weeks is as follows:

Apr. 8th, Squad 1—Average 50; Mrs. H. Scott.

Squad 3—Average 41; Mrs. F. Allison, 49.

### 47th REGIMENT

## Recruits Wanted

### FOR INFANTRY FOR OVER SEAS SERVICE

**Pay and subsistence from the date of enlistment \$1.85 per day.**

**Apply to**  
**G. P. REIFFENSTEIN**  
Lieutenant,  
Dominion Bank, Napanee

**C. M. STRATTON,**  
Lieut. A. M.

### ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister.  
Rev. Dr. Torrance, of Kingston, preaches morning and evening.

There will be a meeting of the congregation after the morning service.

### Milk cans.

Our cans have stood the test of over 1915 can be better than ever.

MADOLE HARDWARE

### Private Sale.

Mrs. Ida Dinner is offering for all her house-hold effects at the half price of her father, Jas. G. Moore, Ross Street, Napanee.

### To-Night's Lecture.

The people of Napanee will have rare opportunity of hearing Prof. Squair, one of the best men on staff of the University of Toronto lectures at Historical Hall to-night. "France and the French People" should appreciate the work of Historical Society in bringing to high grade lectures to Napanee.

### BOOKS, BOOKS.

Jas. Gordon expects to soon go on his regular trips through the country. In the meantime, he will go to lessens his stock and will sell reduced prices. There are still great bargains left in the remains of Rev. A. McDonald's library, and see them.

### NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR.

Peter Pappas, the pop corn man this week put in a fine new

F. W. SMITH,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.*  
Smith's Jewellery Store,  
20-3-m Napanee.

FRED CHINNECK  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES  
Chinneck's Jewellery Store  
Next Wallace's Drug Store  
Napanee  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.* 39

JOHN T. GRANGE  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES  
Grange Block, John Street,  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.*

For putting paper on walls use stick  
fast paste powder—You get it at  
Hooper's.

The regular meeting of the W.C.T.U. will be held at the board room of the Public Library on Tuesday afternoon, April 27th, at 3 o'clock.

Formaldhyde, full strength, as recommended by Agricultural Office, for treating grain and seed potatoes, for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

Karl Kessler, a German suspect, was placed in Fort Henry, Kingston, Monday. He came to Kingston from Montreal two months ago and joined the mounted infantry for overseas service. He was discharged and came to Napanee, where he enlisted with the 47th Regiment. He was observed taking apparently too much interest in the bridge at Napanee, over which the railway passes, and was taken into custody.

Save the horses by using the Langford Collar. Needs no sweat. All sizes. Price \$1.75.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.



## NEW SUITS

AT

\$15.00

New Serves. New Worsteds. New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.  
Napanee Ont.

enforced.

Adolphustown Woman's Institute  
April 16th, 1915.

## 200 Calves Wanted.

To ship on Monday, April 26th. Will pay from 4 to 7 cts. delivered at G. T. Ry. yards, Napanee.

FRED WILSON.

Telephone, 220.

\$5.00; Total, \$26.00.

W. J. SHANNON.

Treasurer.

Napanee, April 21st, 1915.

## LADIES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The report for the squad shooting for the past two weeks is as follows: Apr. 8th, Squad 1—Average 50; Mrs. H. Scott.

Squad 3—Average 41; Mrs. F. Allison, 49.

Apr. 13th, Squad 2—Average 40; Miss Allingford, 58.

Squad 4—Average 35; Mrs. W. B. Taylor, 38; Miss W. Chinneck, 38.

Apr. 15th, Squad 1—Average 57; Mrs. H. Scott, 60.

Squad 2—Average 30; Miss E. Berlin, 49.

Apr. 20th, Squad 2—Average 40; Miss M. Wilson, 51.

Squad 4—Average 40; Miss H. Leonard, 48.

Don't buy your Paint until you see our samples. Floor Paints that dry hard and glossy, and pretty shades in blue, green, and grey for woodwork. Also murexine, alabastine, Campbell's varnish stains, paint brushes, sticks, fast etc., for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

## FIRE NEAR ODESSA.

While Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton were selling produce at Kingston on Saturday, their home, one and one-half miles east of Odessa, was burned to the ground and only a few small articles were saved by the children who were left behind. It is thought the fire originated from a defective chimney and considerable headway was made by the blaze before the children noticed it. As soon as they did they started in to rescue the household effects at first, not thinking of the little child who lay sleeping up stairs.

Amid all the smoke, the oldest of the children groped her way to the top of the burning house and rescued the slumbering child from death. No sooner had the child and baby gotten down stairs than the roof caved in crashing down through a portion of the lower flat. Neighbors who had been attracted lent a helping hand and kept the flames from spreading. It is reported that there was no insurance on the house.

That pure Licorice in the large stick, the kind you bought when a boy—you get it at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

## W.C.T.U. Items.

Chicago's new garbage plant is making a profit of \$2,000 a month for the city over and above expenses. It is also giving good service, under the charge of the health department. Before the women of Chicago got the ballot and tackled the garbage problem, the city had to pay \$4,000 a month for most unsatisfactory service. Then mountains of garbage used to be in the hot sun, filling the air with stench, for a mile around. Now no garbage is unloaded in the open air. It is brought to the plant in iron boxes, which are picked up by big electric cranes and emptied into the top of the concrete and still receiving house, and there it goes instantly to huge dryers. In addition to the enormous saving of health and comfort, there is a money saving of about \$6,000 a month—thanks to the women voters.—A.S.B. in Woman's Century.

Will the W.C.T.U. canvassers please return the signed petitions to Mrs. O. N. Rockwell at their earliest convenience.

The Boyle Bottom milk can is growing in popularity fast. We also sell and make the one-piece roll rim bottom. Best milk cans made in Canada, BOYLE & SONS.

Jas. Gordon expects to soon start his regular trips through country. In the meantime, he will to less his stock and will sell reduced prices. There are still so great bargains left in the remains of Rev. A. McDonald's library. C and see them.

## NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR.

Peter Pappas, the pop corn man this week put in a fine new self-service fountain, with all the accessories for serving ice cream and soft drinks. Peter's patrons can be assured that everything will be clean and tasty. Pay him a visit and what a fine up-to-date ice cream parlor and candy store he has.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH  
Services at St. Mary Magdalene Church:

Friday, April 23rd.

5 p.m.—Litany and Intercession (the Chapel).

Sunday, April 25th, St. Mark

Day—8 a.m.—Holy Communion.

10.30 a.m.—Morning Prayer.

Argyll Lodge, No. 212 and Nance Lodge, No. 86 I. O. O. F. w attend this service.

7 p.m.—Evening Prayer.

Farmers save your young cattle using Blackleg Vaccine—You get it right kind at Hooper's—Napane Largest Drug Store.

## SEED FOR SALE.

The Agricultural Office have issued a list of seed for sale by farmers the County. This list may be had free on application. A sample each man's seed is kept, and mailed with the Government Grade. Sales must be made direct between the buyer and seller, as these samples are kept for reference only. To obtain this list of seed for sale, call the Agricultural Office, or write G. B. Curran, Napane.

## THE BEST VARNISH.

For hardwood floors, woodwork, linoleum, furniture, etc. There nothing quite as good as Campbell's varnish, because it dries harder, no gloss, and will not turn white with water. For sale at WALLACE DRUG STORE LIMITED.

## Latest Patterns and Weaves in

## Suitings

and

## Trouserings

for

## Spring Wear.

Fashioned to your liking in the Latest Styles.

## High Grade Trimmings

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napane.

# COUNTRY STILL NEED YOU

**7th REGIMENT**

## Recruits Wanted

**FOR INFANTRY FOR OVER-  
SEAS SERVICE**

ly and subsistence from  
the date of enlistment  
1.85 per day.

Apply to  
**G. P. REIFFENSTEIN,**  
Lieutenant,  
Dominion Bank, Napanee.

**C. M. STRATTON,**  
Lieut. A. M. C.,

## ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN)

J. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister  
ev. Dr. Torrance, of Kingston, will  
each morning and evening.  
here will be a meeting of the con-  
gregation after the morning service.

Our cans have stood the test and  
1915 can be better than ever.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

late Sale.  
Mrs. Ida Dinner is offering for sale,  
her house-hold effects at the home  
of her father, Jas. G. Moore, Robert  
Street, Napanee.

Night's Lecture.  
The people of Napanee will have the  
opportunity of hearing Prof. John  
Fair, one of the best men on the  
staff of the University of Toronto,  
lecture at Historical Hall to-night on  
"The French People." We  
would appreciate the work of the  
lectrical Society in bringing these  
1 grade lectures to Napanee.

KS. BOOKS.  
Mr. Gordon expects to soon start  
his regular trips through the  
country. In the meantime, he wishes  
to sell his stock and will sell at  
fixed prices. There are still some  
bargains left in the remainder  
of A. McDonald's library. Call  
see them.

ICE CREAM PARLOR.  
Mr. Pappas, the pop corn man,  
has put in a fine new soda  
fountain, with all the accessories.

## TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

Sunday, April 25th.

9.45—Class meeting.

10.30—The pastor, topic, "The Influence of Christianity in the Life."

11.45—Sunday School and Bible Class.

7 p.m.—Miss Bessie Irwin, a prominent Toronto Deaconess, will speak on the work of the Deaconess Society. Be sure and hear Miss Irwin.

Young People's Association Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

Sunday, May 2nd, will be "Go-to-Church Sunday." "Forsake not the assembling of yourselves together."

## PERSONALS

Mr. T. B. German was in Kingston on Tuesday.

Mrs. C. M. Warner and Miss Elizabeth are expected home on Saturday.

Miss Vivian Hamby has volunteered for service with the Canadian nurses in France.

Miss Bessie Irwin, Deaconess of Toronto, who speaks in Trinity Church Sunday evening, is a clever platform speaker. Be sure and hear her on the important work of the Deaconess Society. Mrs. Howard will sing Sunday evening in Trinity Church.

Dr. R. C. Cartwright was in Kingston on Monday.

Mrs. James Daly, who has been spending the winter in Buffalo, N. Y., returns to Napanee this week.

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman was in Deseronto this week, attending the meeting of the Bay of Quinte Church Union.

Miss Marjorie Gibson, ill of scarlet fever in Toronto General hospital, is reported improving nicely.

Miss Bessie Irwin, deaconess of Toronto, will speak in Grace Church on Sunday Morning. Miss Irwin is generally regarded as a most interesting platform speaker.

On Sunday evening next, the pastor of Grace Church will speak especially to the women of this congregation. The music will be rendered of a ladies choir.

Miss A. L. Cowan, will be the guest of her great-great aunt, Mrs. Harriet Clute, Deseronto, who celebrates her ninetieth birthday on Sunday.

Mrs. F. P. Douglas, underwent an operation in Kingston general hospital, on Wednesday morning, and is doing as well as could be expected.

Messrs. J. B. Allison and Fred Haggerty went to Hamilton on Thursday, to bring down a new Overland auto.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Vanslyck are improving slowly.

Messrs. H. A. Daly, W. C. Smith, J. S. Hain, A. L. Howard, M. P. Reiffenstein, Jas. Fitzpatrick, J. H. S. Derry, Dr. R. A. Leonard and Dr. Cartwright attended the funeral of

## RUPTURE EXPERT HERE

**Seeley, Who Fitted Czar of Russia,  
Called to Kingston.**

F. H. Seeley of Chicago and Philadelphia, the noted truss expert, will be at the New Randolph Hotel and will remain in Kingston this Tuesday only, April 27th. Mr. Seeley says: "The Spermatic Shield as now used and approved by the United States Government will not only retain any case of rupture perfectly, affording immediate and complete relief, but closes the opening in 10 days on the average case. This instrument received the only award in England and in Spain, producing results without surgery, harmful injections, medical treatments or prescriptions. Mr. Seeley has documents from the United States Government, Washington, D. C. for inspector. All charity cases without charge, or if any interested call he will be glad to show same without charge or fit them if desired. Any one ruptured should remember the date and take advantage of this opportunity.

## OUR HOME FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

### THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

Owing to the increased business of The Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Co., its Board of Directors, at their April meeting, appointed as agent for Ernesttown and South Fredericksburgh, Mr. Henry Creighton, formerly of South Fredericksburgh.

The Board also passed a by-law to include, when insuring, all contents of dwelling in one sum, the Lennox and Addington Mutual is, therefore, handing out a policy to its patrons, blanketing all household effects, blanketing implements in all buildings on the farm, and blanketing live stock in any building or anywhere on the farm or going to or from the market.

Patronize our home institution, deal with men of your own class, in your own home town. Easy payments with rates as good as the best.

### Cut by Friends.

**Fuddy**—Did you hear of the terrible accident that happened to Dauby? His injuries were so serious that his most intimate friends were unable to recognize him. **Duddy**—Terrible accident? Railway collision? Motor smash? **Fuddy**—Worse. He has lost all his money.—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Real Gratitude.

**First Little Lamb**—How grateful we should be for the wool which covers us. **Second Little Lamb**—I return thanks every day for mine. Without our wool how could those affectionate human beings who eat us keep warm?—Wisconsin State Journal.

## MEATS

We Have

**THE VERY CHOICEST  
WESTERN BEEF**

**None Better has ever  
been brought to  
Napanee**

**SPRING LAMB.** **VEAL.**

**Fresh Cucumbers,  
Lettuce, Radishes,  
and Tomatoes**

**Scrimshaw & Mills**

'Phone 215

T. SCRIMSHAW. F. MILLS.

45-47

## Painting and Paperhanging

### WE DO

Outside Painting, Paperhanging,  
Sign Painting,  
Gold Leaf and White Enamel  
Letters.

Interior Finishing and Floor  
Polishing.

None but Best Quality  
Supplies Used.

## McCABE & SHAVER,

Telephone 147

Agents for — BRANDRAM-HENDERSON PAINTS.

## Monuments!

All Kinds at MOST Reasonable Prices at

**The Napanee Marble &  
Granite Works**

**J. W. ASHTON, Prop.**

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

Opposite Campbell House,

**NAPANEE.**

Mr. Gordon expects to soon start his regular trips through the country. In the meantime, he wishes lessers his stock and will sell at reduced prices. There are still some eat bargains left in the remainder. Rev. A. McDonald's library. Call and see them.

#### ICE CREAM PARLOR.

Peter Pappas, the pop corn man, is week put in a fine new soda fountain, with all the accessories for serving ice cream and soft drinks. Peter's patrons can be assured that everything will be clean and tasty. Pay him a visit and see at a fine up-to-date ice cream parlor and candy store he has.

MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH Services at S. Mary Magdalene church:

Friday, April 23rd.  
3 p.m.—Litany and Intercession (in Chapel).

Sunday, April 25th. St. Mark's Day—8 a.m.—Holy Communion.  
10:30 a.m.—Morning Prayer.  
Argyll Lodge, No. 212 and Napsey Lodge, No. 86 I. O. O. F. will end this service.  
p.m.—Evening Prayer.

Farmers save your young cattle by Blackleg Vaccine—You get the best kind at Hooper's—Napanee's largest Drug Store.

#### SEED FOR SALE.

The Agricultural Office have issued list of seed for sale by farmers in County. This list may be had on application. A sample of each man's seed is kept, and marked with the Government Grade. All sales must be made direct between buyer and seller, as these samples are kept for reference only. To obtain this list of seed for sale, call at Agricultural Office, or write Mr. B. Curran, Napanee. 14-tf

#### THE BEST VARNISH.

For hardwood floors, woodwork, oleum, furniture, etc. There is nothing quite as good as Campbell's varnish, because it dries harder, more quickly, and will not turn white with age. For sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

**Latest Patterns and Weaves in Suitings and Trouserings for Spring Wear.**  
Fashioned to your liking in the Latest Styles.

#### High Grade Trimmings

JAMES WALTERS,  
Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

Mrs. F. F. Douglas, underwent an operation in Kingston general hospital, on Wednesday morning, and is doing as well as could be expected.

Messrs. J. B. Allison and Fred Haggerty went to Hamilton on Thursday, to bring down a new Overland auto.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Vanslyck are improving slowly.

Messrs. H. A. Daly, W. C. Smith, J. S. Hamm, A. L. Howard, M. P. Reiffenstein, Jas. Fitzpatrick, J. H. S. Derry, Dr. R. A. Leonard and Dr. Cartwright attended the funeral of the late Capt. Forin, in Belleville on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Dusty leaves on Tuesday next for Toronto for a few days, after which she will go to New York.

Miss Fitzpatrick, Brockville, spent the week end the guest of Mrs. A. S. Kimmerly.

Mrs. Earl Vanalstine, and baby of Winnipeg, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalstine.

Mr. J. S. Madill is spending the week in Peterborough.

Mrs. C. Zoellner returns to her home in Toronto to-day. Her mother, Mrs. Frizzell, will accompany her.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Killoran left on Tuesday for their home in Truxton, Sask., after visiting Mr. Jas. Killoran.

Mrs. Corliss, Mrs. Fuller, Mrs. McGregor, Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. Gordon, Miss Gordon, Mrs. Switzer, Mrs. Conway, Miss Conway, Miss A. Preston, Miss B. Wilson, attended the meeting of the Presbyterian Woman's Missionary Society, in Kingston, on Wednesday.

#### DEATHS

VALLEAU—At Selby, on Monday, April 19th, 1915. Amanda P. Valleur, aged 67 years, 5 months 1 day.

Rexall Red Cedar Flakes, the best moth destroyer known—15c. per package, at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

#### USE VANLUVEN'S COAL.

Because it is economical and burns satisfactorily under all weather conditions, is easily regulated to minimum or maximum heat.

#### Selby Circuit.

Rev. E. B. Cooke, Pastor.  
Empy Hill, 10:30 a.m.  
Mount Pleasant, 2:30 p.m.  
Selby, 7:30 p.m.  
Rev. Jas. T. Robeson, Shannonville, will preach (D.V.) at each service.

#### HISTORICAL LECTURE TO-NIGHT.

We are at war with Germany and one of our Allies in the war is France. How much do our people know of France? We have a general idea as to the size of the country, but do not know of their domestic life, the way they live in their time, what kind of railway trains they have or how they feel about us. Prof. Squair's lecture on "France and the French People" at the Historical Hall meeting to-night will tell you.

#### POULTRY AND CHICKENS.

M. B. Mills has started a poultry exchange on Centre street, where he will be prepared to buy for cash your chickens and other poultry alive. This is the best way to dispose of your extra stock, as you get your money when you bring the birds in and save yourself the trouble of plucking, and the risk of loosing in shipping. Starve birds 12 hours and bring in before Friday each week.

Table fowl supplied on order.

money.—Philadelphia Ledger.

#### Real Gratitude.

First Little Lamb—How grateful we should be for the wool which covers us. Second Little Lamb—I return thanks every day for mine. Without our wool how could those affectionate human beings who eat us keep warm?—Wisconsin State Journal.

#### Table Manners.

Some folks don't believe flints were once used as table knives because they can't see how the stone age man ever got one of them in his mouth.—Washington Post.

#### Naturally.

"The critics say this prima donna has a voice of velvet."

"Yes; that's where her pile comes from."—Baltimore American.

All Kinds at MOST Reasonable Prices at

## The Napanee Marble & Granite Works

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

Opposite Campbell House,

NAPANEE.

33-3m.

## NEW BARBER SHOP LOUCKS BROS.

Corner Dundas and East Streets,  
Brisco House Block.

Call and see us. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hair Cut 15c. Neck Shave Free



## Why Not Telephone?

If you telephone him first you may not have to go at all!

If you would just remember to observe this rule of first using the Long Distance Telephone, you would save yourself and your staff many tiresome trips, unnecessary disappointments and much expense.

Many progressive business houses have found that by a systematic and persistent use of the Long Distance Telephone travelling expense can be reduced anywhere from 20 to 80 per cent.

Why not adopt this principle in your business? Telephone first! Try to figure out where the Long Distance Telephone can save you precious time!

"Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station."

**The Bell Telephone Co.  
of Canada.**



Roses, 25 cents per dozen, Saturday, at Hooper's.